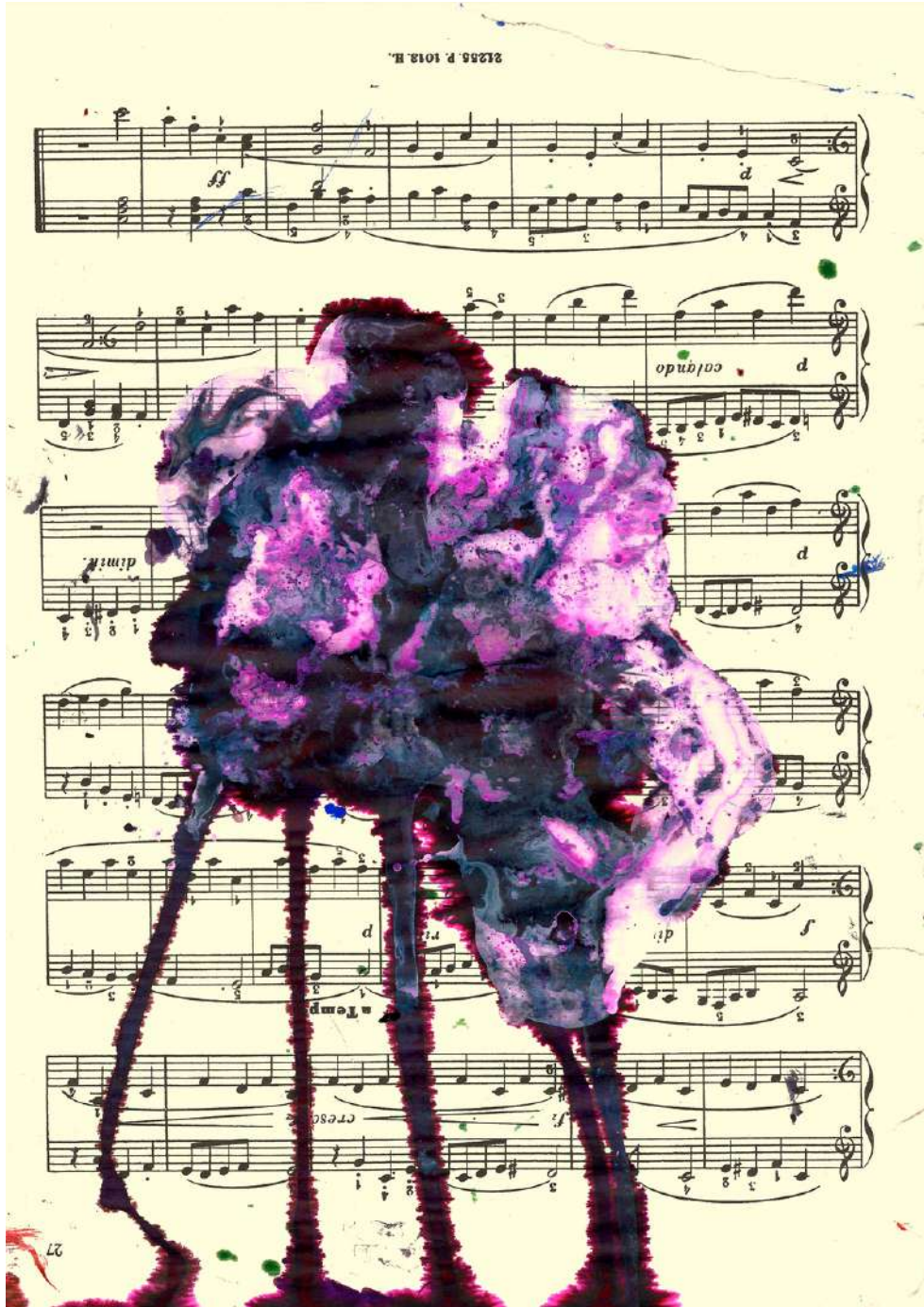
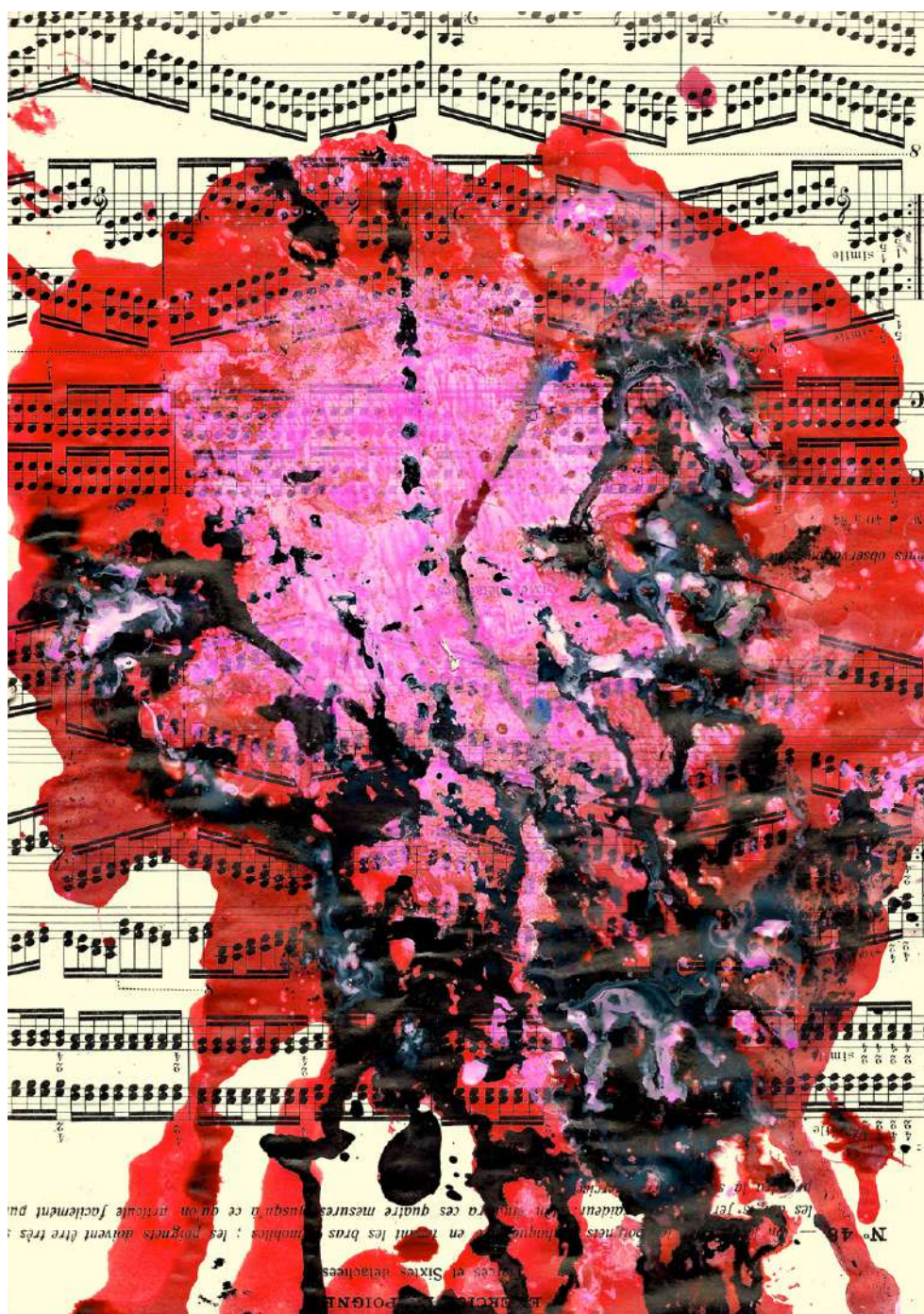


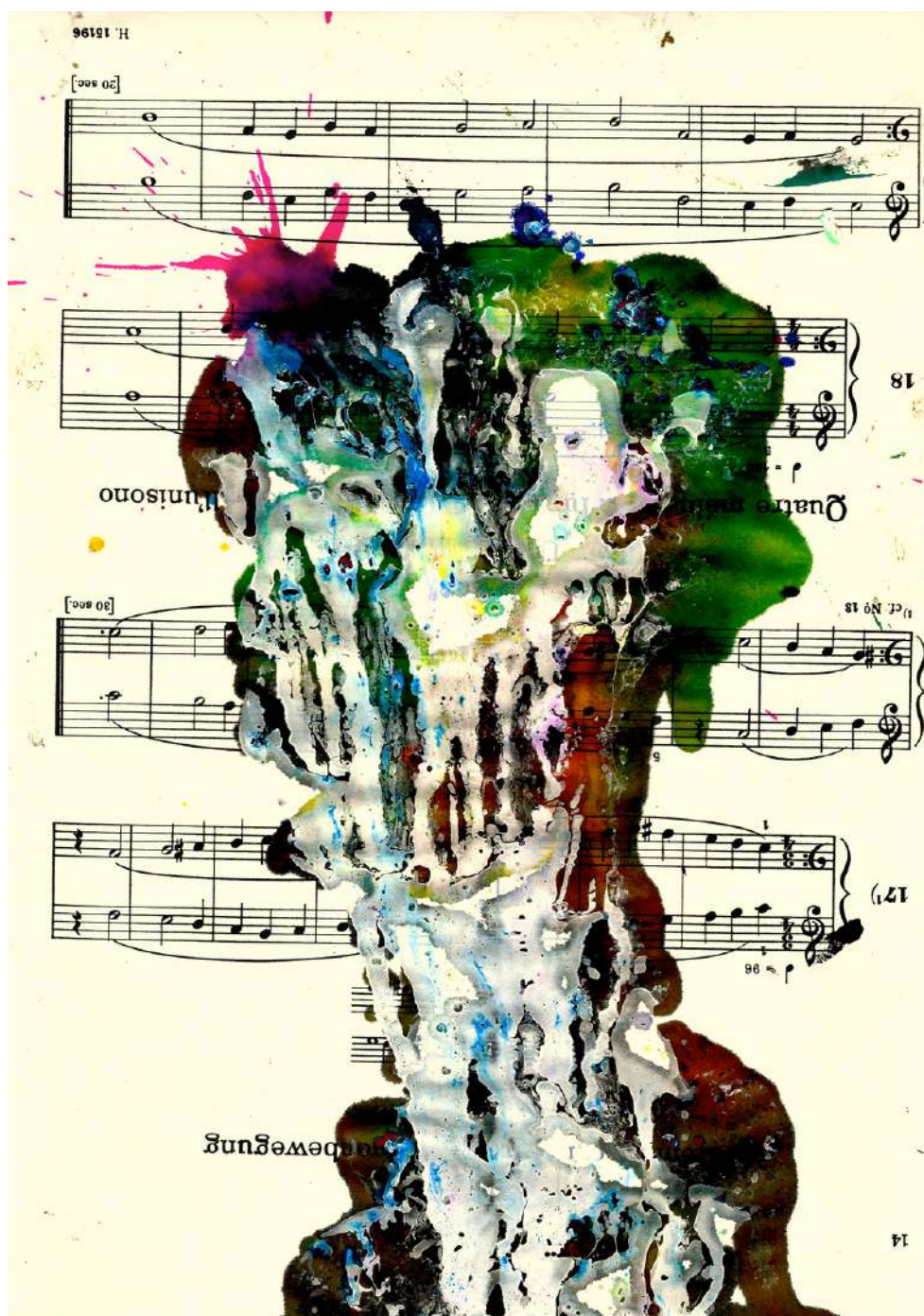
Olafur Anthead

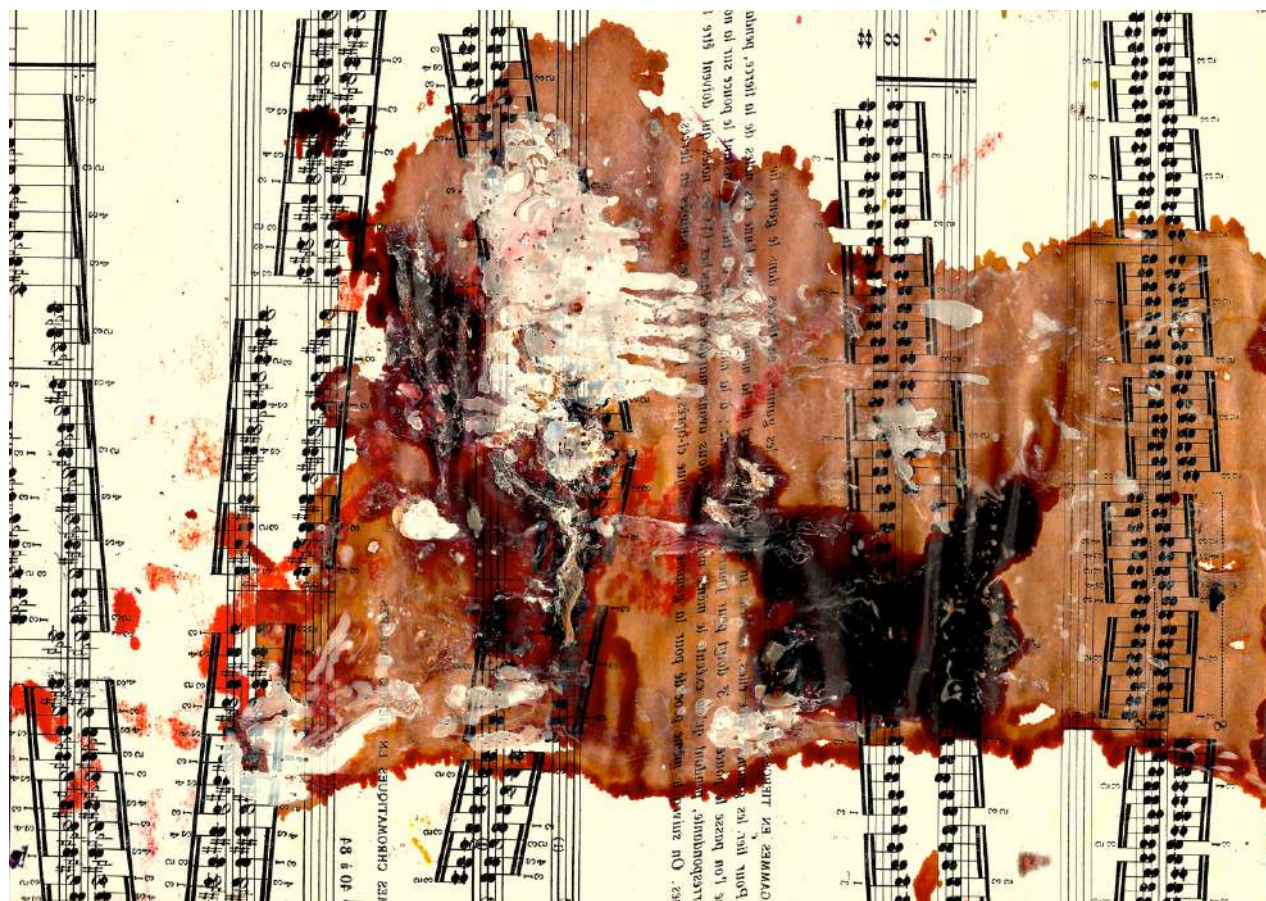
CUADERNOS DE ANATOMÍA

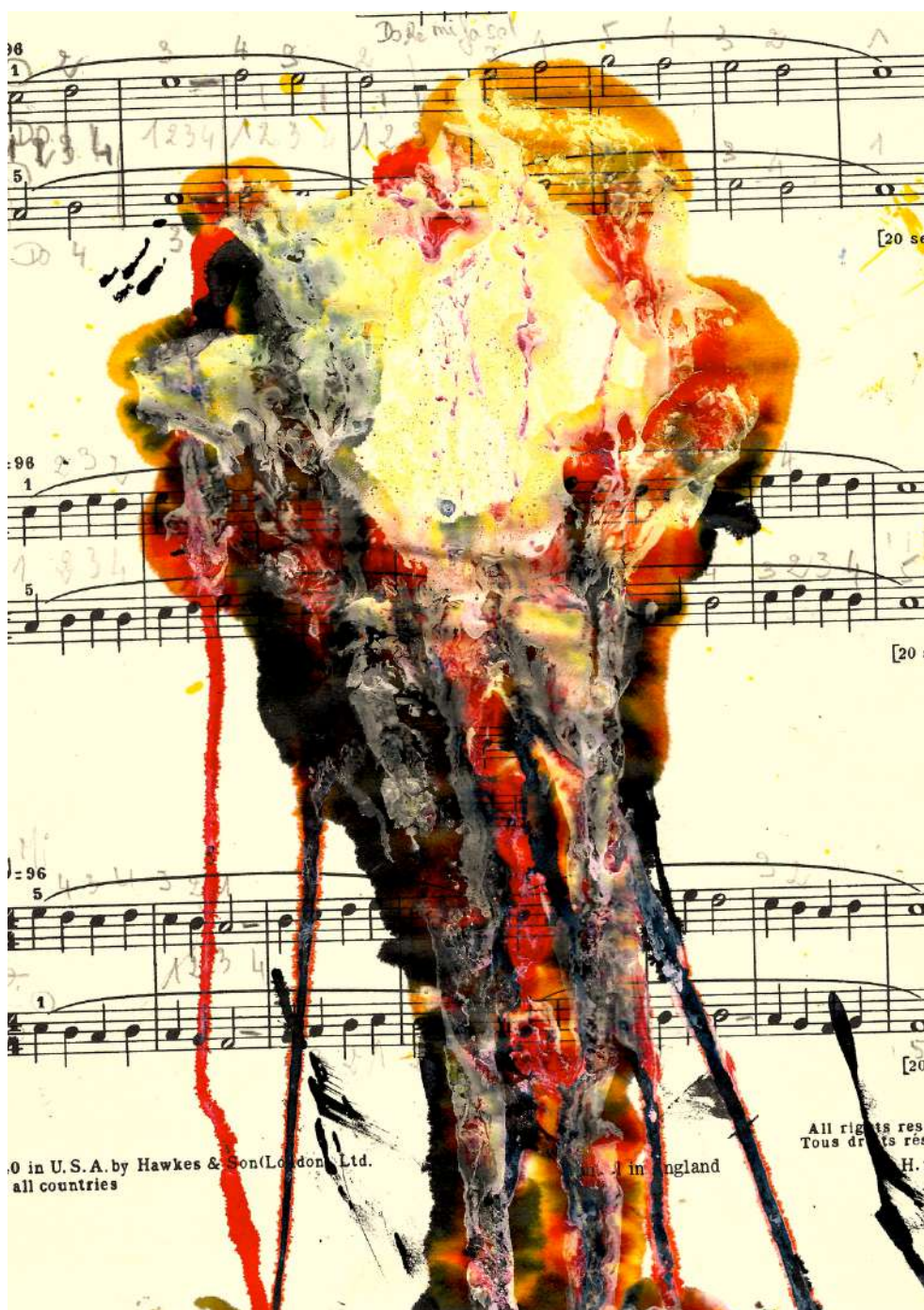


TOMO II





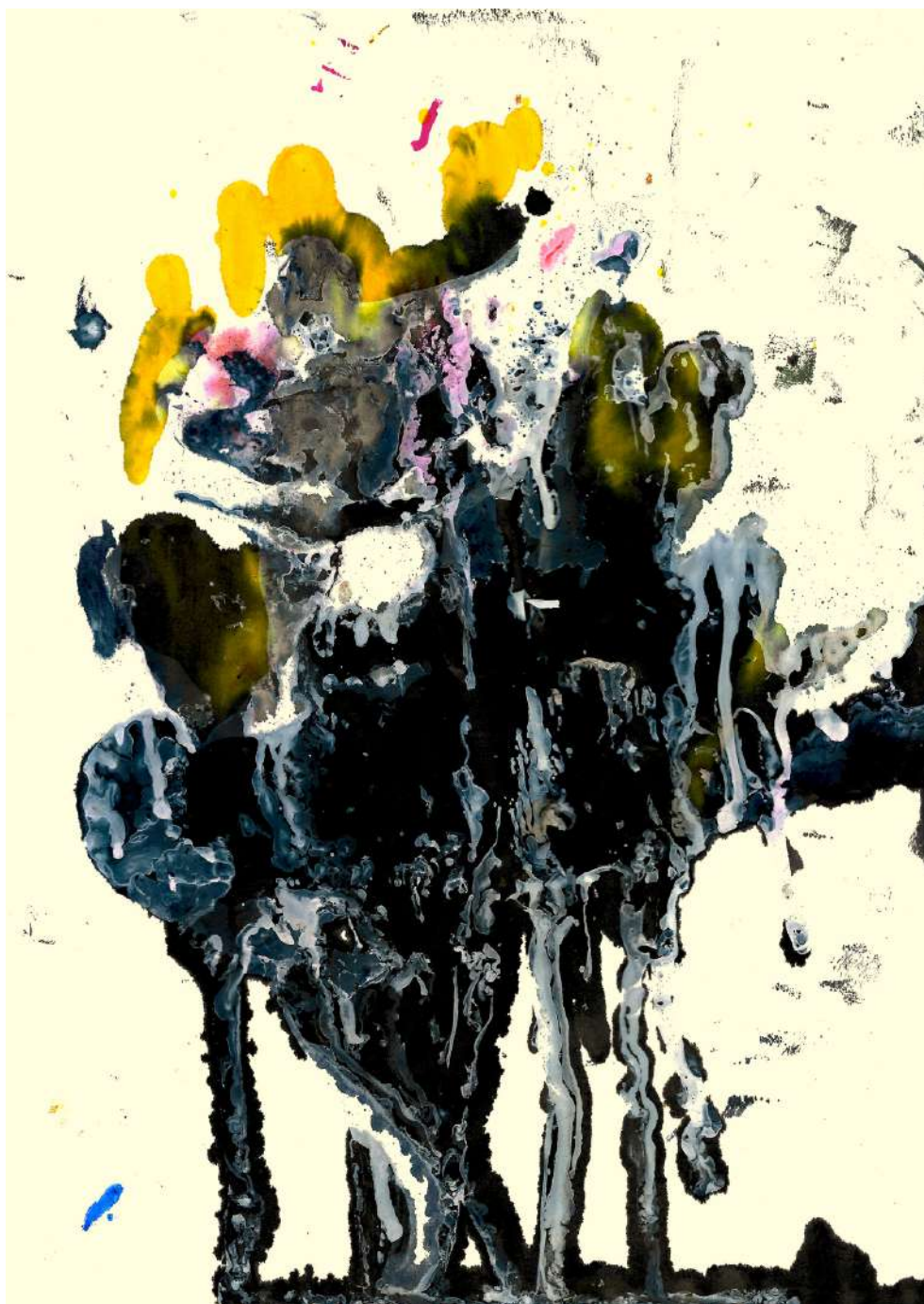




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H.1

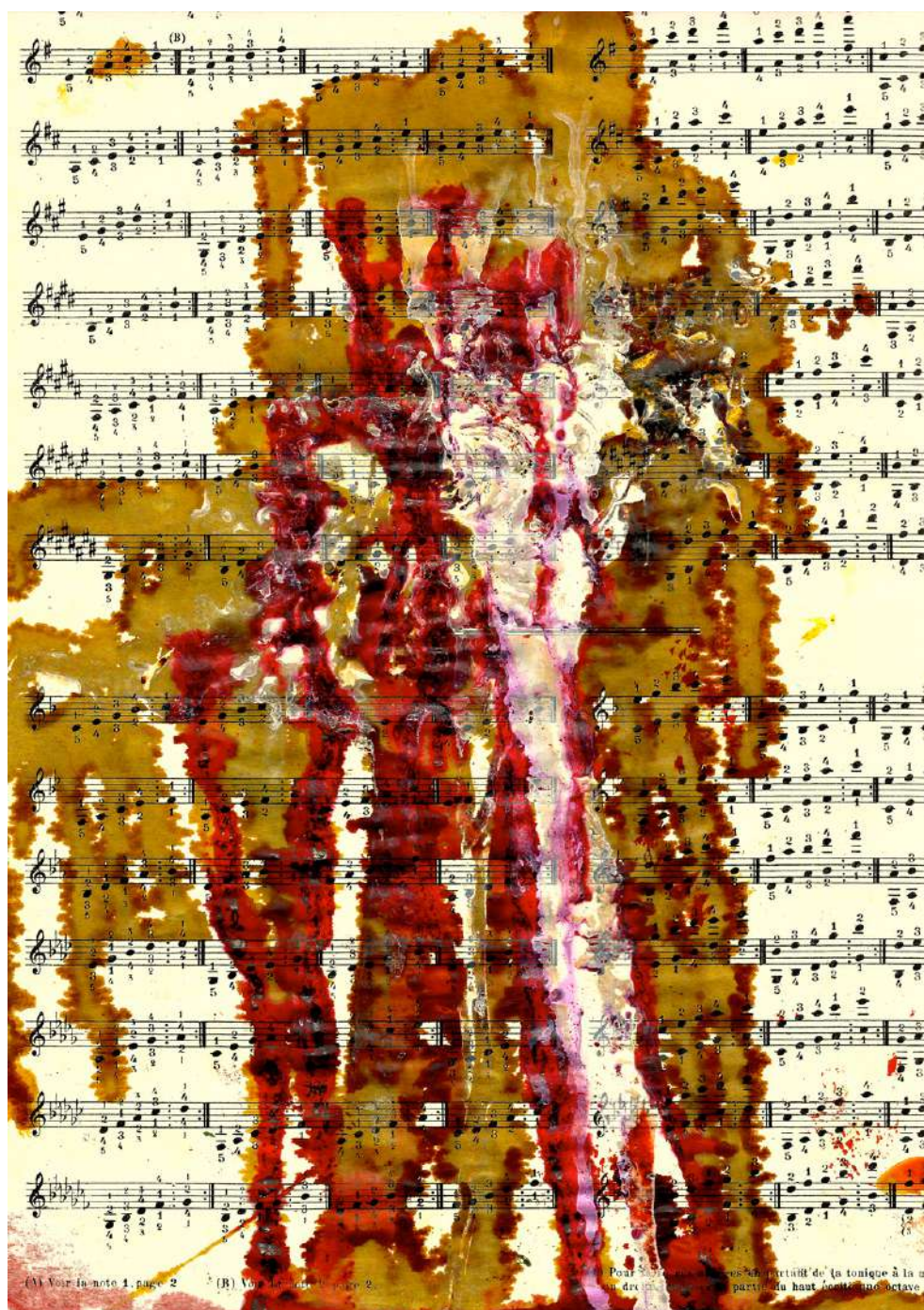








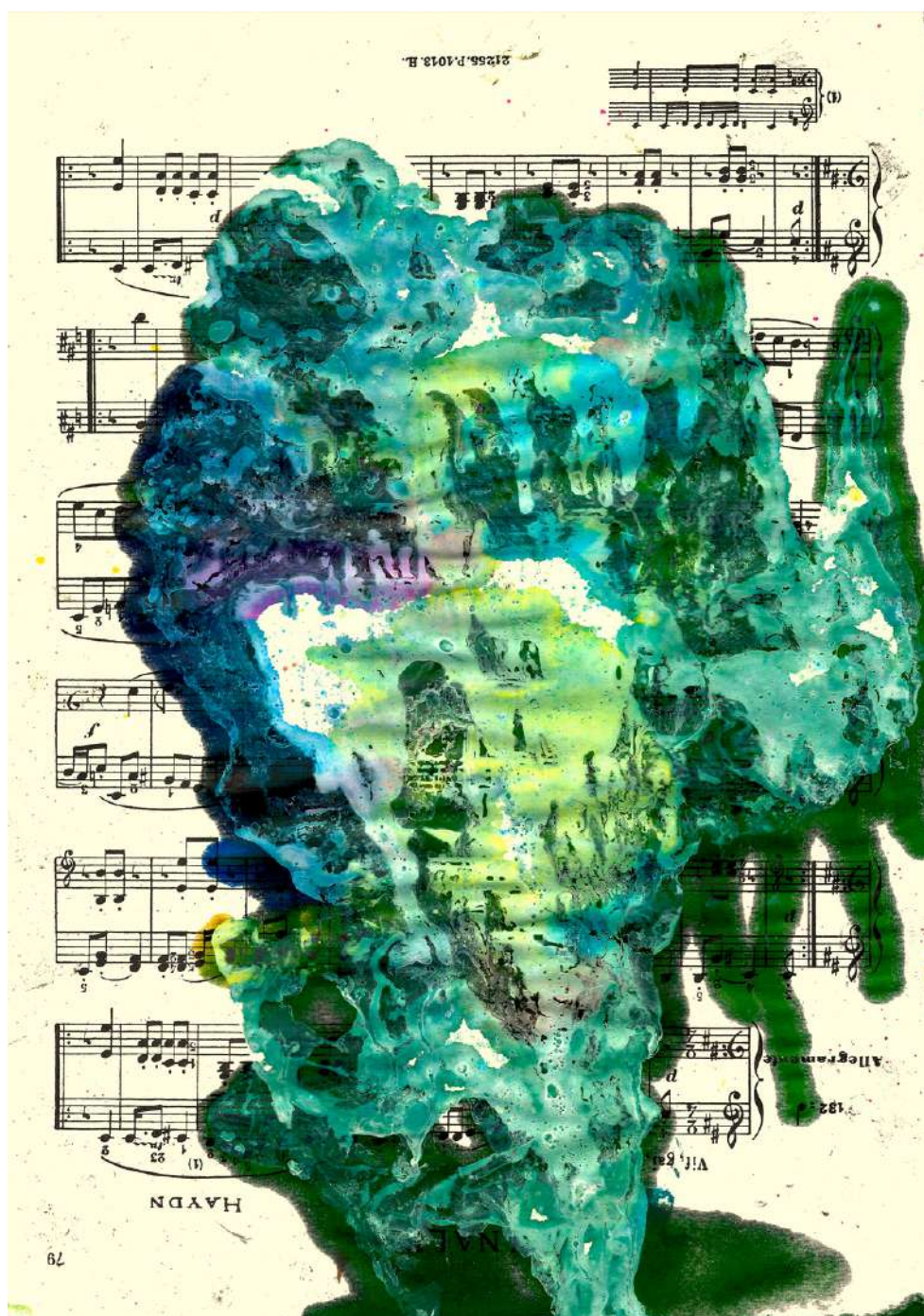




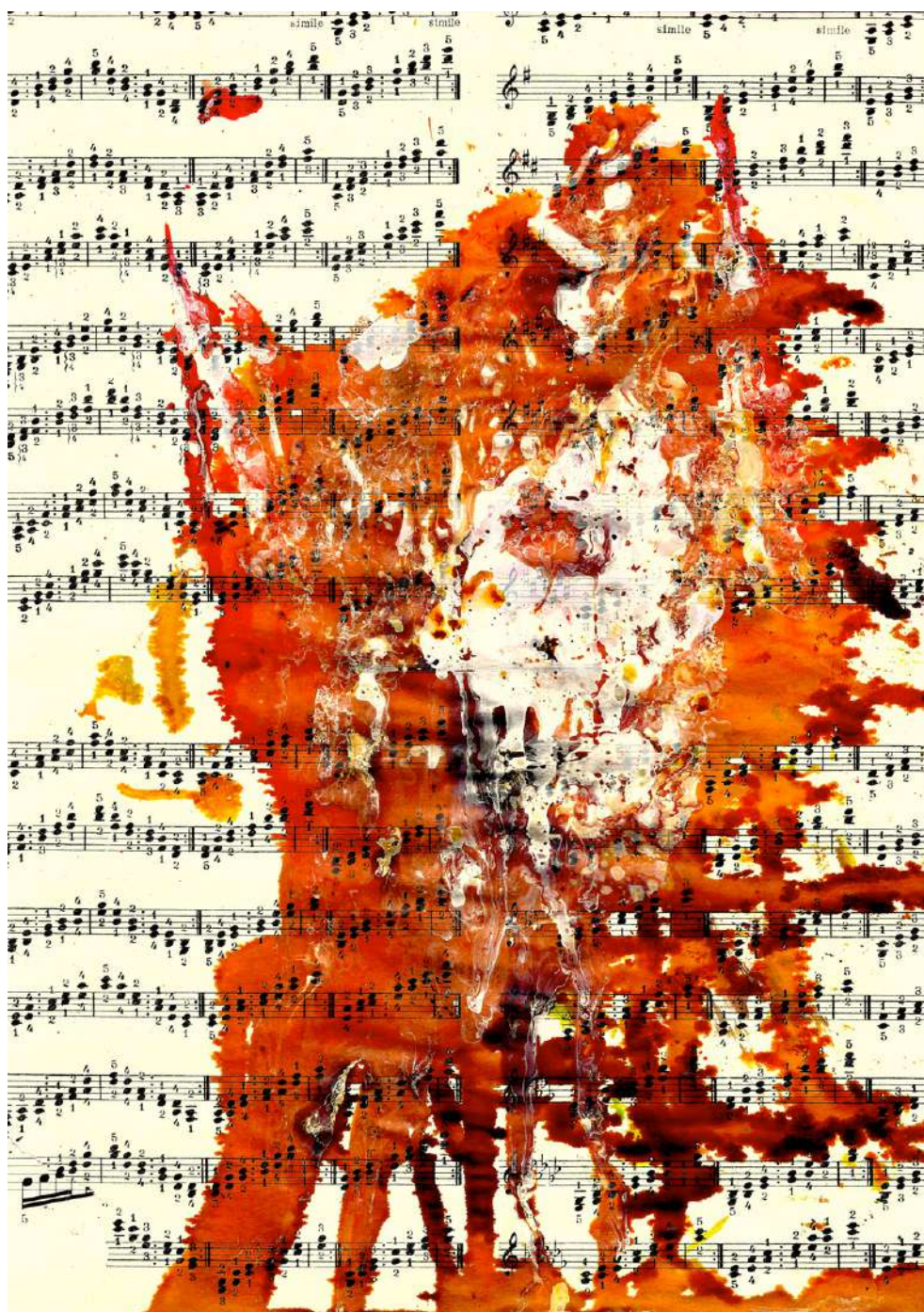
(A) Voir la note 4, page 2

(B) Voir la note 5, page 2

Pour les notes des échelles de la tonique à la m
du deuxième et du troisième parties du haut, continue l'octave











The image shows a page of musical notation, likely a score for a piano and voice. The page is heavily obscured by a large, abstract, colorful ink blot in the center, which is a mix of purple, blue, and pink. The ink blot is irregular and covers a significant portion of the page, including several staves of music. The musical notation is in black ink on a yellowed, aged paper. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *sf*, *pp*, *f*, and *p*. There are also fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 5. The text "Joyeux ment et avec un air." is visible in the center, and "Allegramente" is written below it. The page number "29" is in the top right corner. At the bottom, there is a small number "21255. P. 1013. H."

5 4 2 4 5 4 4 2 1 5

Joyeux ment et avec un air.

116 : .

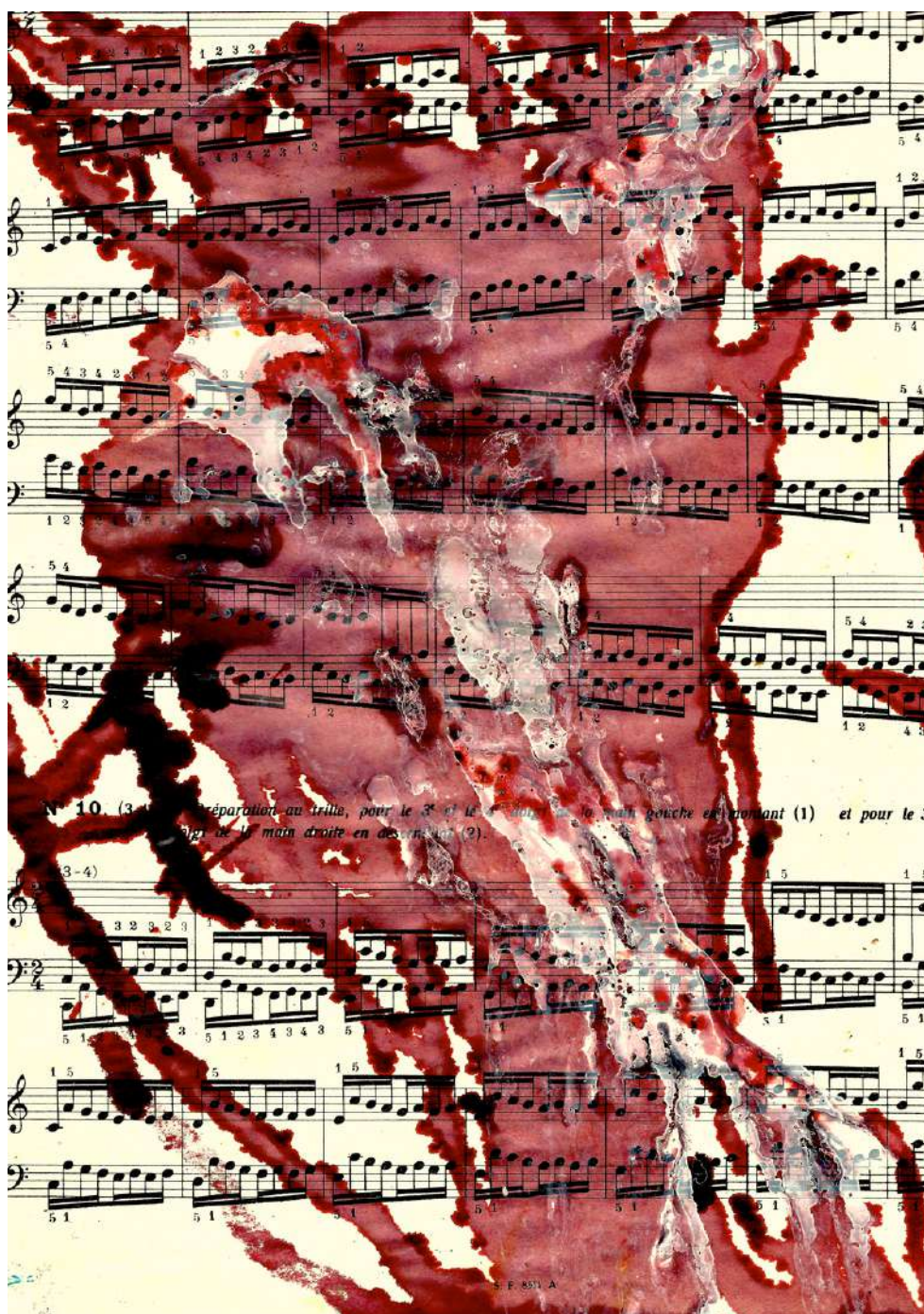
f *sf* *pp*

Allegramente

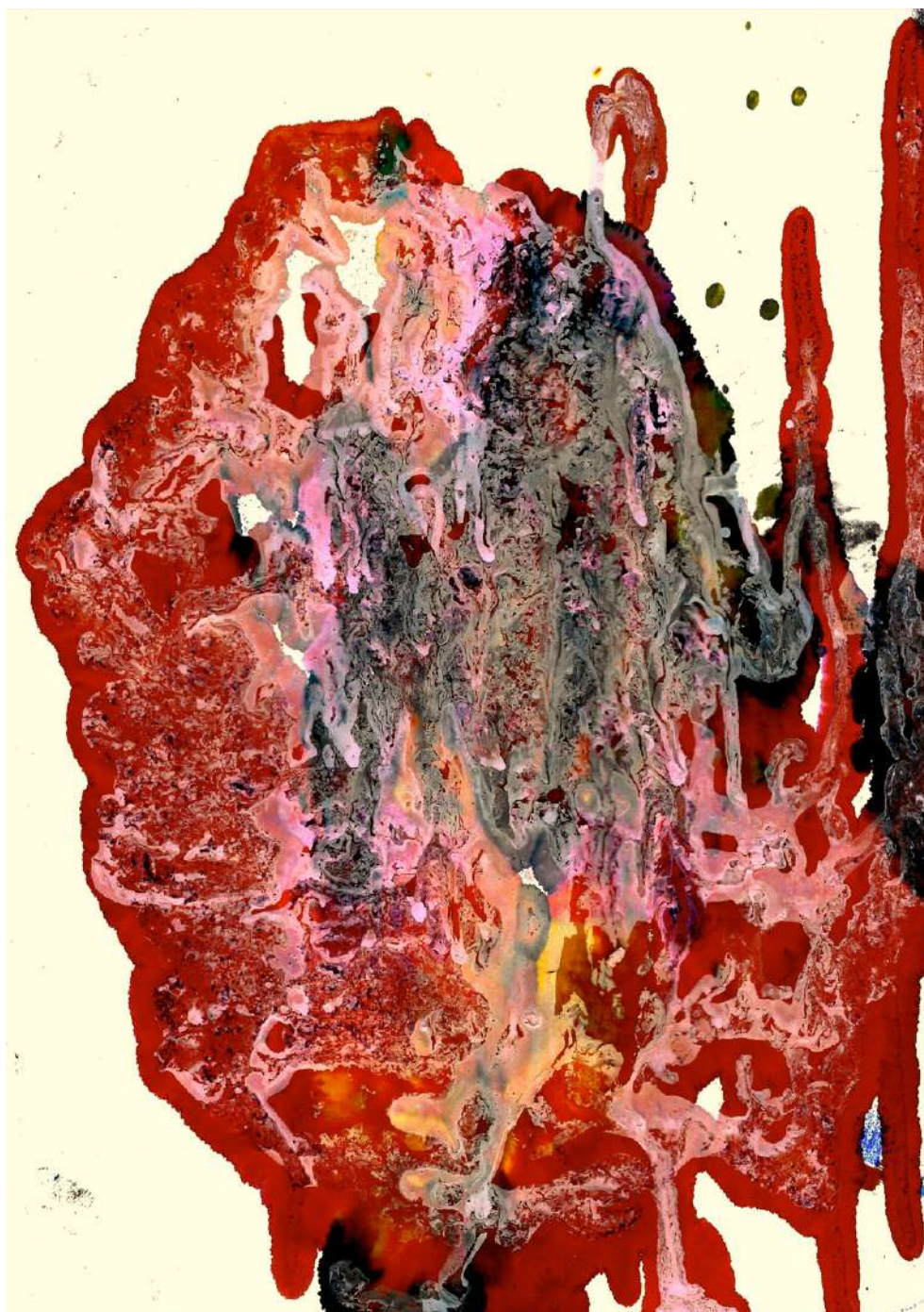
f *sf* *p*

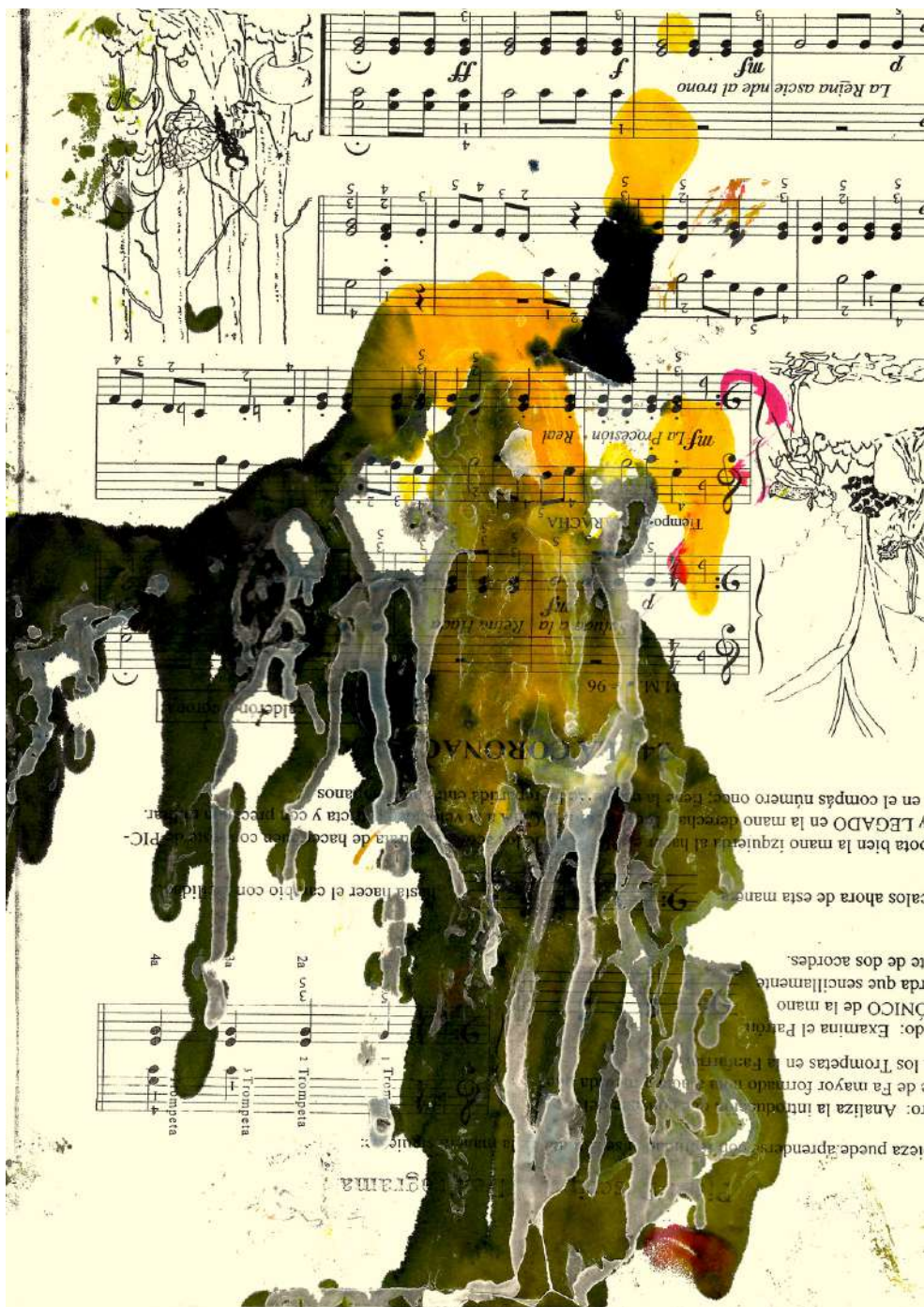
21255. P. 1013. H.





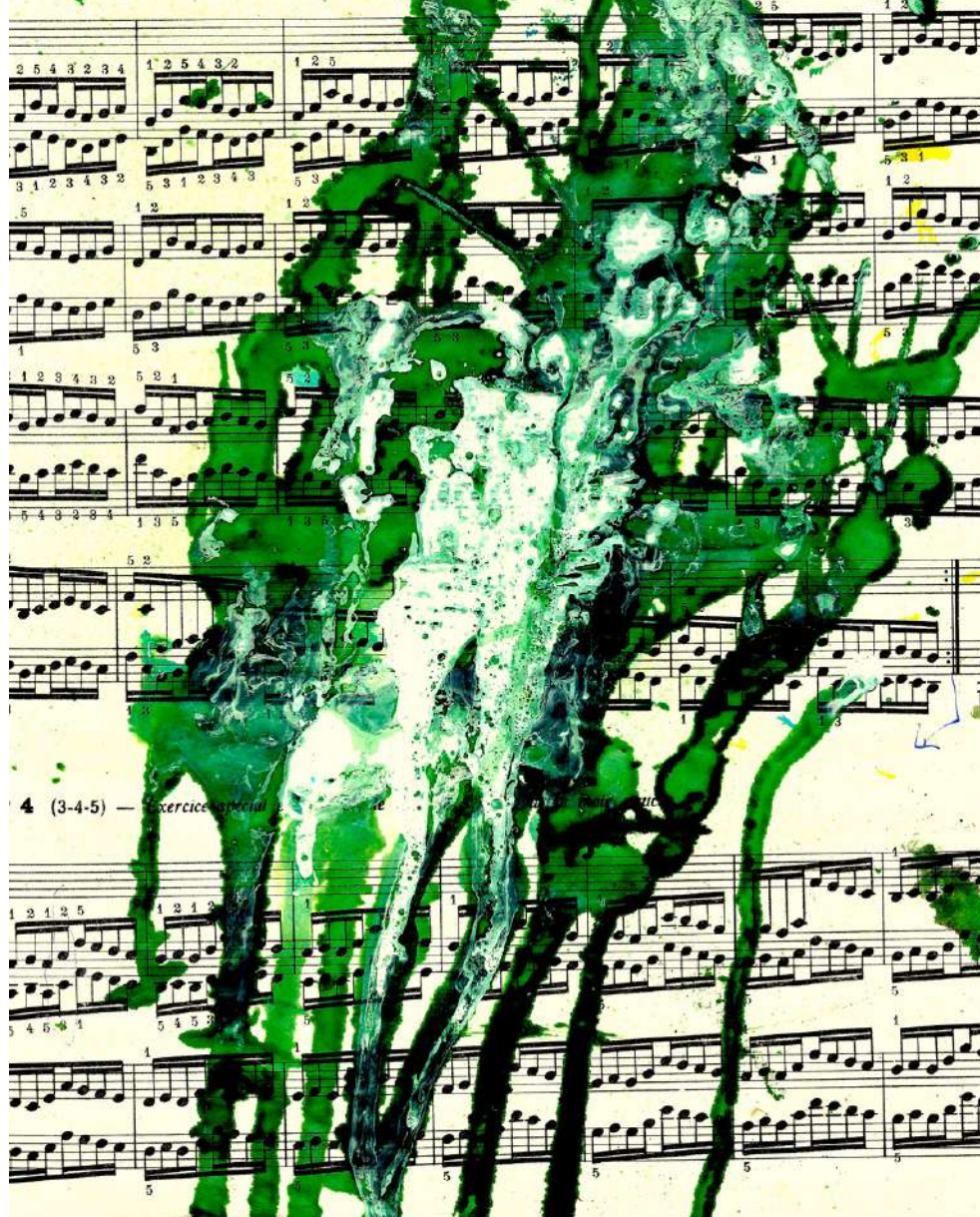




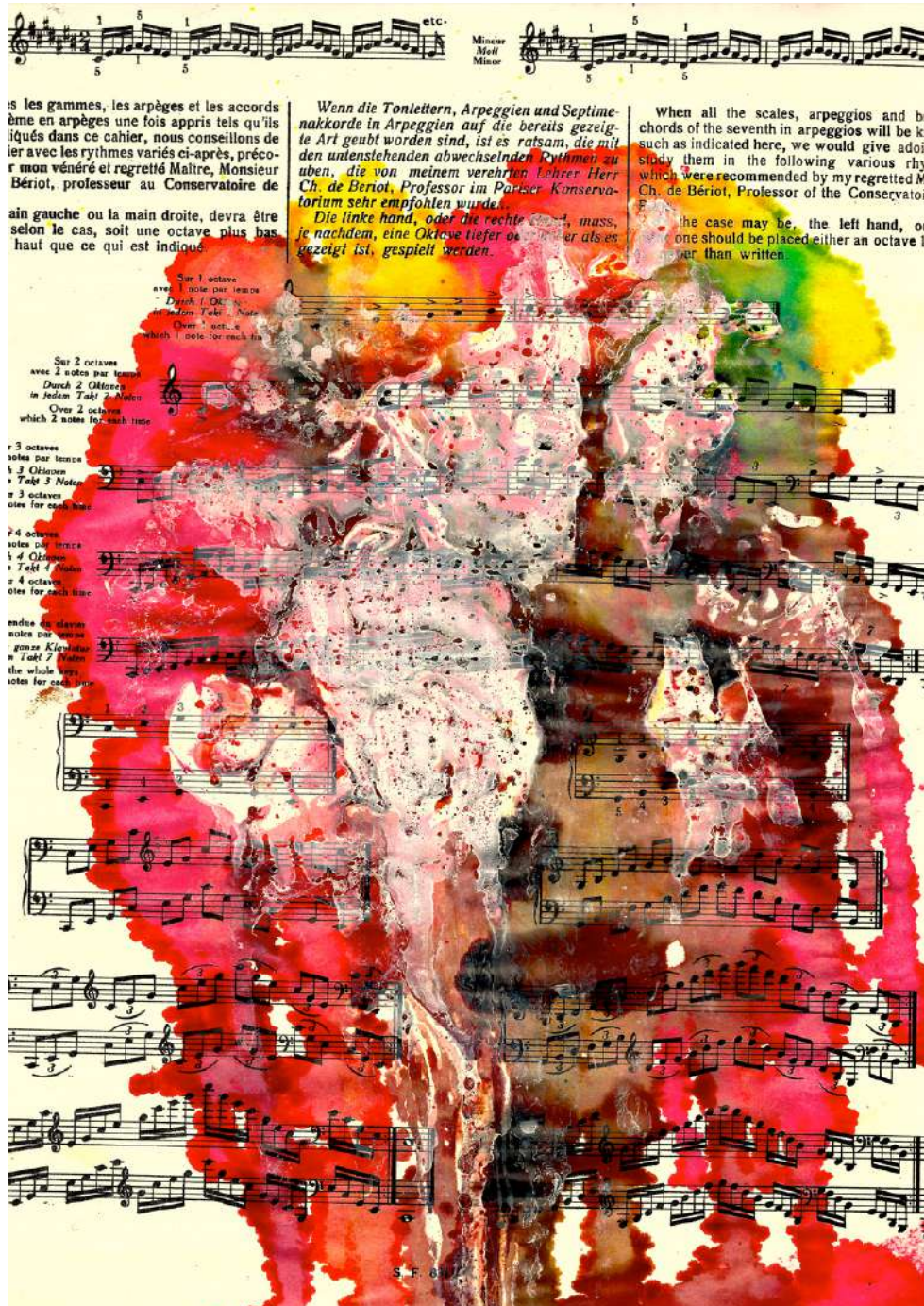


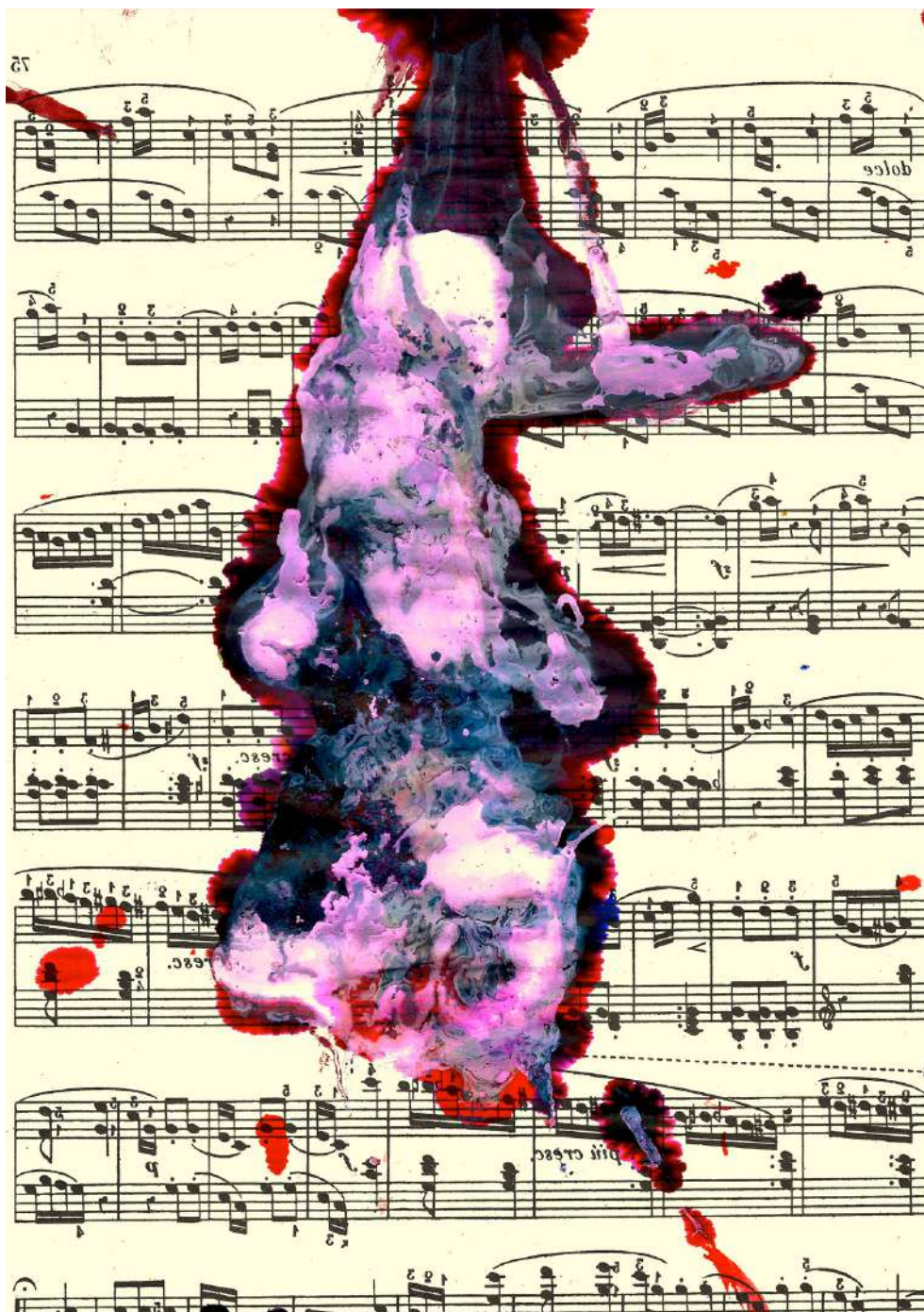


dents. Quand on saura bien exécuter ce N° 3, on étudiera le N° 4, puis le N° 5 et dès qu'on les connaîtra parfaitement, on les jouera tous les trois au moins quatre fois sans interruption, puis on arrêtera qu'à la dernière note de la page 5. On étudiera ainsi tout cet ouï, on arrêtera donc, dans cette 1^{re} Partie, que sur la dernière note des pages 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15.





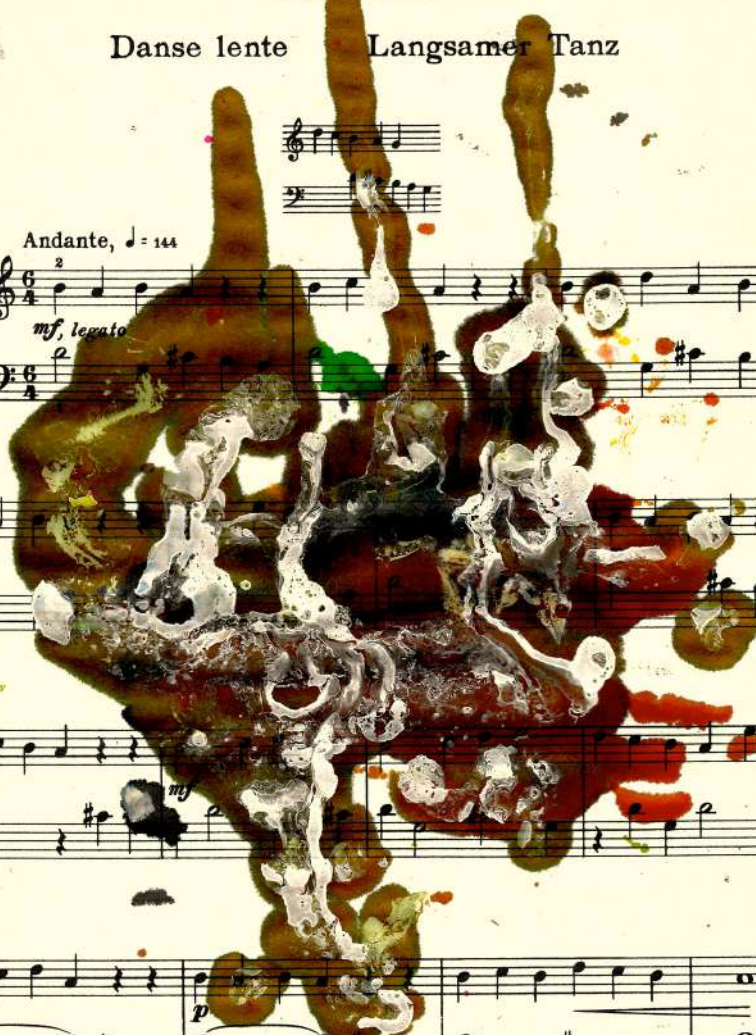






Slow Dance

Danse lente Langsamer Tanz



Andante, $\text{♩} = 144$

33 *mf, legato*

p

mf

p

[45 sec.]

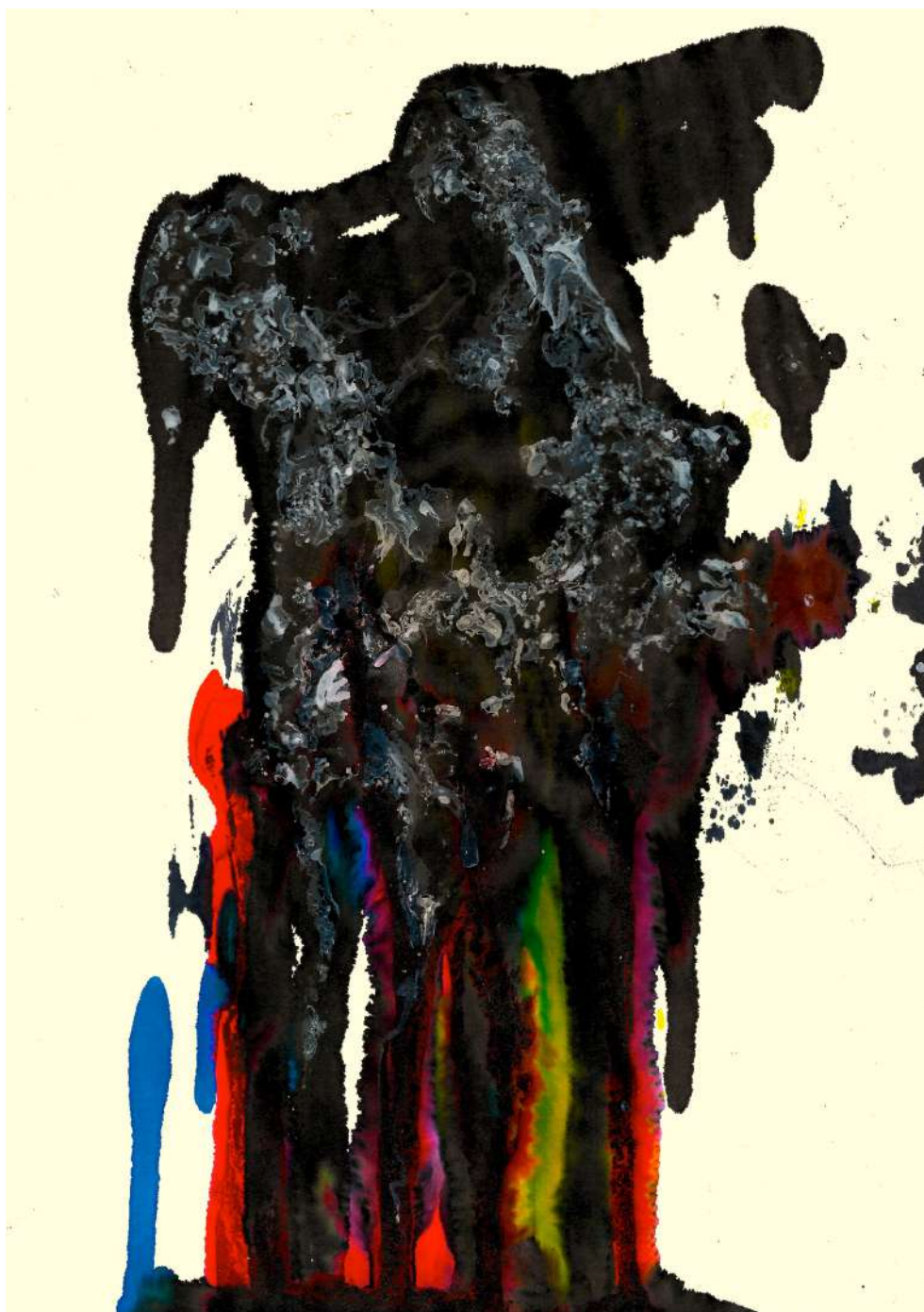
H. 15196

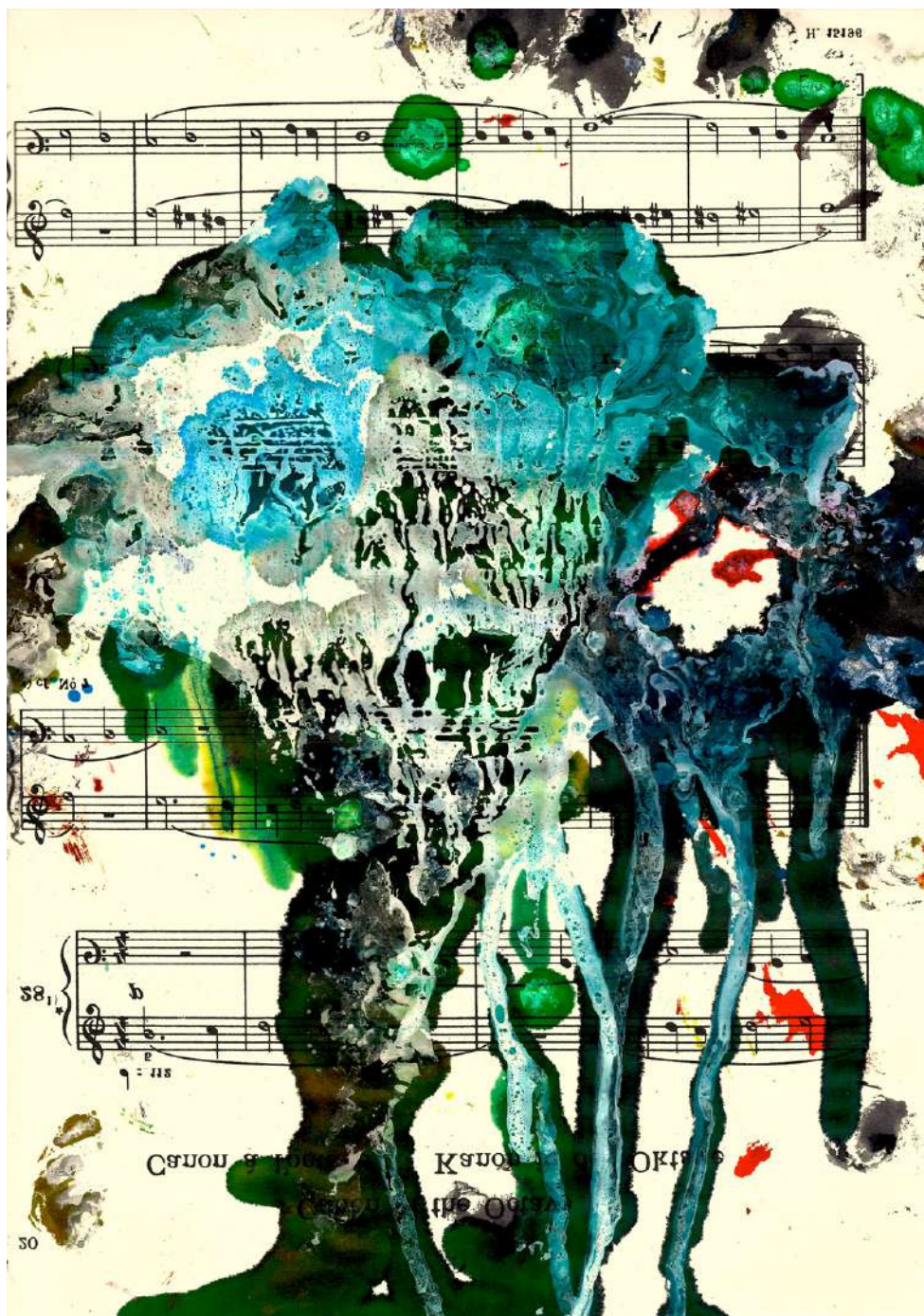


ANMERKUNGEN

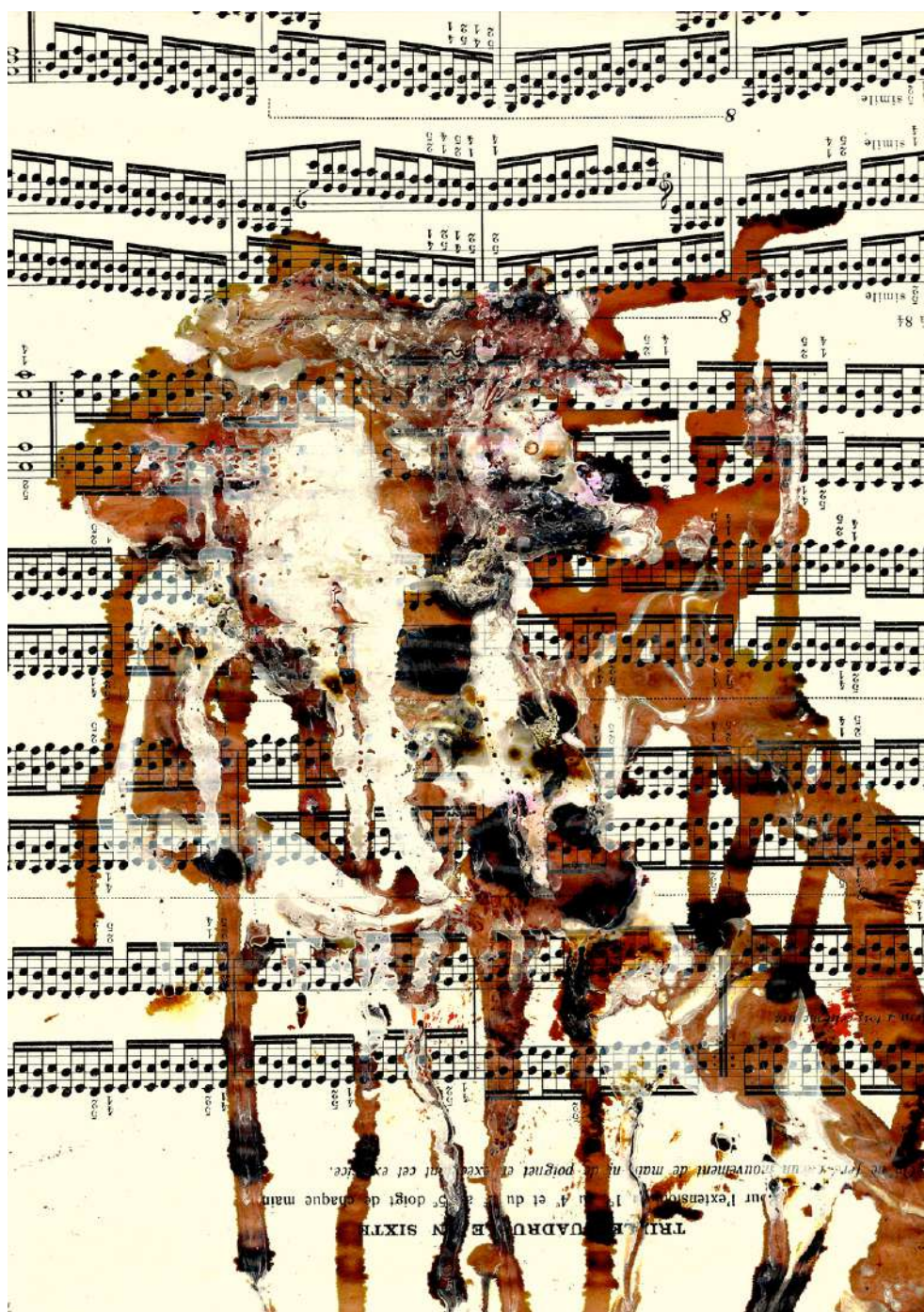
- 9 Die rhythmische Spannung, die durch den Aufschub der Fortbewegung entsteht, soll durch eine energische Bewegung (z. B. Aufschlagen mit der Faust) unterstrichen werden. Die richtige Stelle hierfür ist durch ein rhythmisches Zeichen zwischen den Taktstrichen bezeichnet.
- 10 Die Vorzeichnung ist As!
- 11 Um die Ausdrucksfähigkeit der Schüler zu fördern — entgegen der jüdischen Auffassung der nahen Vergangenheit — haben wir die entsprechenden Melodieteile den entsprechenden Melodieteilen unterlegt. Wir empfehlen, das Stück vorzutragen, damit die Schüler (oder Schüler) singen zu lassen.
- 12 Inmanon bedeutet: Die zwei Stimmen sind gleichgebildet.
- 13 Umkehrung: Die Oberstimme wird zur Unterstimme und die Unterstimme zur Oberstimme.
- 25 Die Vorzeichnung ist As!
- 28 Kanon: Die Stimmen sind gleichgebildet. Der Abstand zwischen den Stimmen ist gleich.
- 29 Nach dem Kanon: Die Stimmen sind entgegengesetzt.
- 30 Siehe die Vorzeichnung.
- 31 Die Vorzeichnung ist As!
- 32 also eine Komposition, die die Stimmen der beiden Stimmen (z. B. der Stimmen usw.)
- 34 Phrygische Tonart: Die Stimmen sind ohne Vorzeichen, also ohne Vorzeichen.
- 36 Siehe die Bemerkung: Die Stimmen sind ohne Vorzeichen, also ohne Vorzeichen.



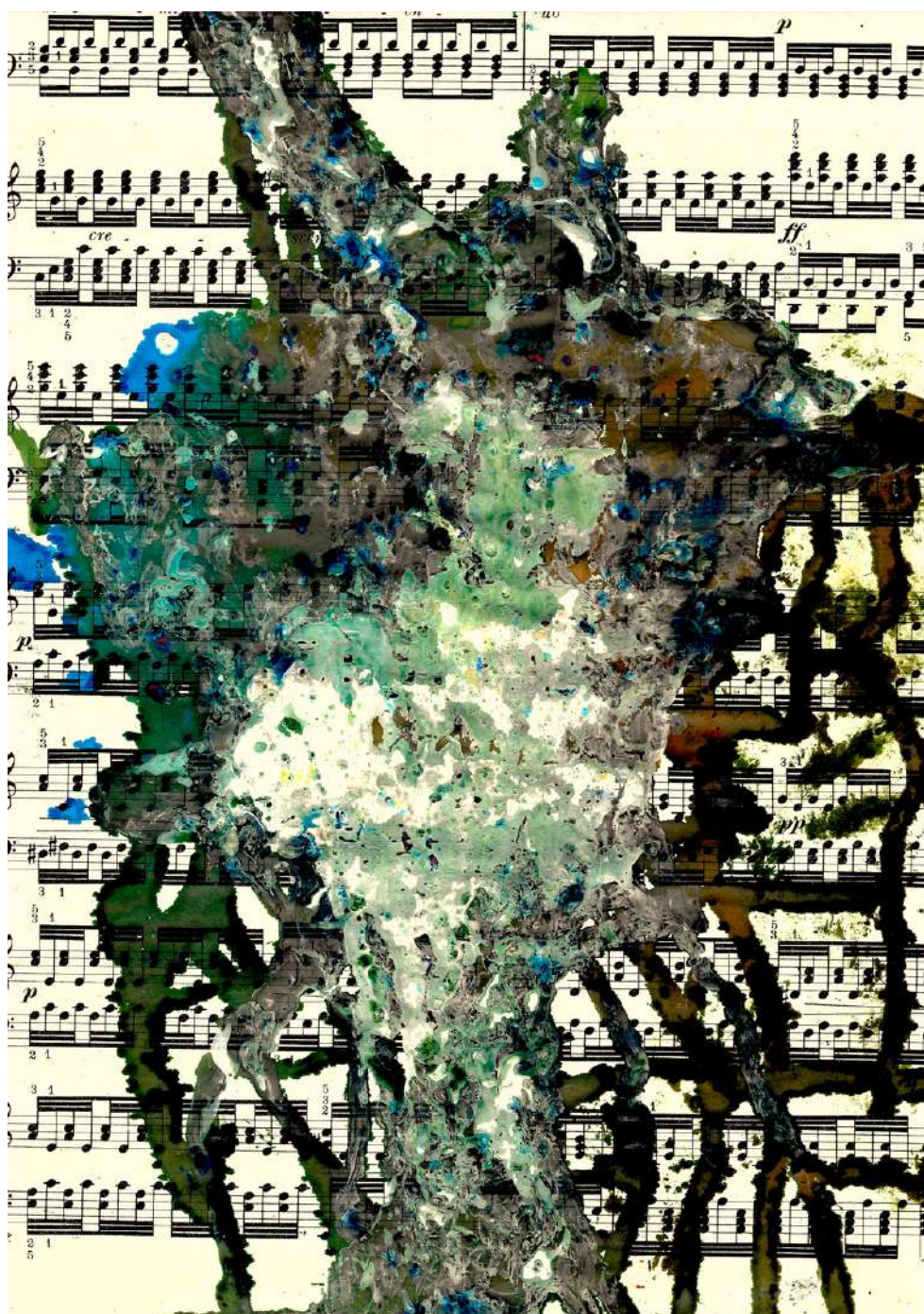


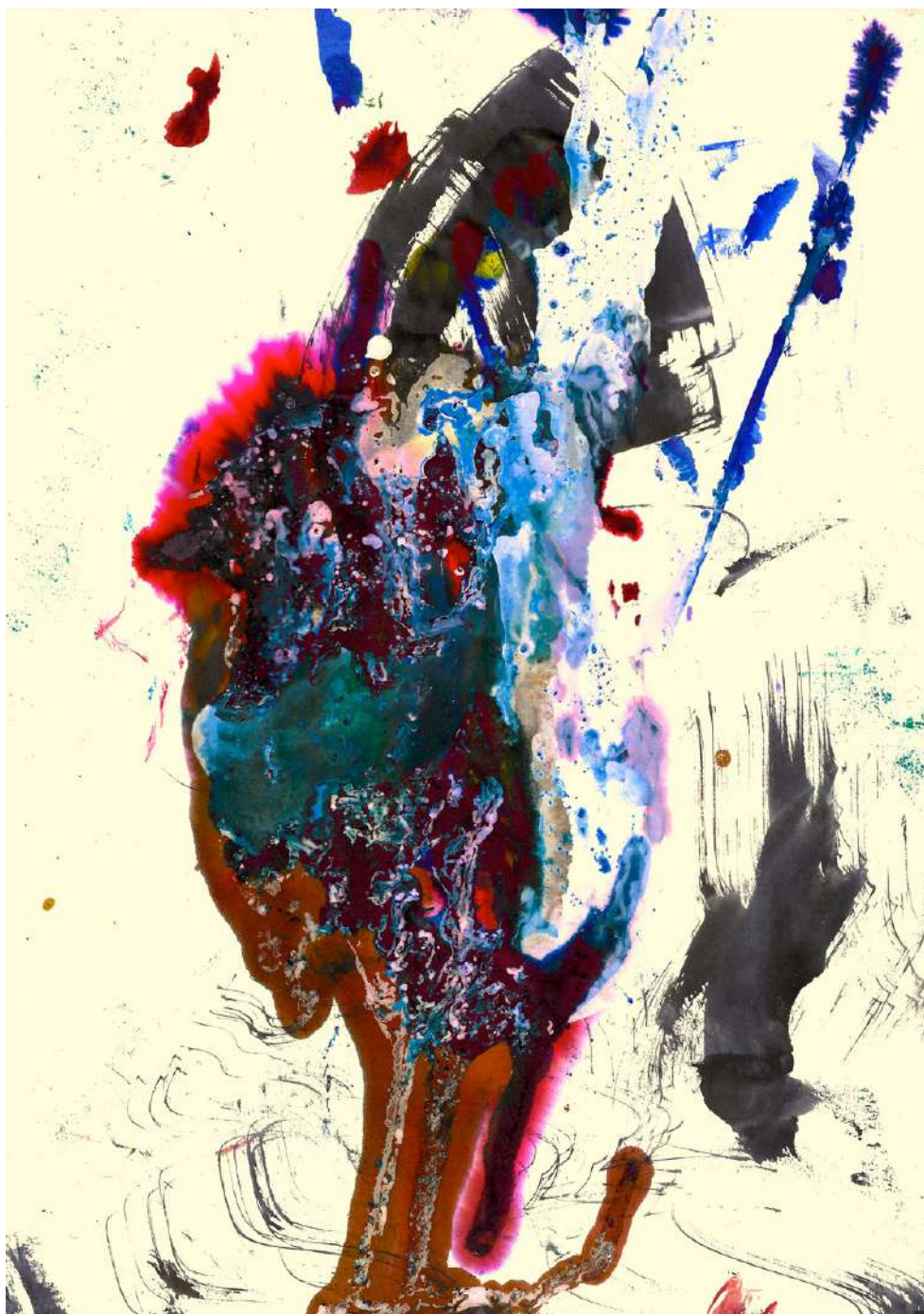


et que l'on pourra appliquer aux 35 premiers livres de l'articulation des doigts et du poignet. Les remarques proposées pour chaque livre de l'articulation des doigts et du poignet, peuvent être appliquées aux 35 premiers livres de l'articulation des doigts et du poignet.







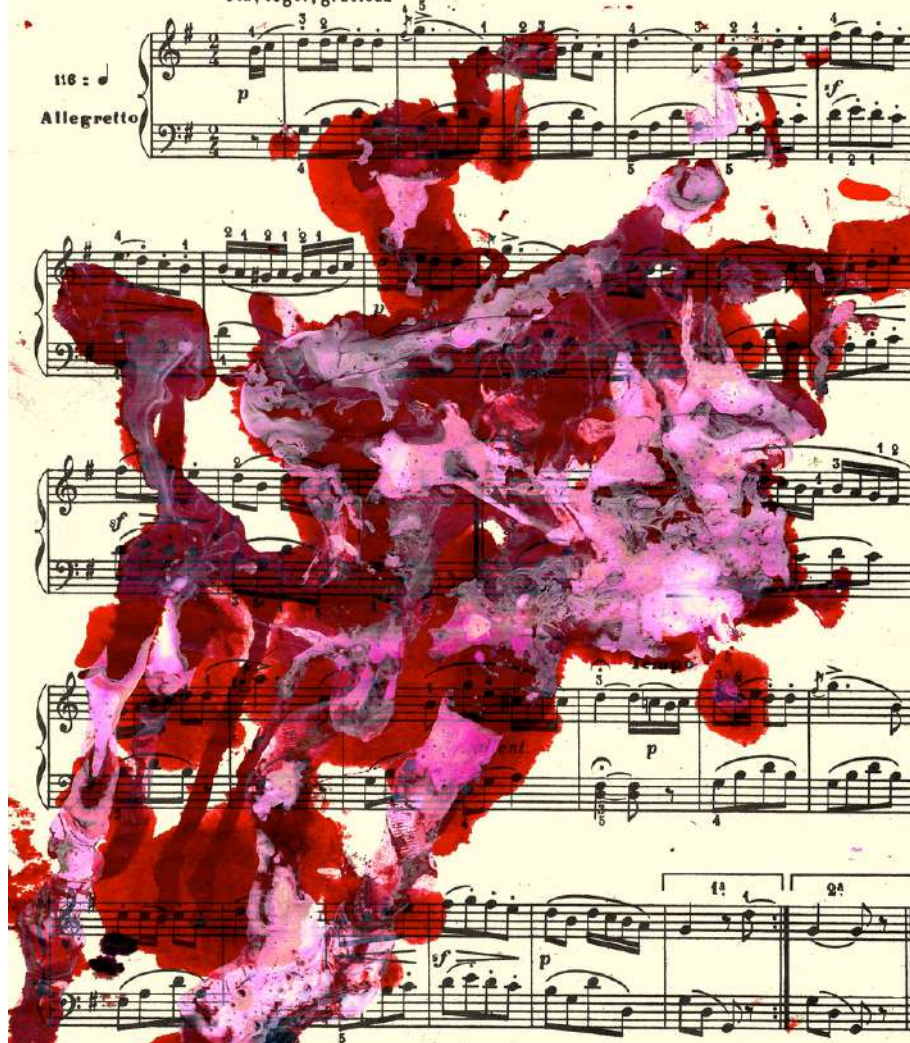


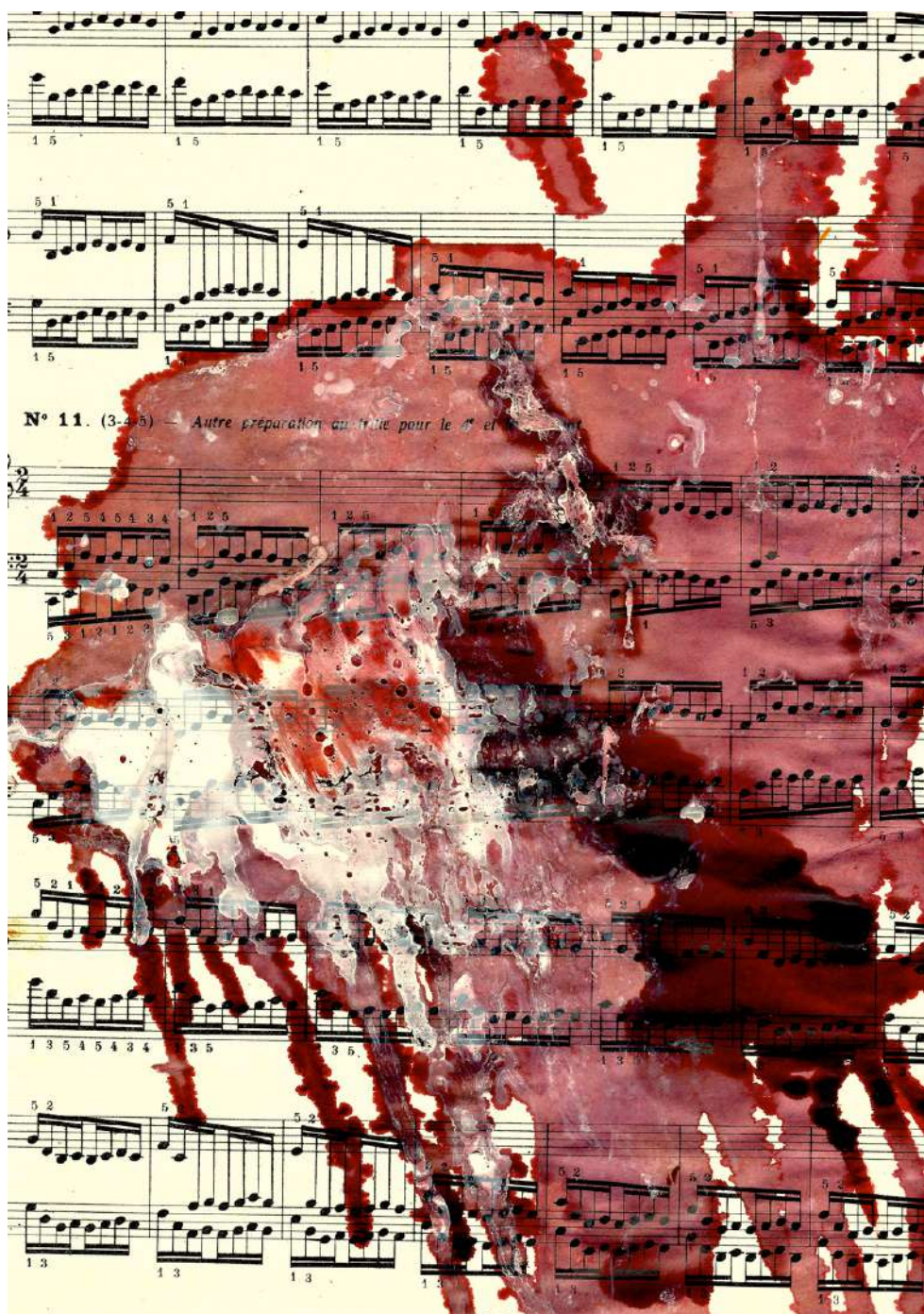
ARIETTE.

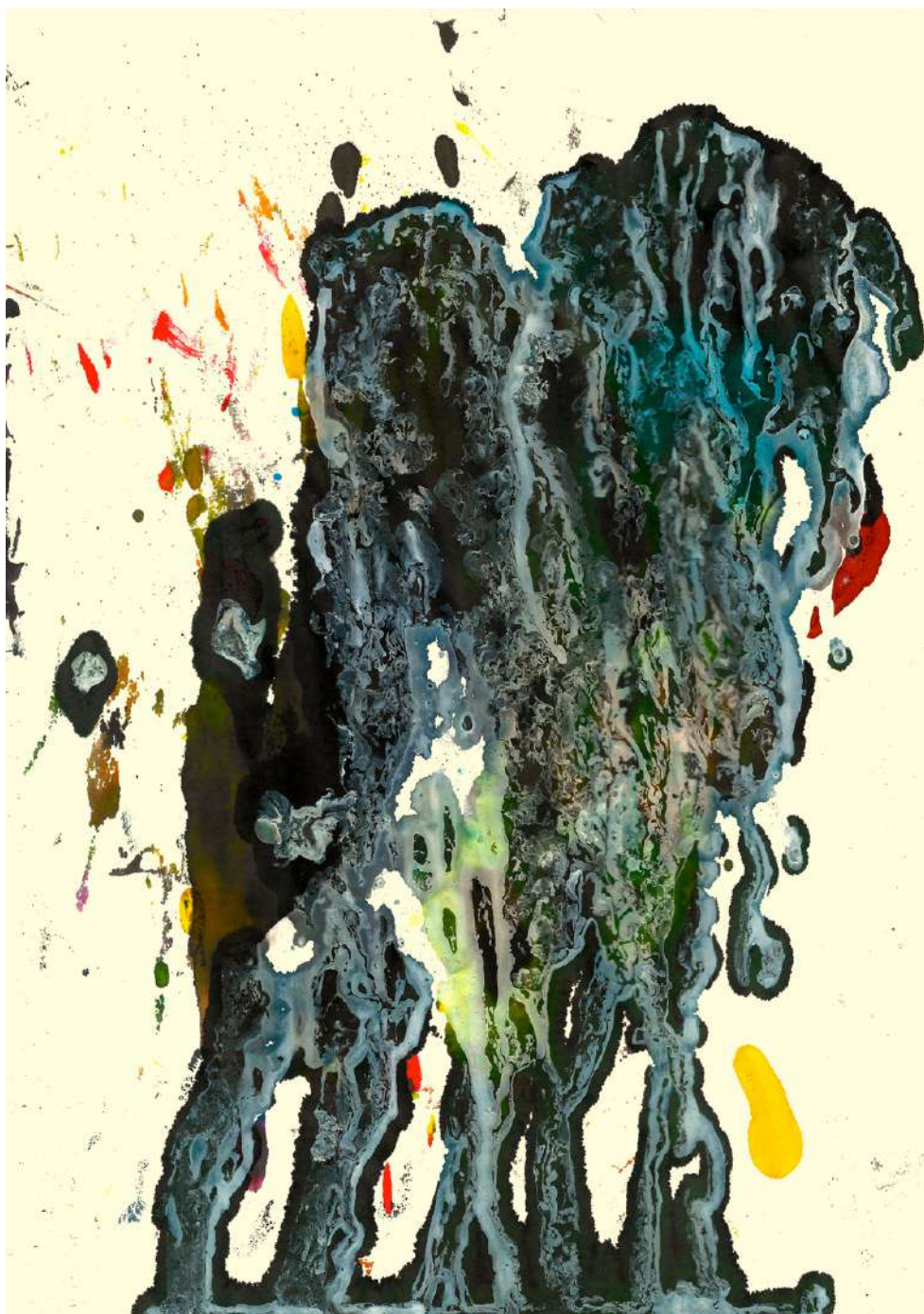
CRAMER.

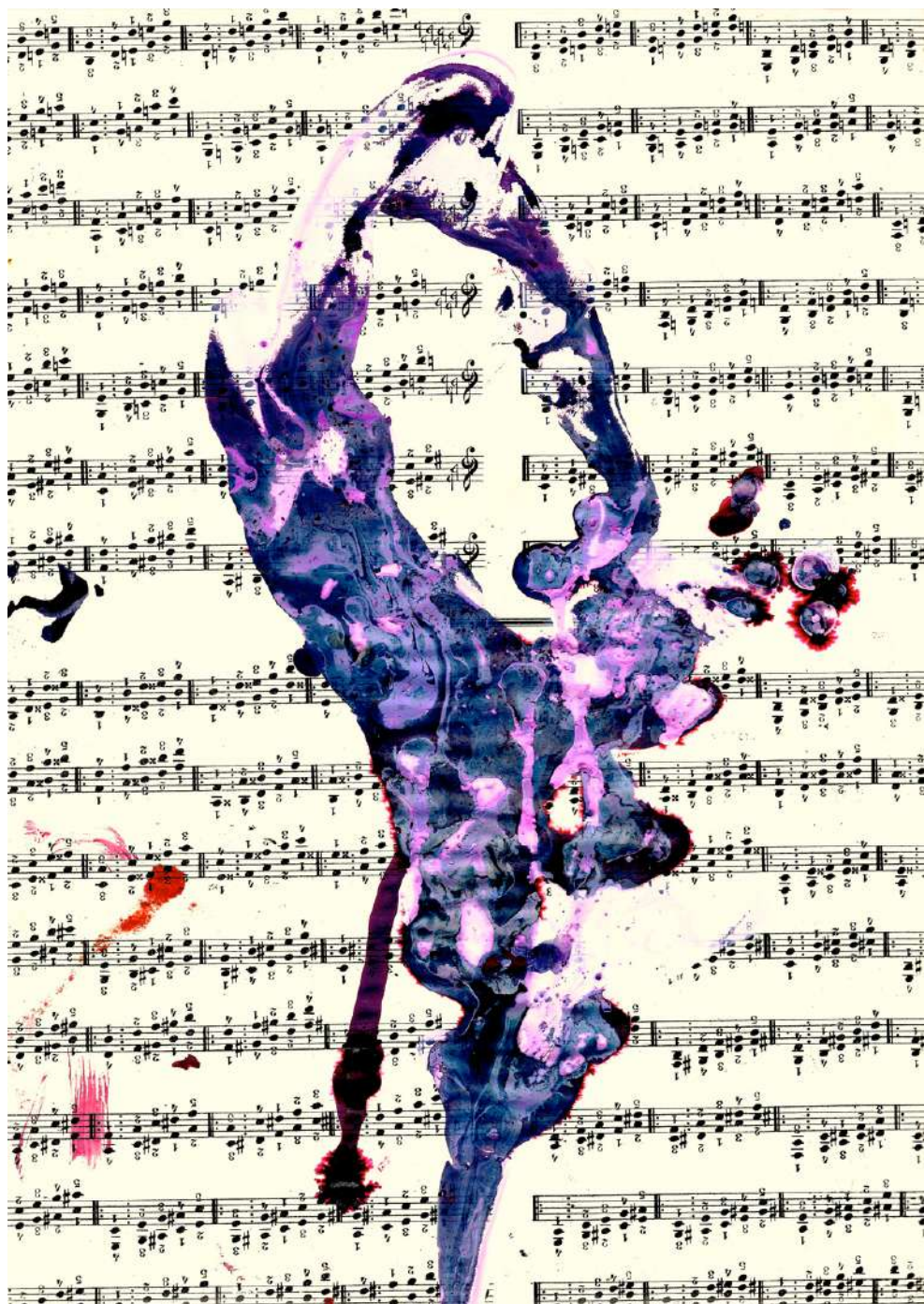
Fin, léger, gracieux

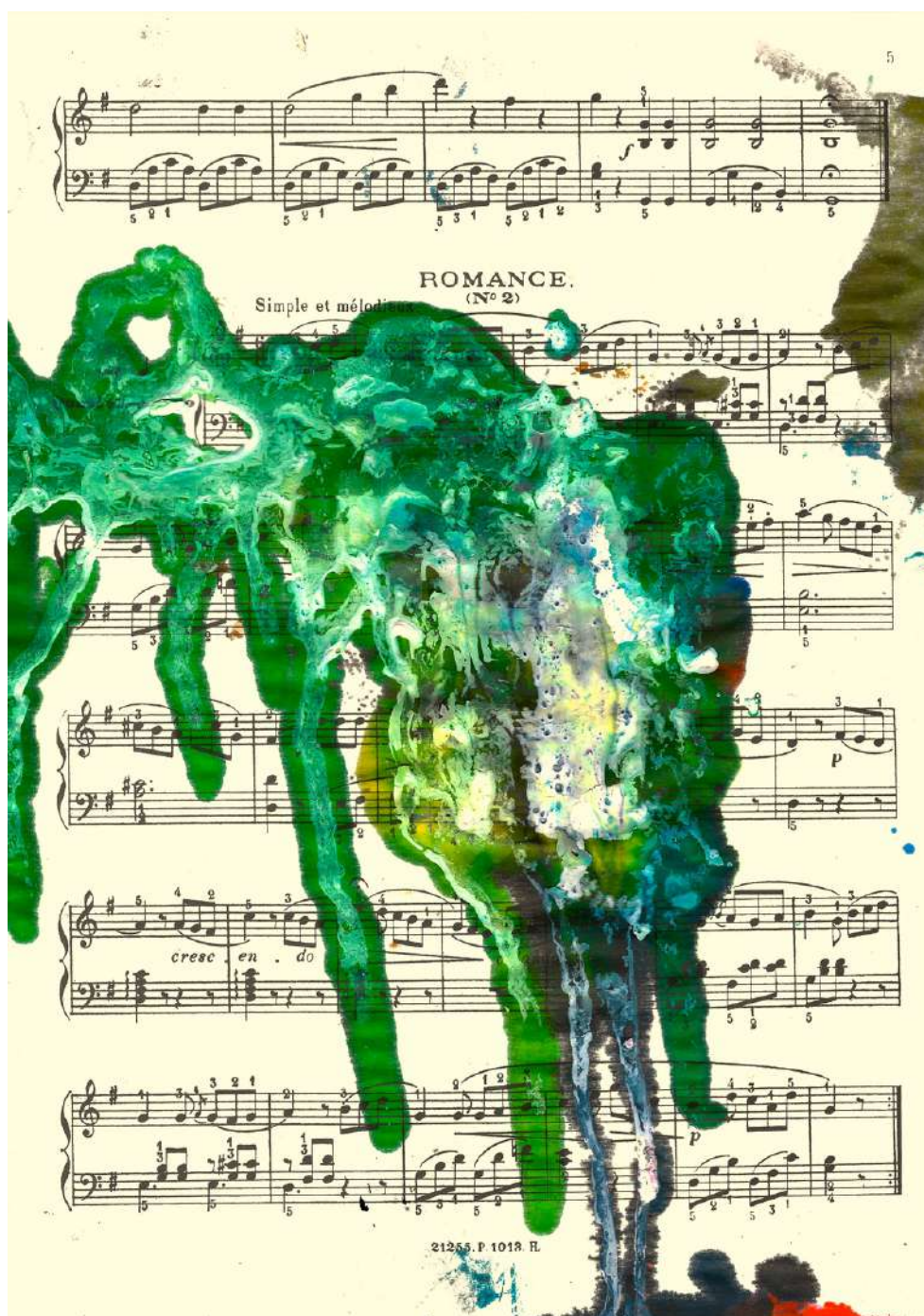
116 : ●
Allegretto



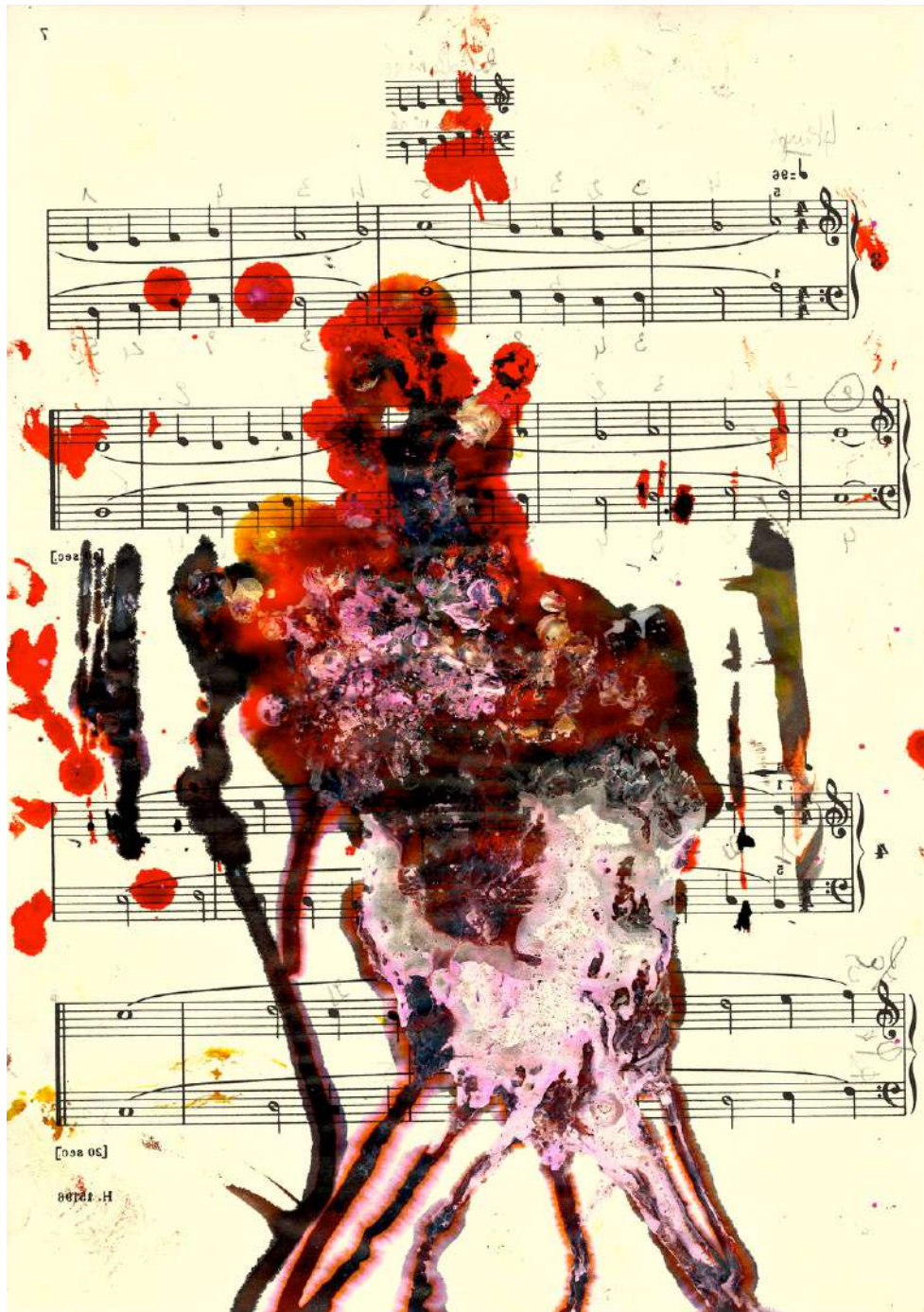




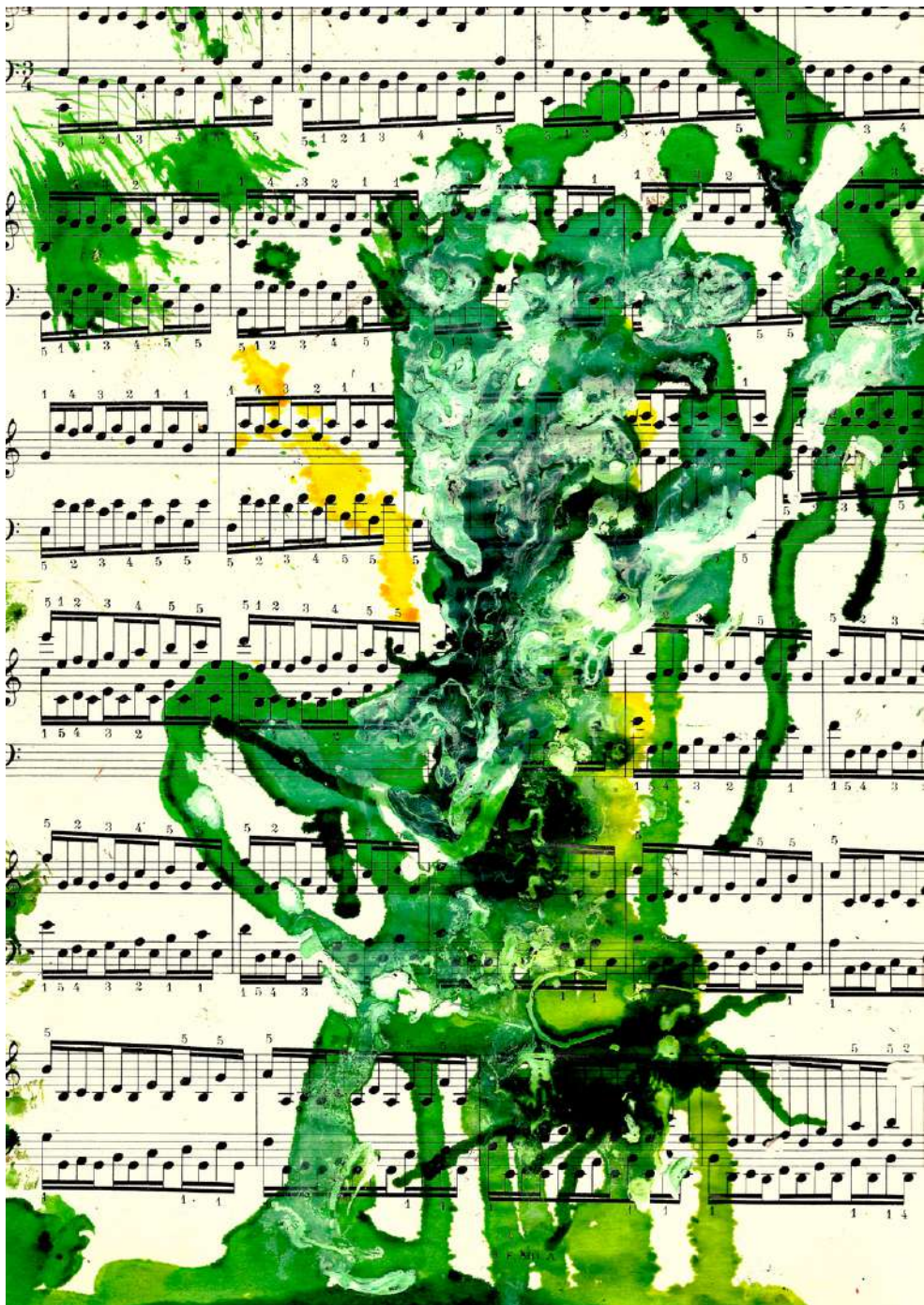








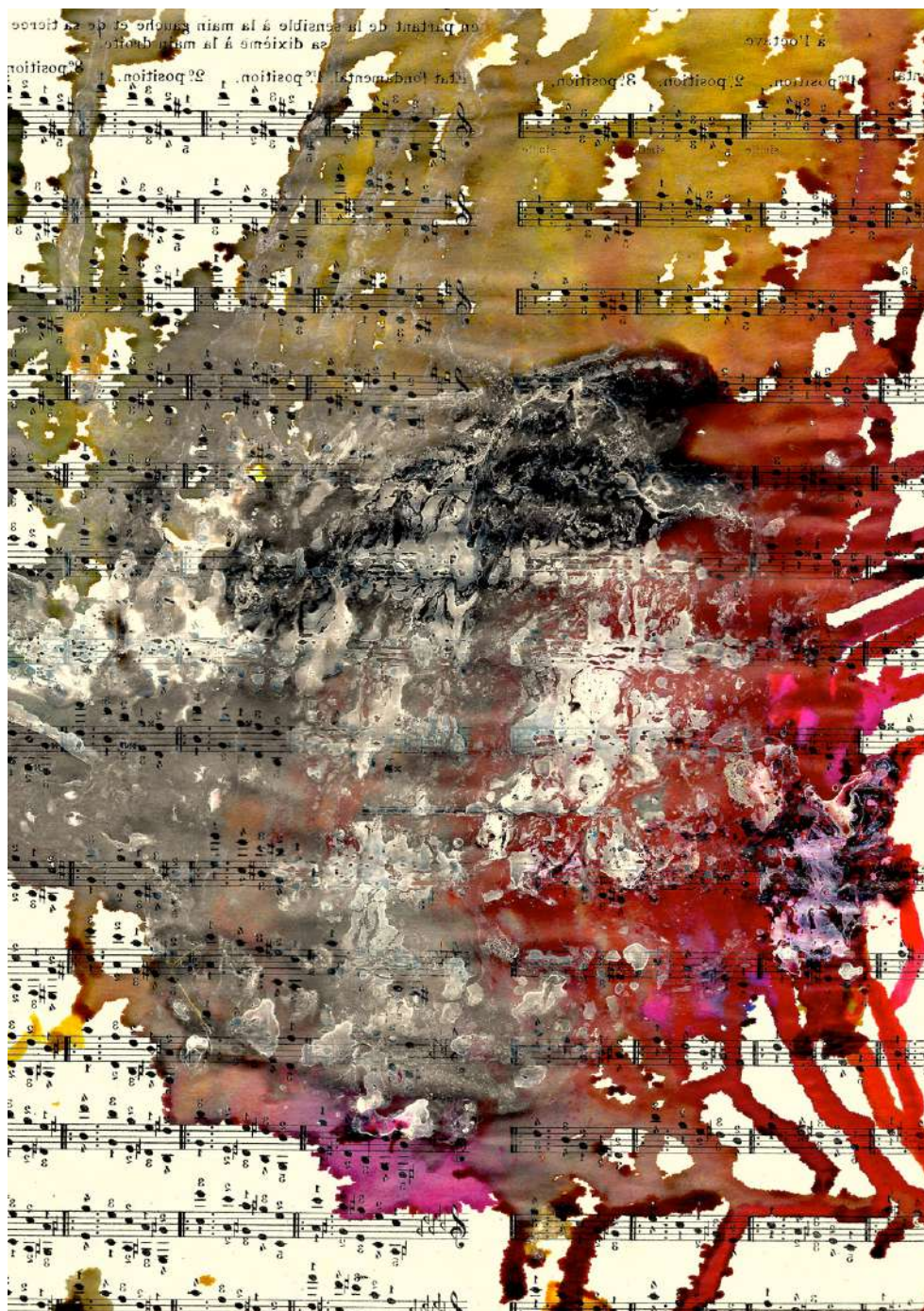




N° 5. (1-2-3-4-5) — Nous croyons avoir répété qu'il faut toujours se servir des doigts jusqu'à ce que l'on sache parfaitement...

(1-2-3-4-5)

(1) Préparation au trille, pour le 4^e et le 5^e doigt de la main droite.



VALSE FAVORITE.

MOZART

Très élégant, dans le style d'un ländler.

168.
Allegretto

poco riten.

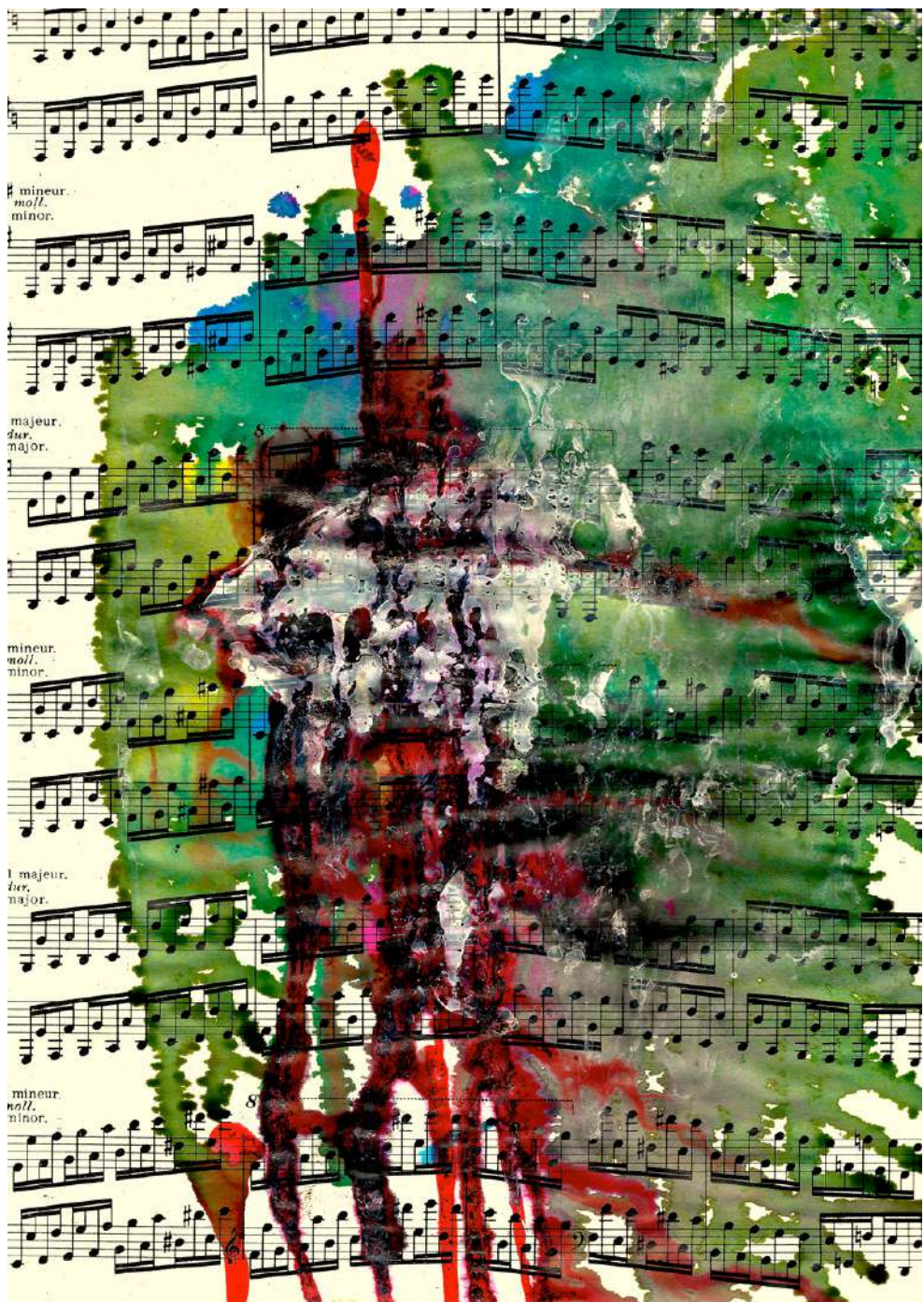
Tempo.

Tempo.

Très léger et non lié.

pp

pp leggiero



12

Change of Position

Changement de position Lagenwechsel

13¹⁾



¹⁾ cf. N° 17

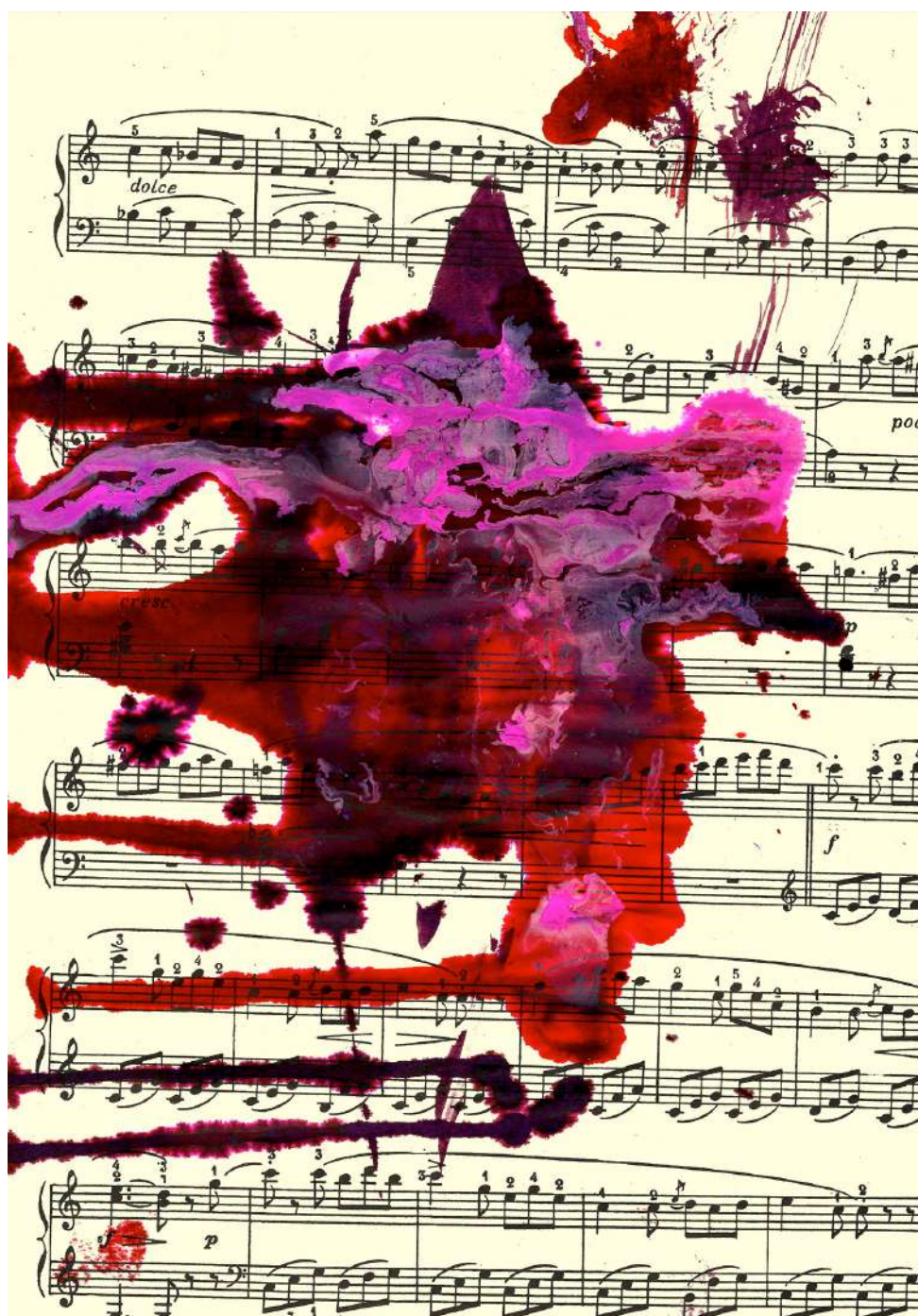
[30 sec.]

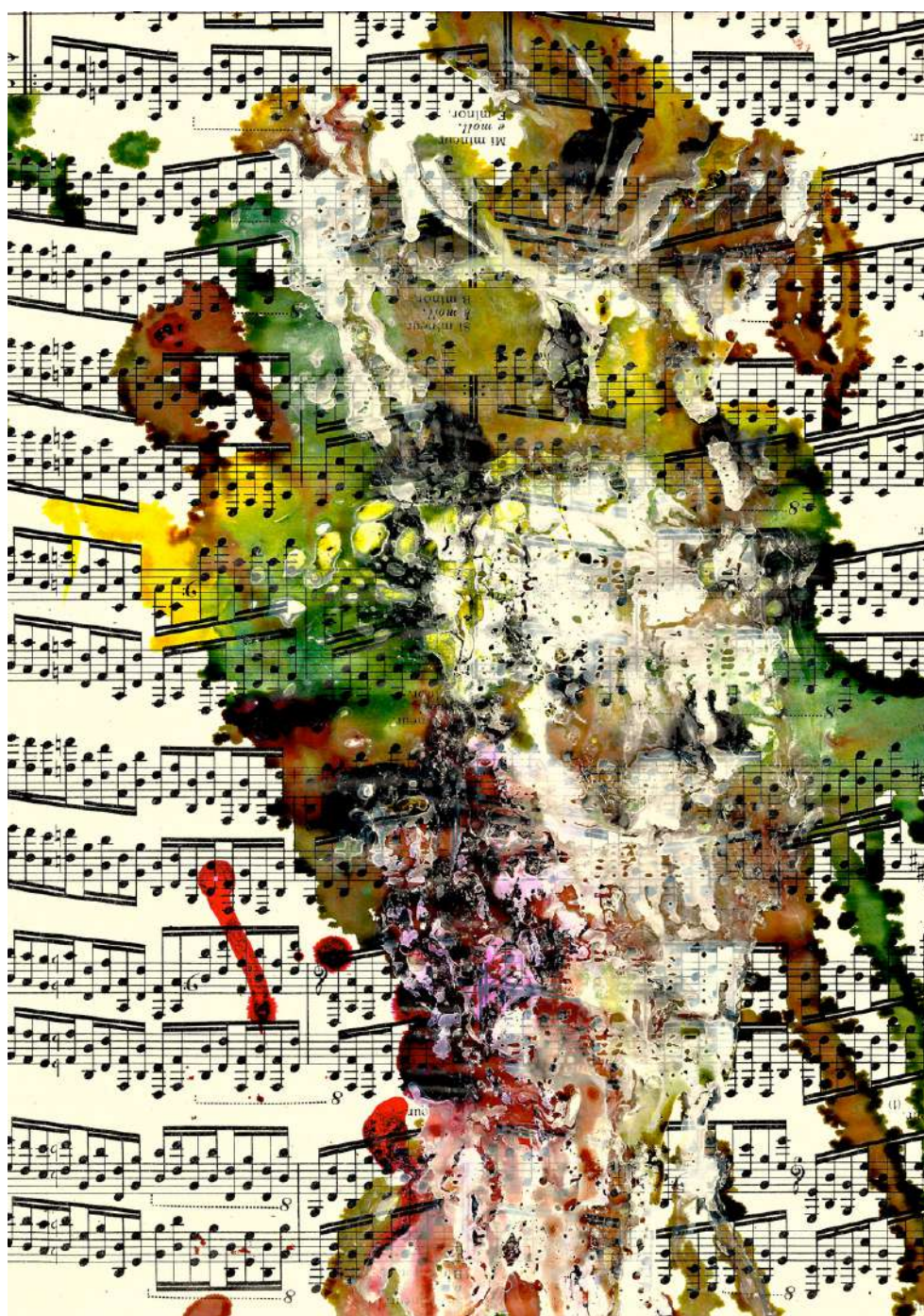
14*



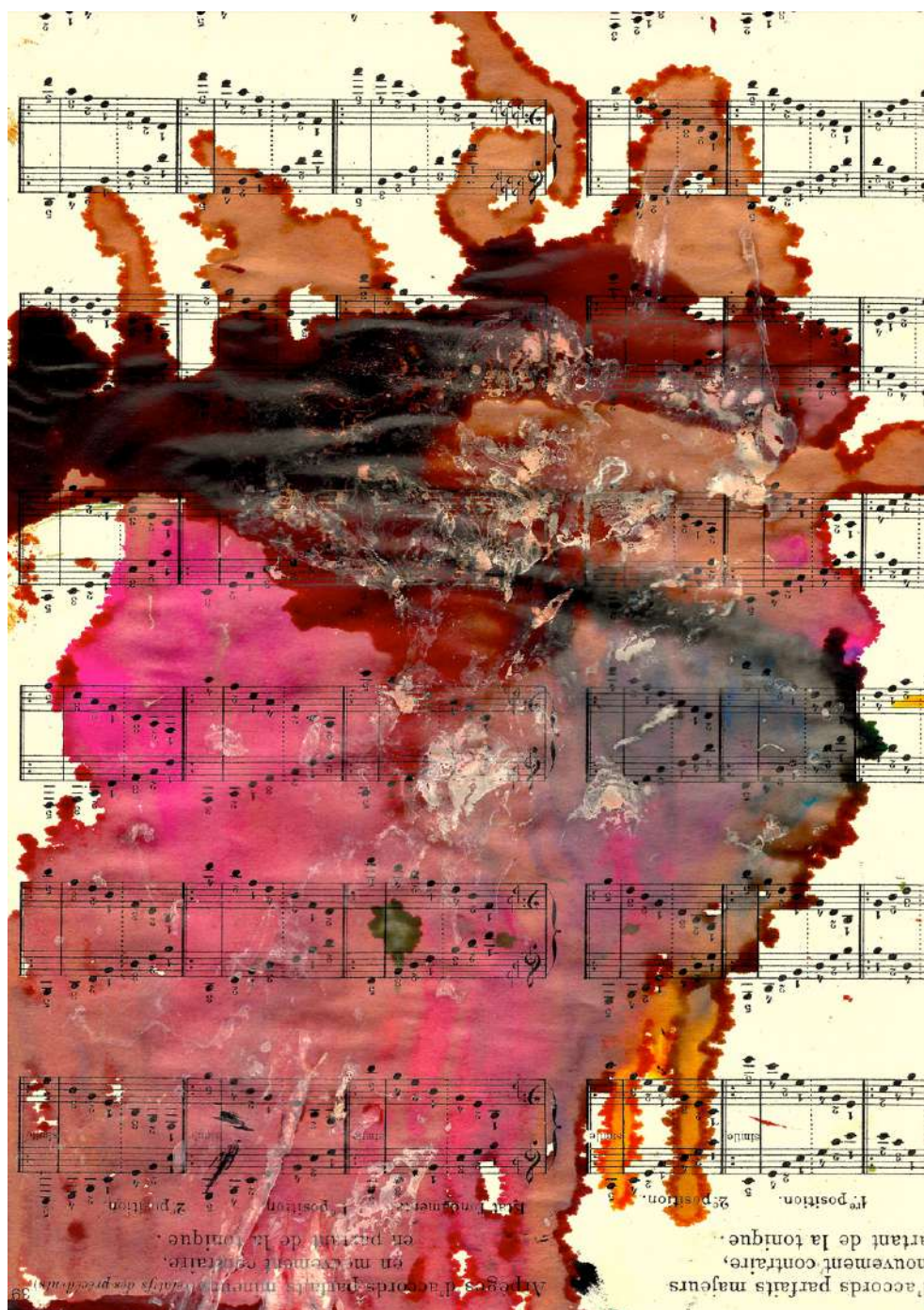
[40 sec.]

H. 15196













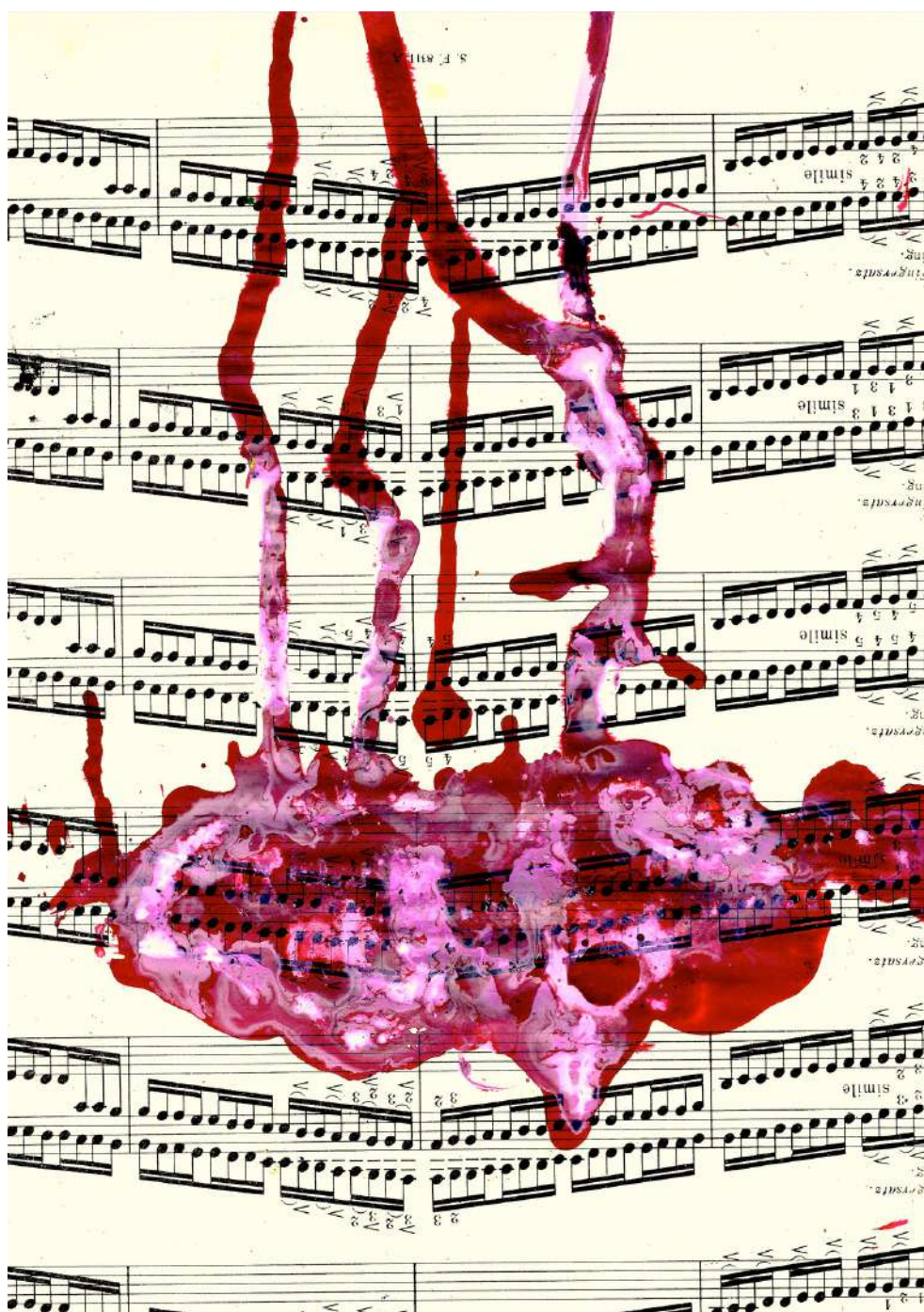
SONATA IN

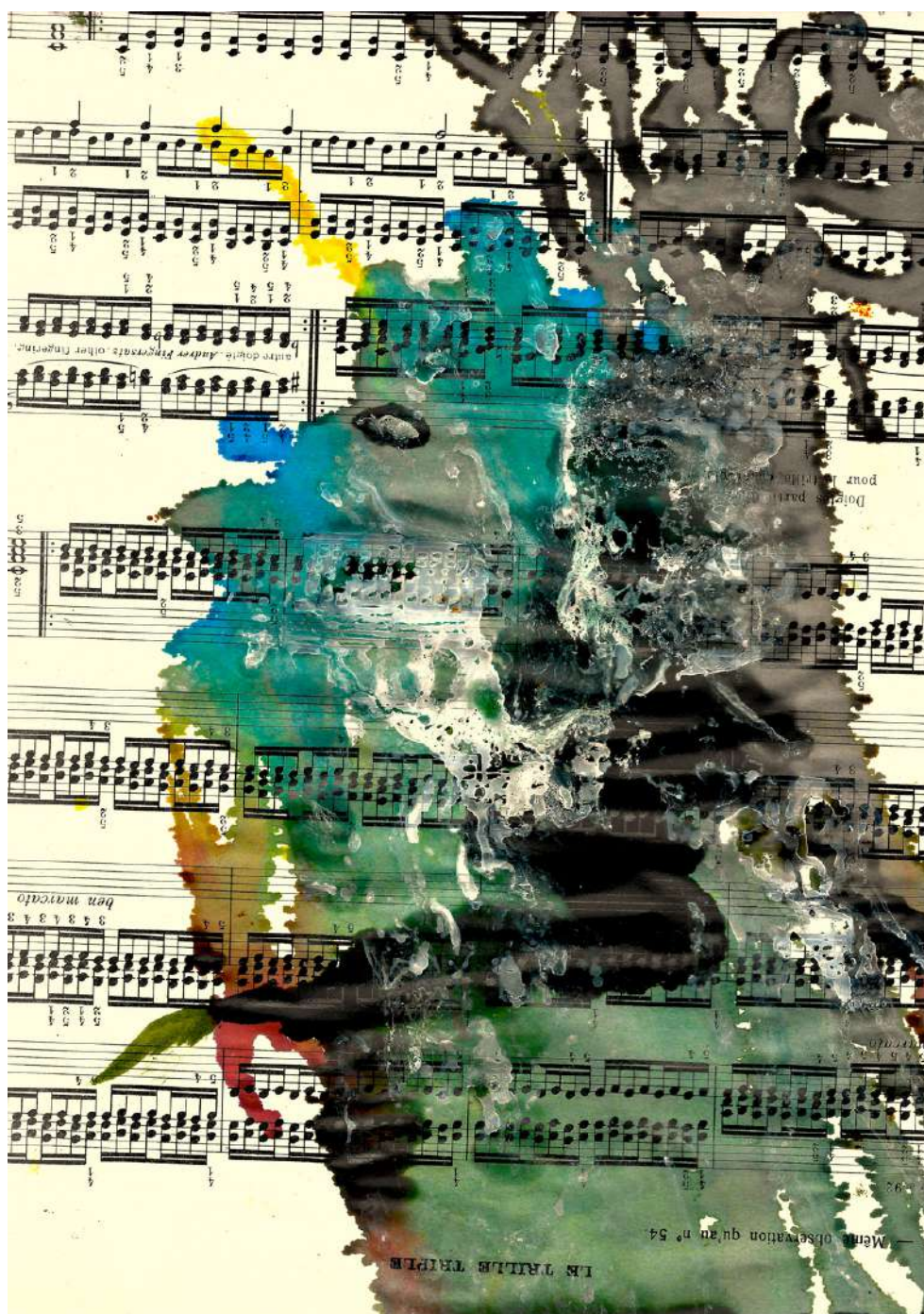
DIABELLI

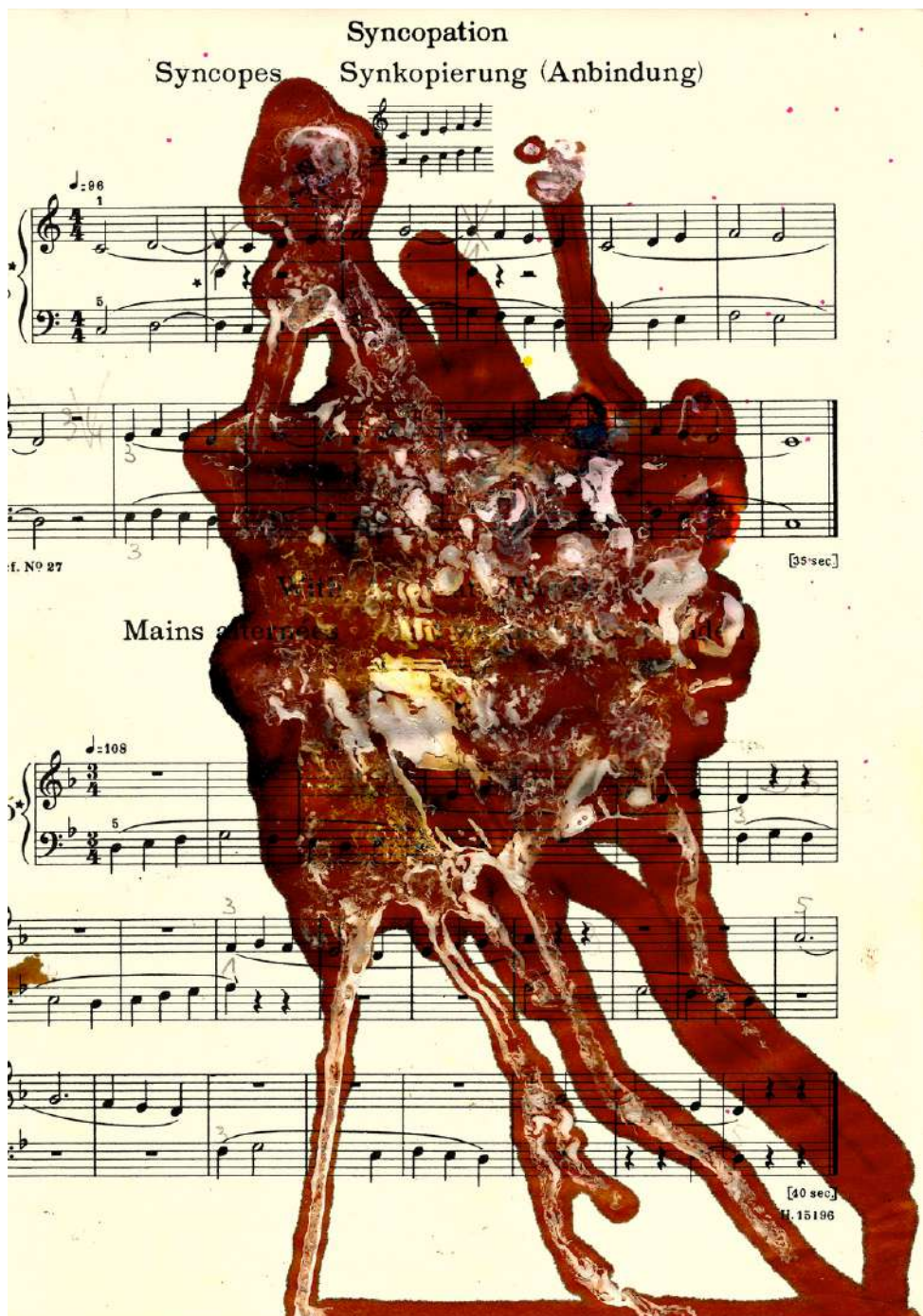
Simpliciter et facilem

Andantino

P dolce

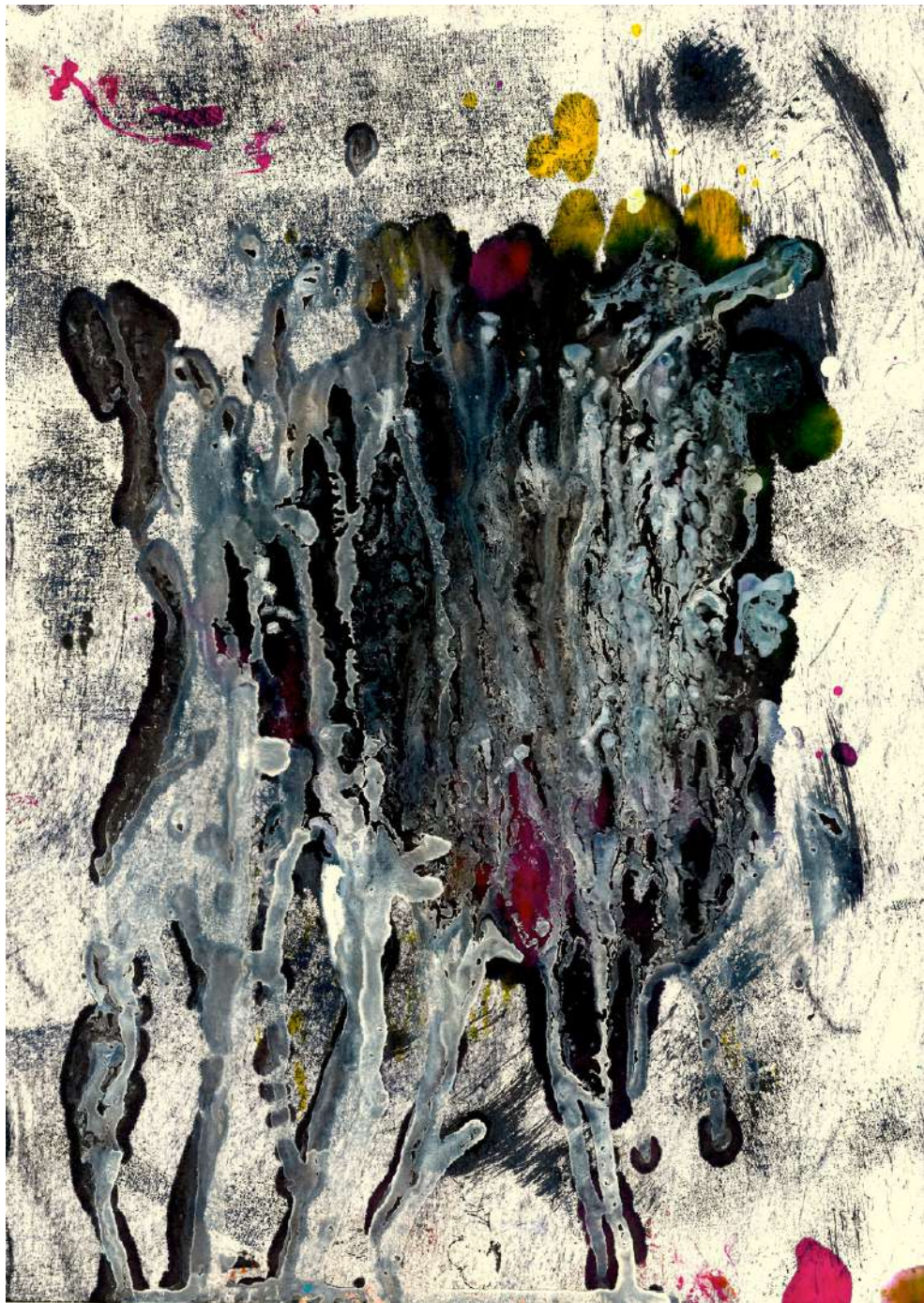


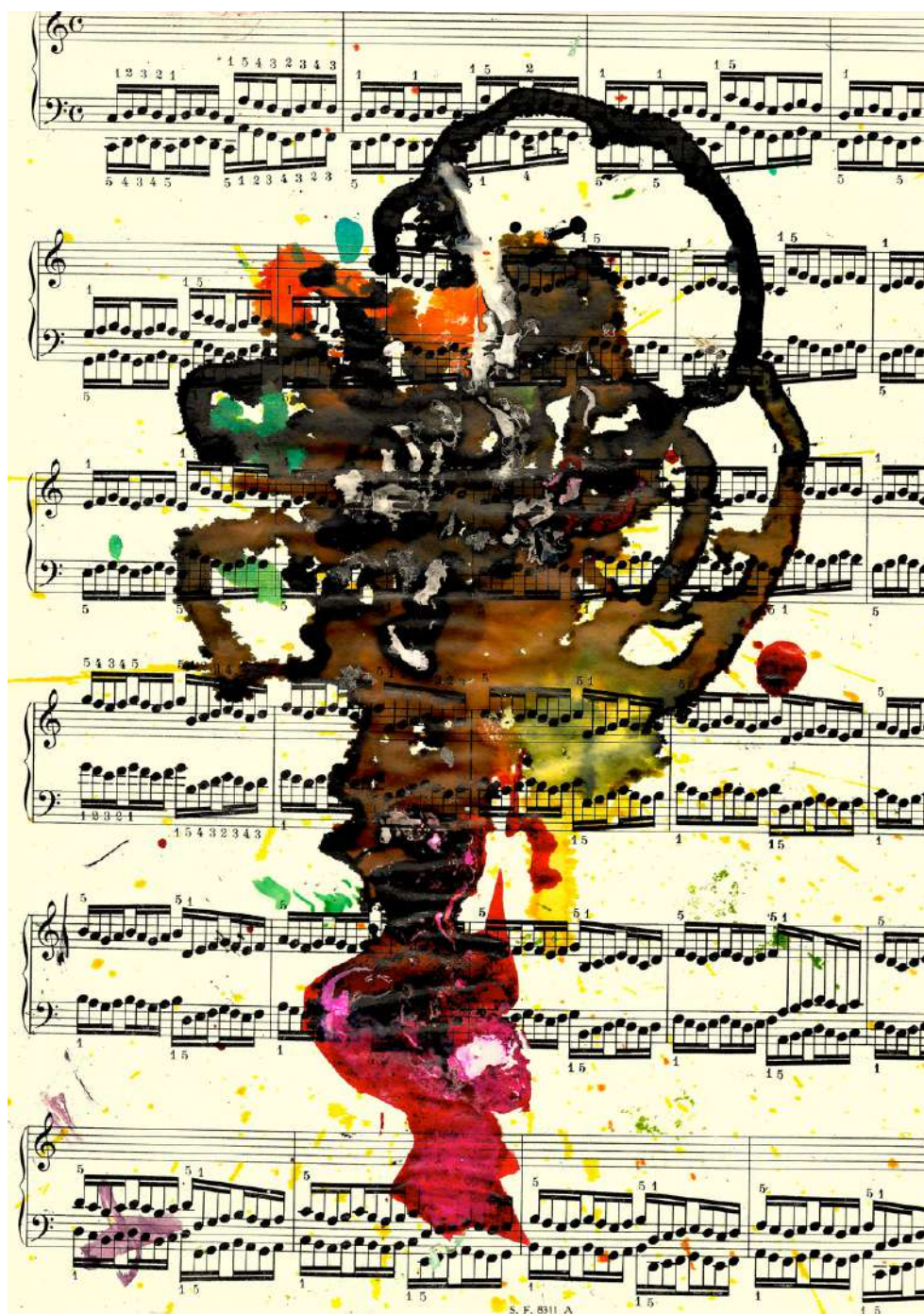


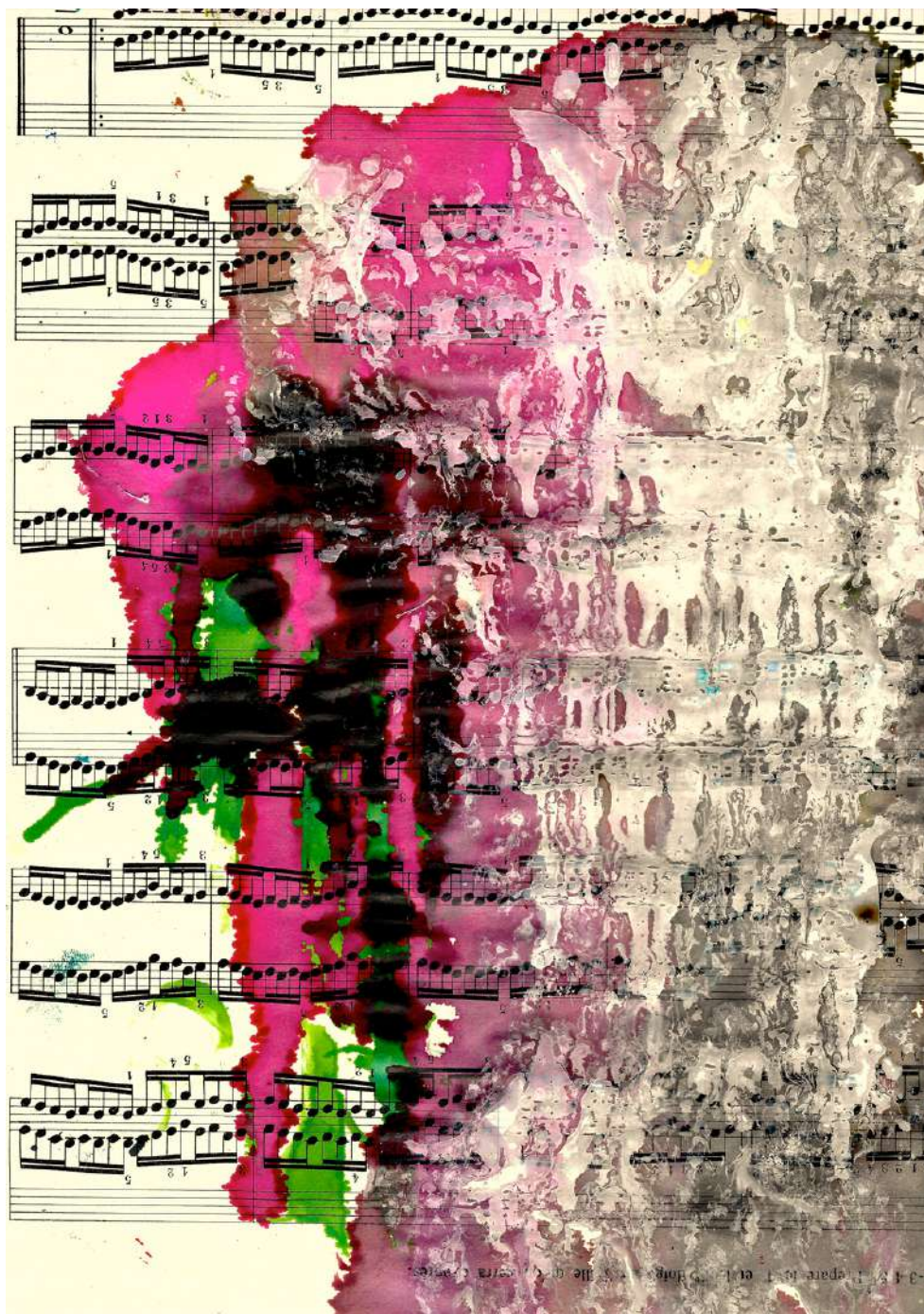


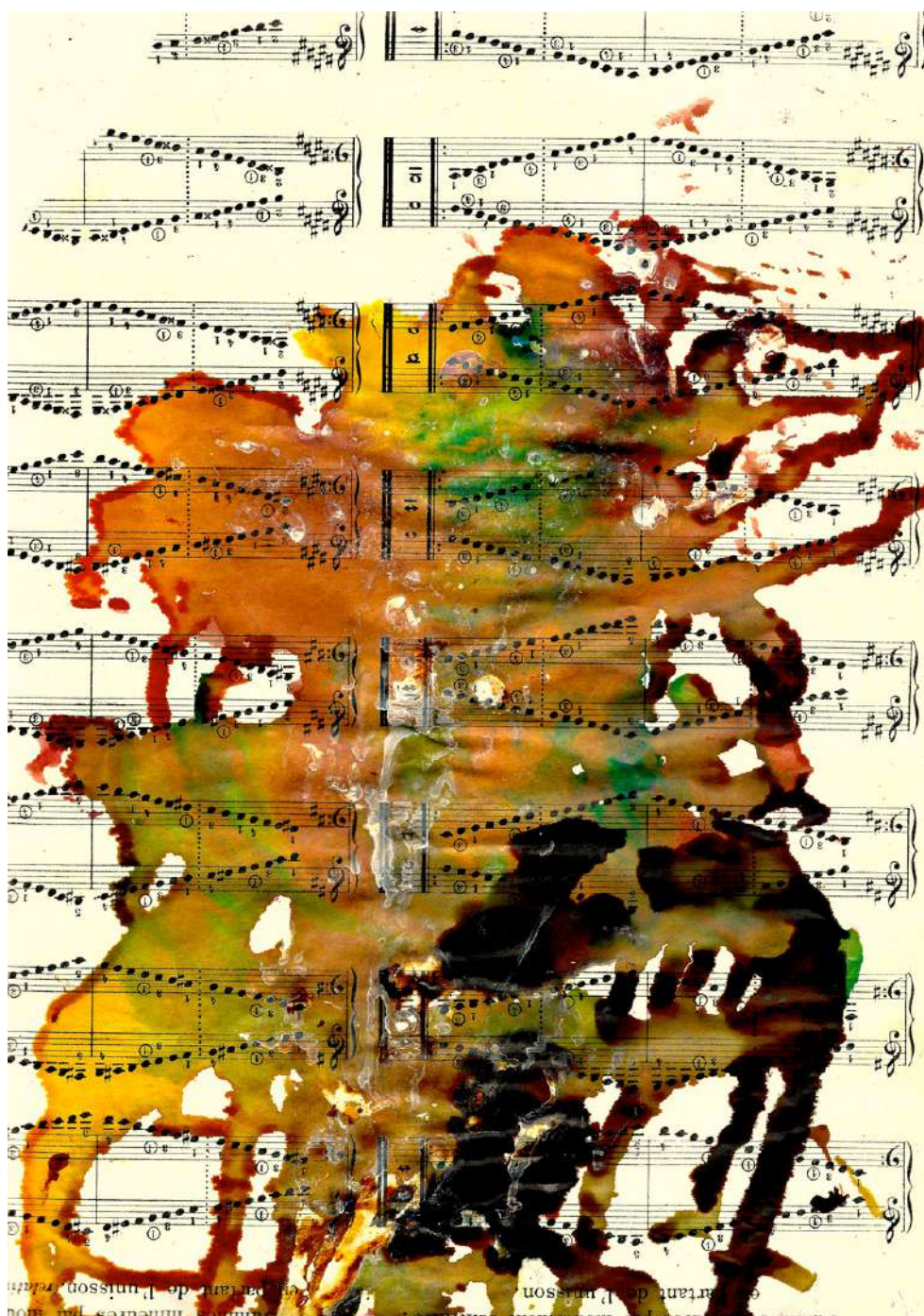
H-15196

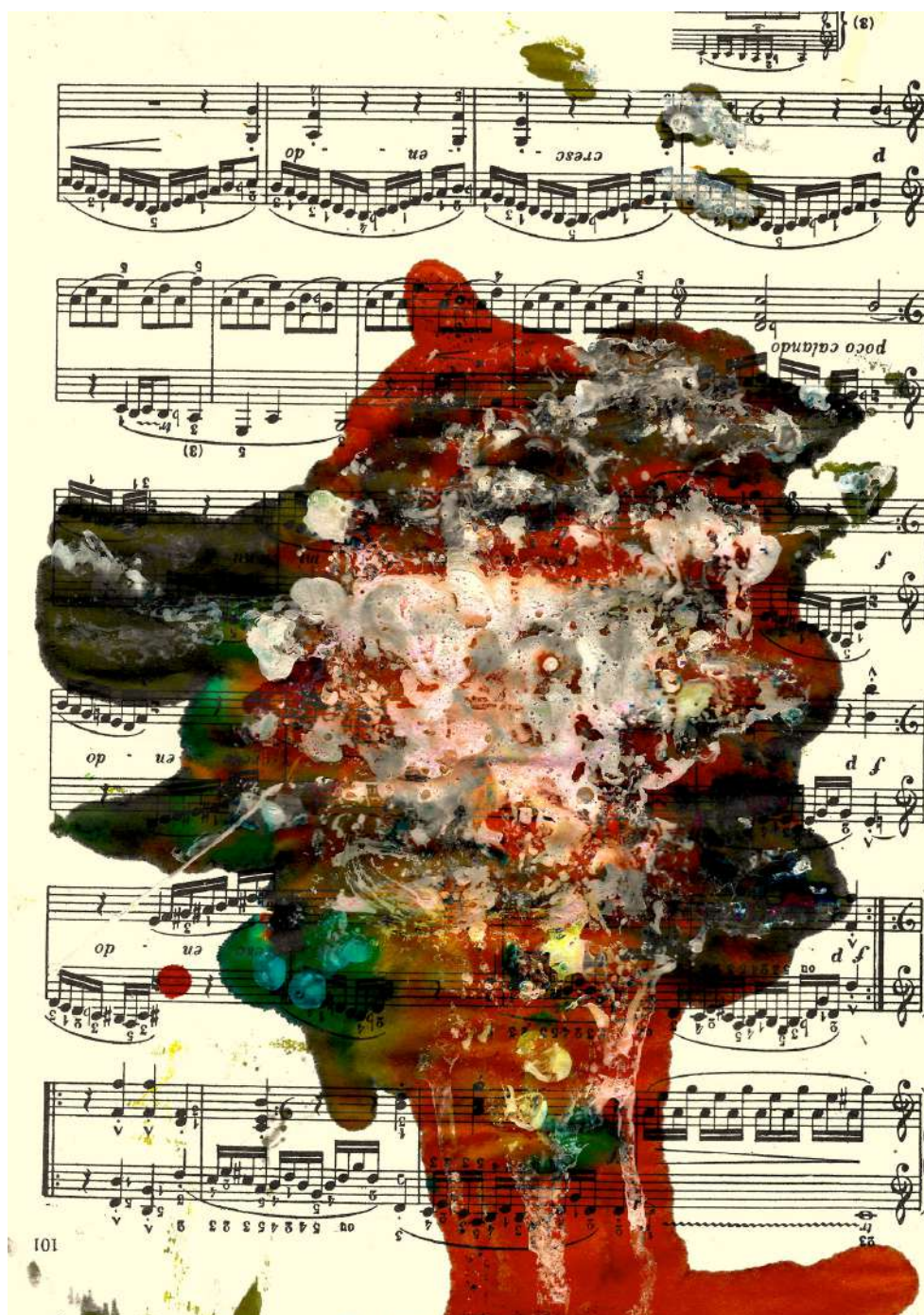
- | | |
|----|--|
| 9 | La syncope doit être soulignée par un geste ininterrompu, par exemple en tapant du pied sur les temps syncopestés marqués d'un signe rythmique en re les portées. |
| 10 | L'armure de la clef est l'un. |
| 14 | Pour faire ressortir les possibilités d'expression de la musique—contrairement à l'opinion en vogue après la guerre—les diverses phrases de cette mélodie forment alternativement des questions et des réponses. Nous recommandons à l'élève chanter ce morceau par deux élèves (ou deux groupes d'élèves) avant de le travailler. |
| 22 | Imitation : la seconde voix commence plus tard et est semblable à la première. |
| 23 | Interversion : la position des deux voix est inversée, en sorte que la voix supérieure devient l'inférieure et vice versa. Les intervalles 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 contiennent la position originale. |
| 25 | Les autres mesures. |
| 28 | Canon : deux voix identiques, l'une commençant plus tôt que l'autre, mais l'autre commençant plus tard que la première. Les intervalles 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 contiennent la position originale. |
| 29 | Imitation en octave : la seconde voix est à l'octave de la première. |
| 30 | Voilà la note du No. 28. L'autre va dans une direction opposée. |
| 32 | Mode d'entrée : un des modes de l'octave. |
| 34 | Mode phrygien : autre mode de l'octave. |
| 36 | Voilà la note du No. 28. L'autre va dans une direction opposée. |

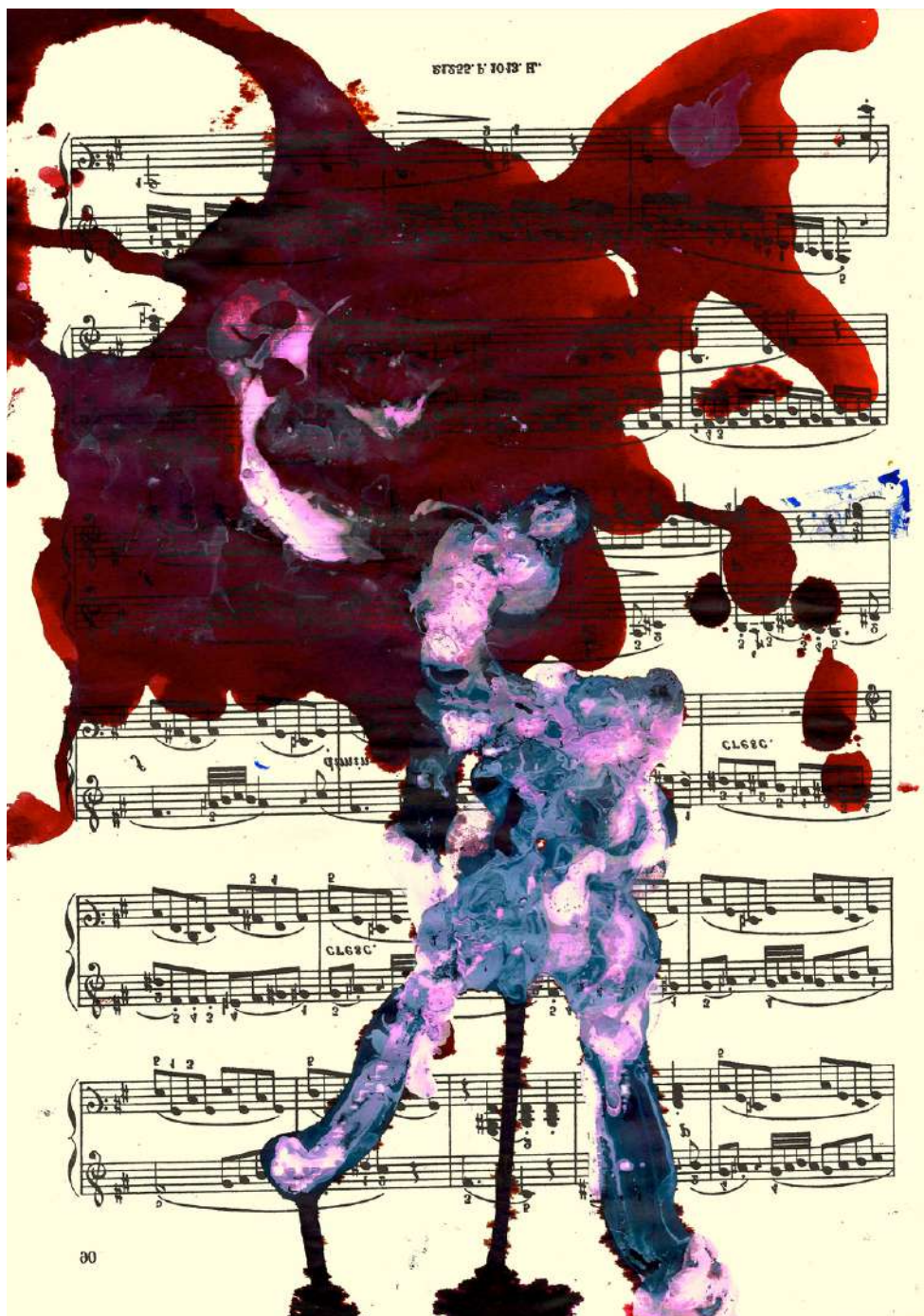












Imitation and Inversion
Imitation et inversion
Nachahmung und Umkehrung

The image shows a page from a musical score, page 18, titled "Imitation and Inversion" in English, French, and German. The score is for piano, written in 2/4 time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked as quarter note = 150. The score consists of five systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The music features various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *sf* (sforzando). A large, abstract painting is overlaid on the score, featuring a central, textured, green and blue form that resembles a stylized tree or a large, organic shape. The painting uses thick, expressive brushstrokes and is accented with bright yellow and blue circular spots. The overall composition is a blend of classical music and modern abstract art.

[57 sec.]

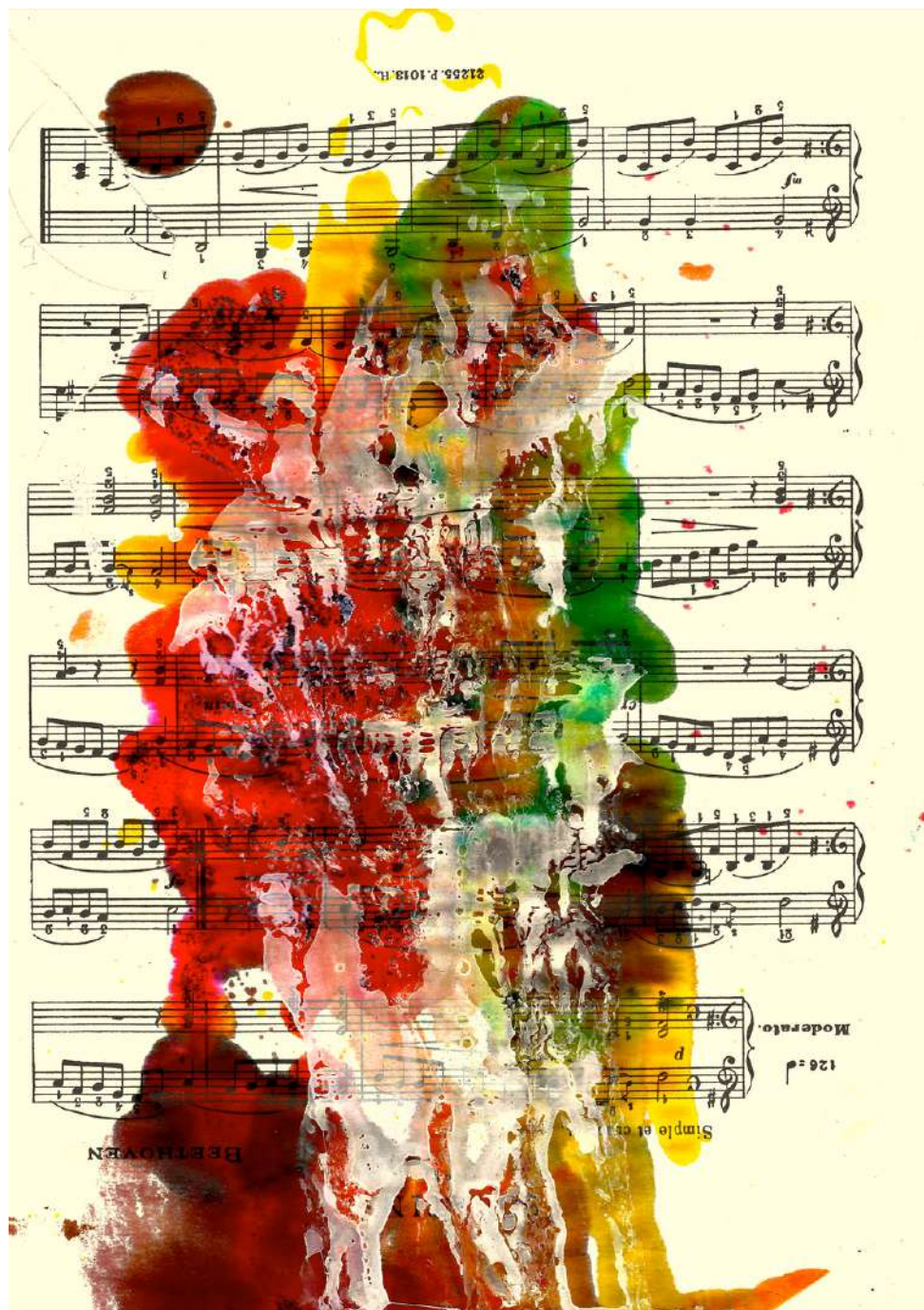
H. 15196

SCHERZO (N° 2)

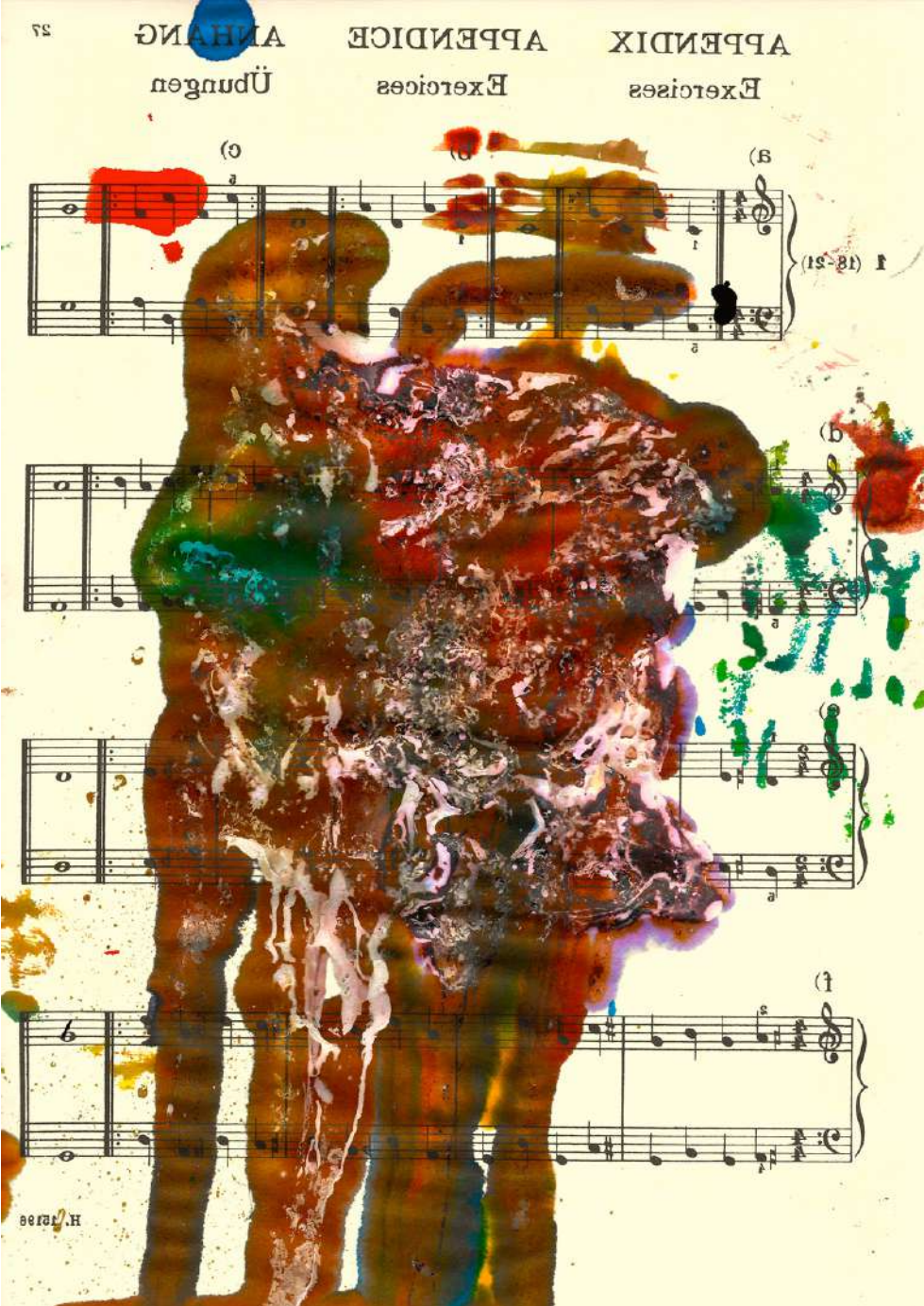
Vif, enjoué, gracieux.

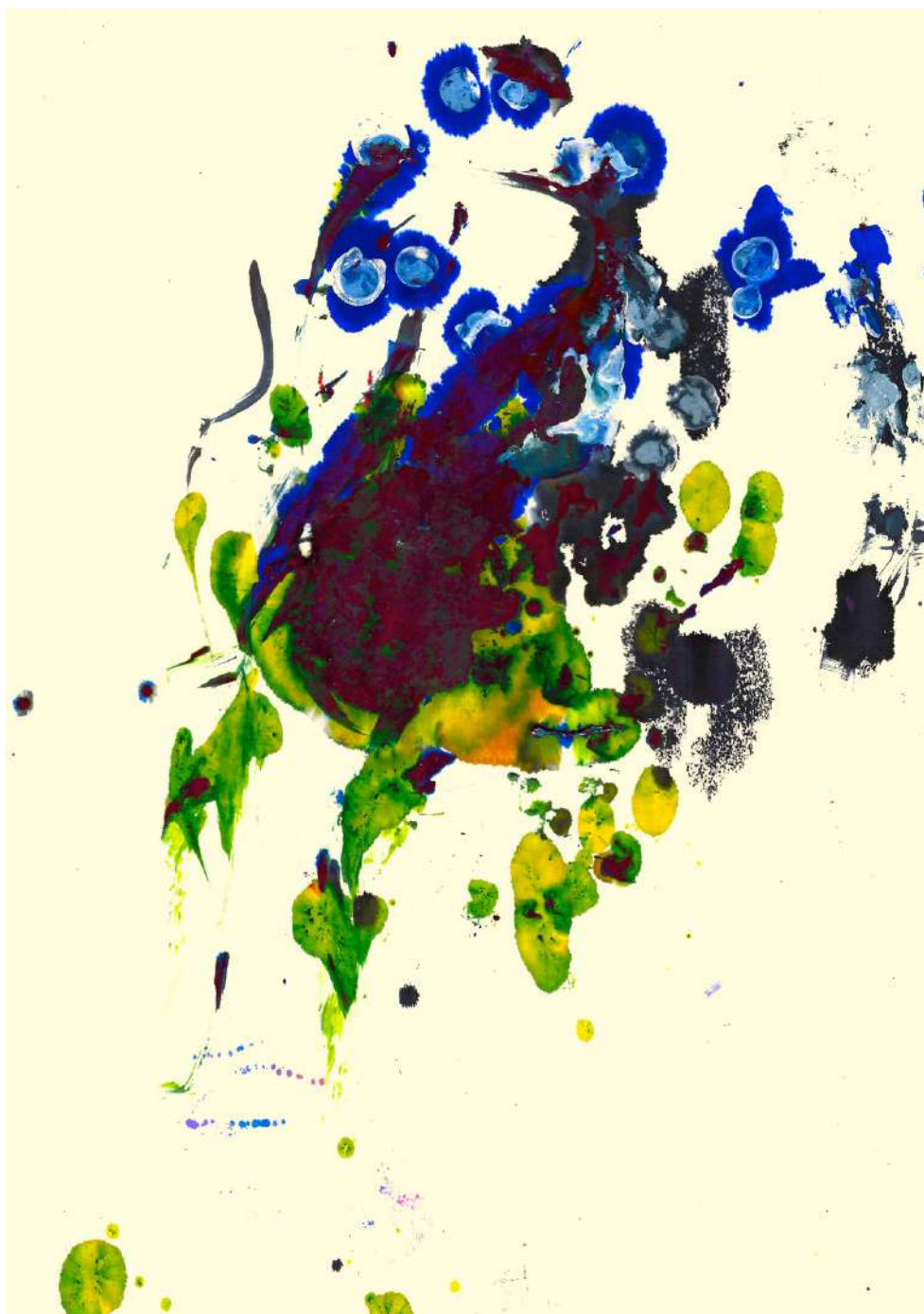
Allegro.

The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "SCHERZO (N° 2)". The tempo is marked "Allegro." and the character is "Vif, enjoué, gracieux." The score is written for piano, with a treble and bass clef. The first system includes a tempo marking of 120. The score is heavily obscured by a large, irregular ink blot in red and blue, which covers the middle and lower portions of the page. The blot is composed of various shades of red, blue, and black ink, creating a complex, abstract pattern. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "p" (piano) and "f" (forte). The page number "67" is visible in the top right corner. At the bottom of the page, there is a small number "2126" and the text "H. L.".









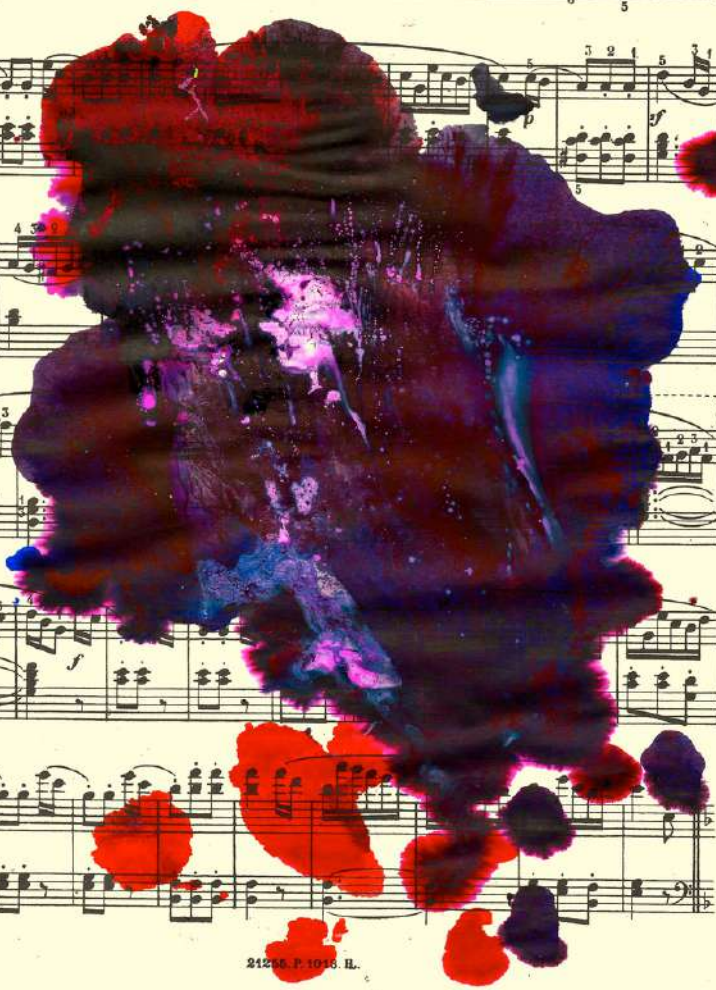
RONDO-VIVACE.

KULHAU.

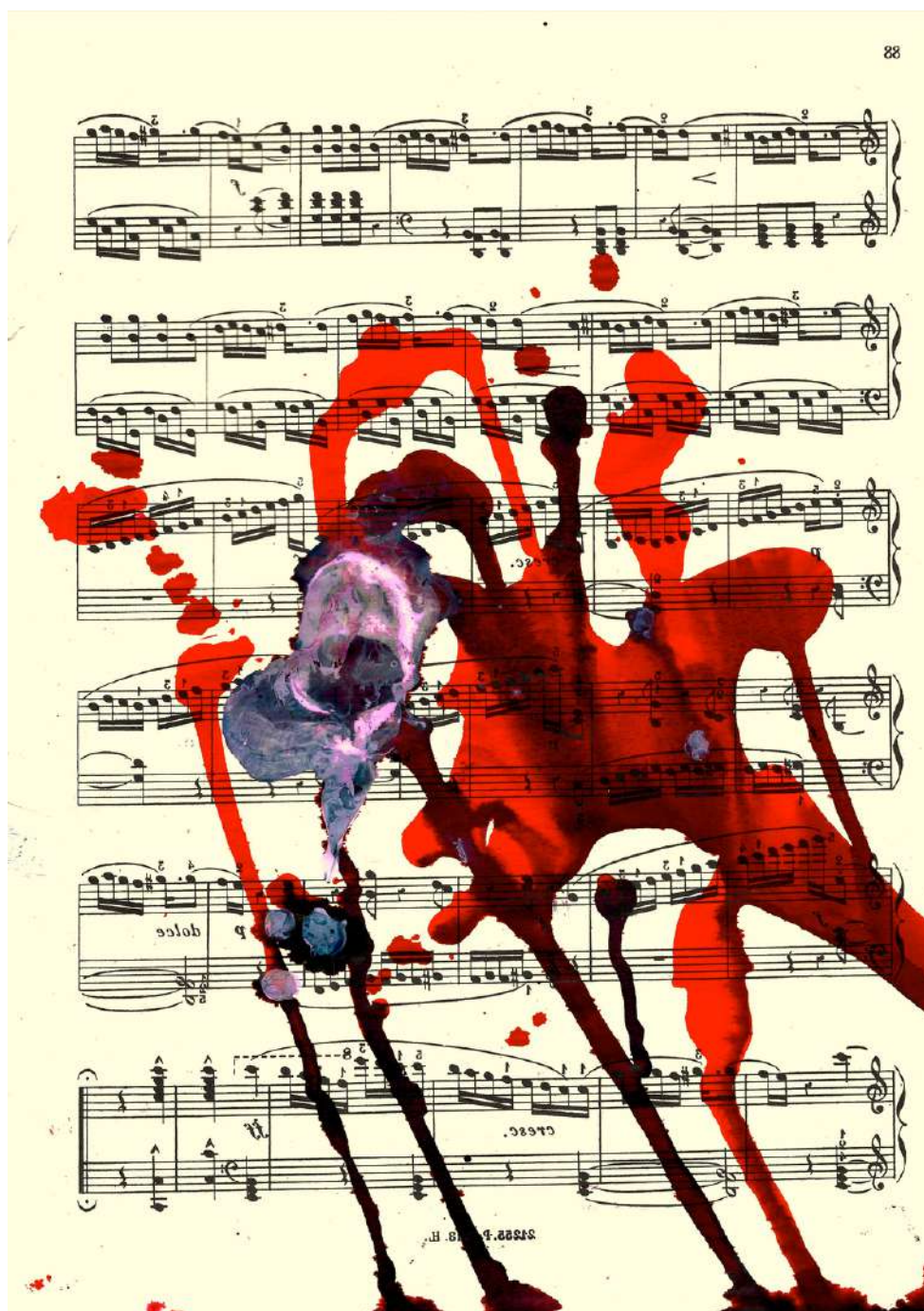
Vit et t^{es} gaïment.

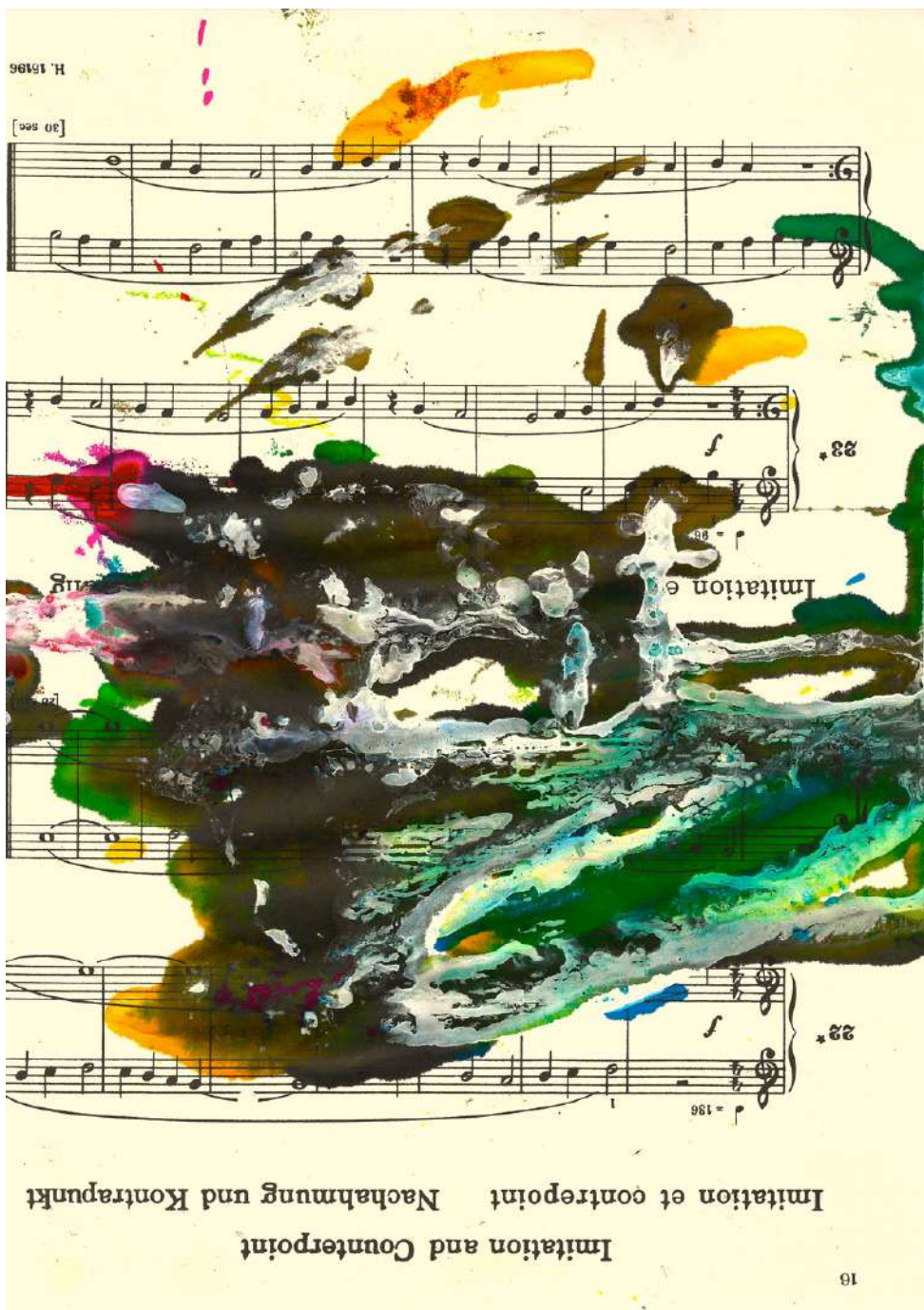
192 =  *p*

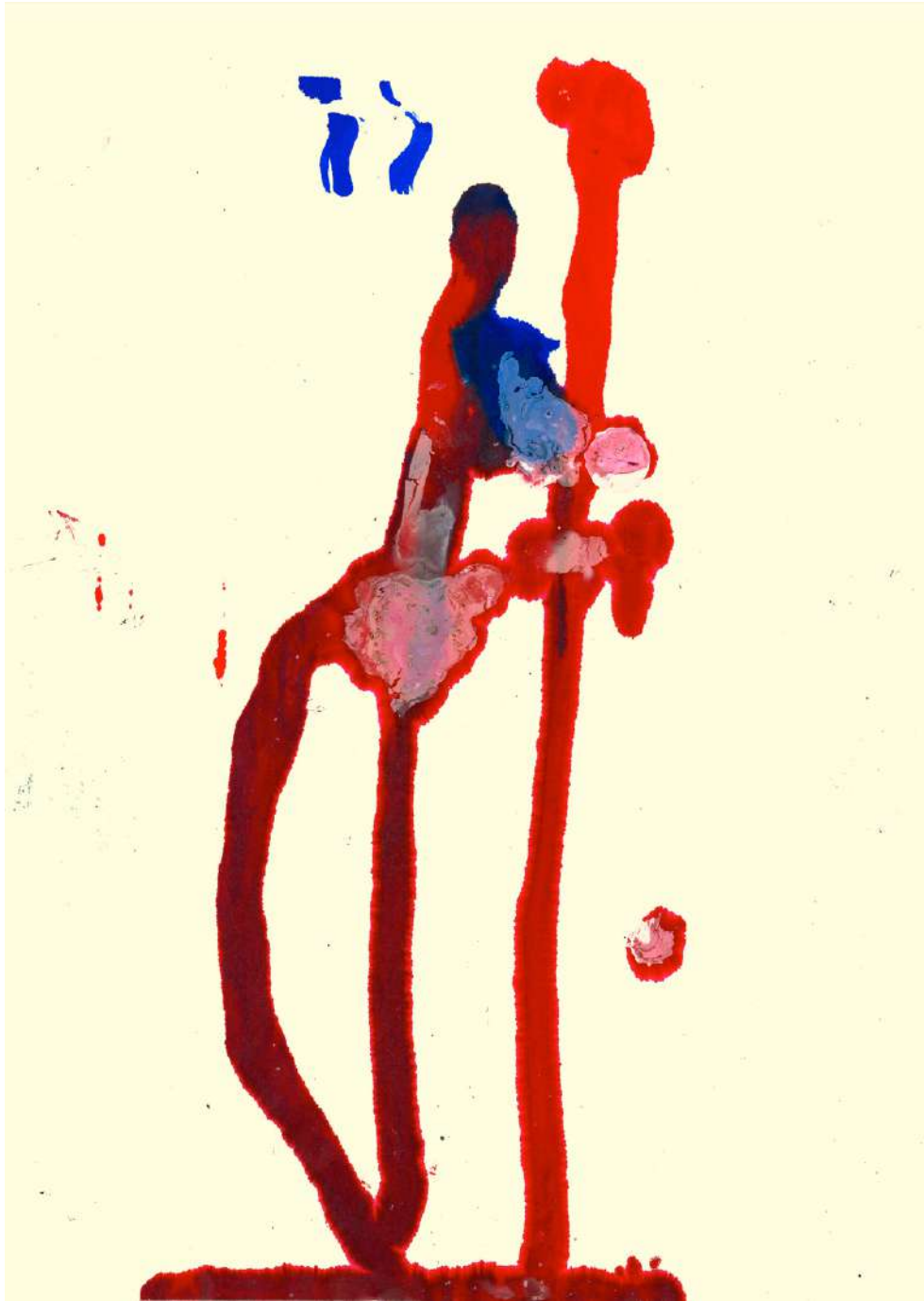
Allegroissimo

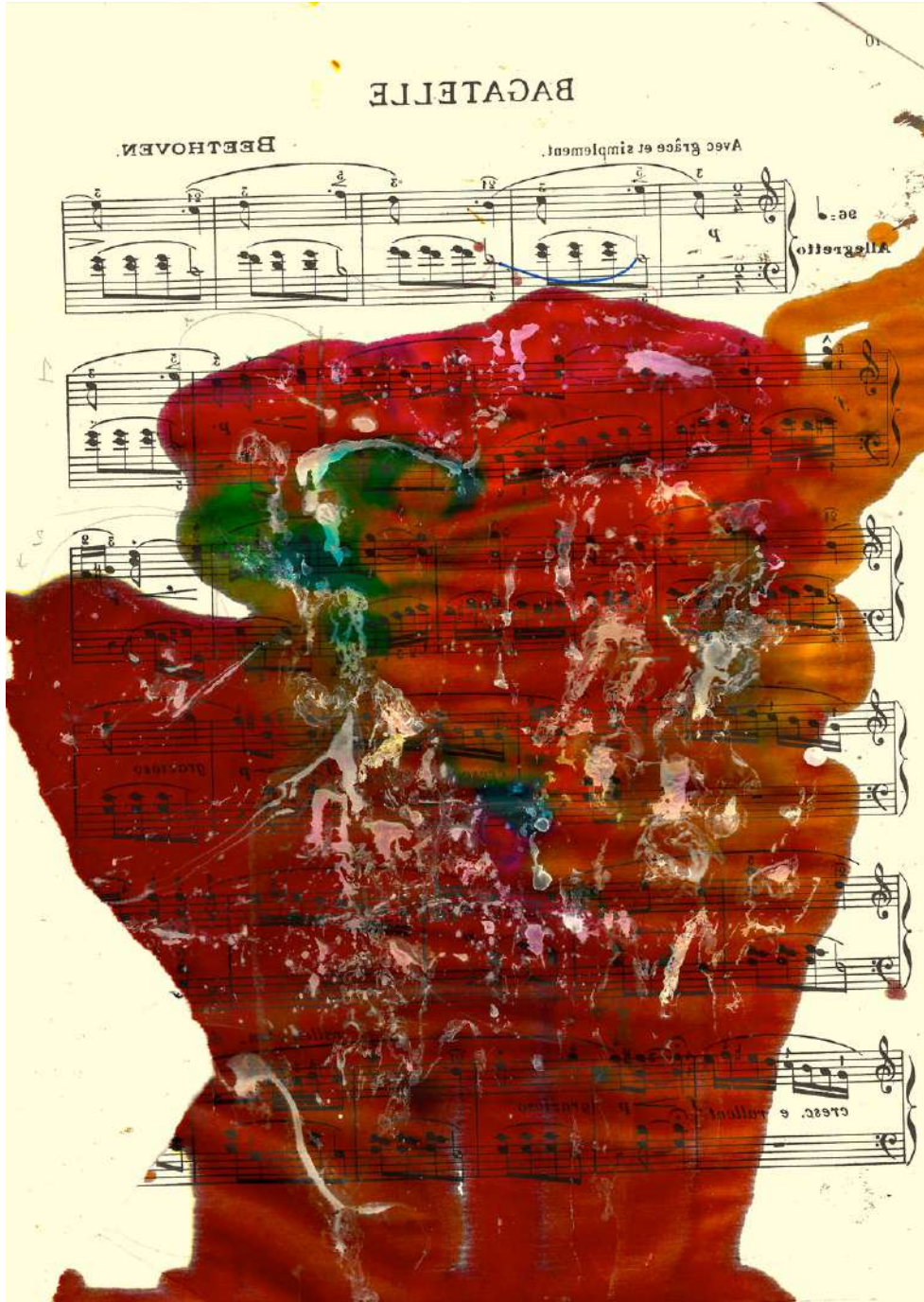


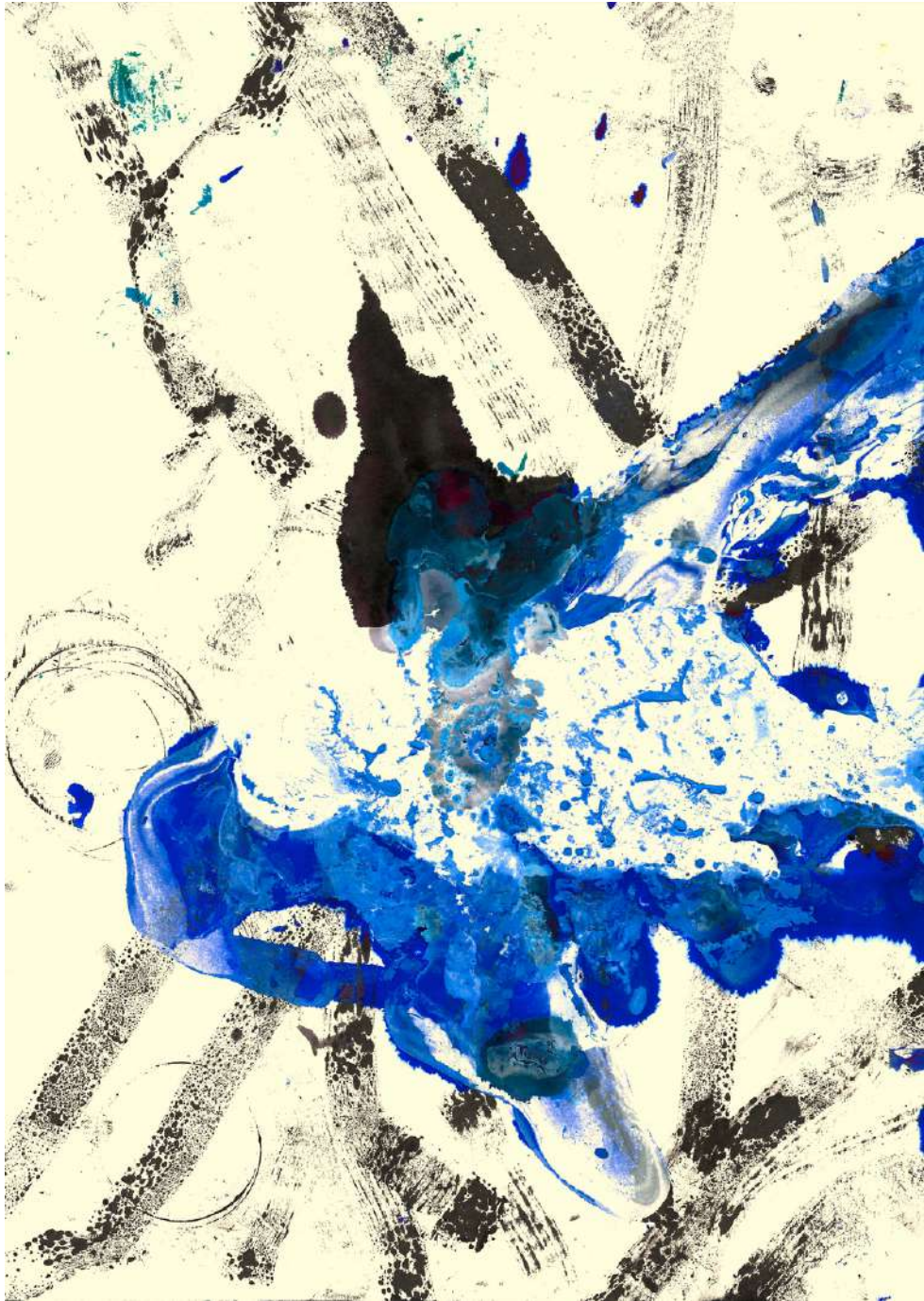
21255. P. 1016. H.



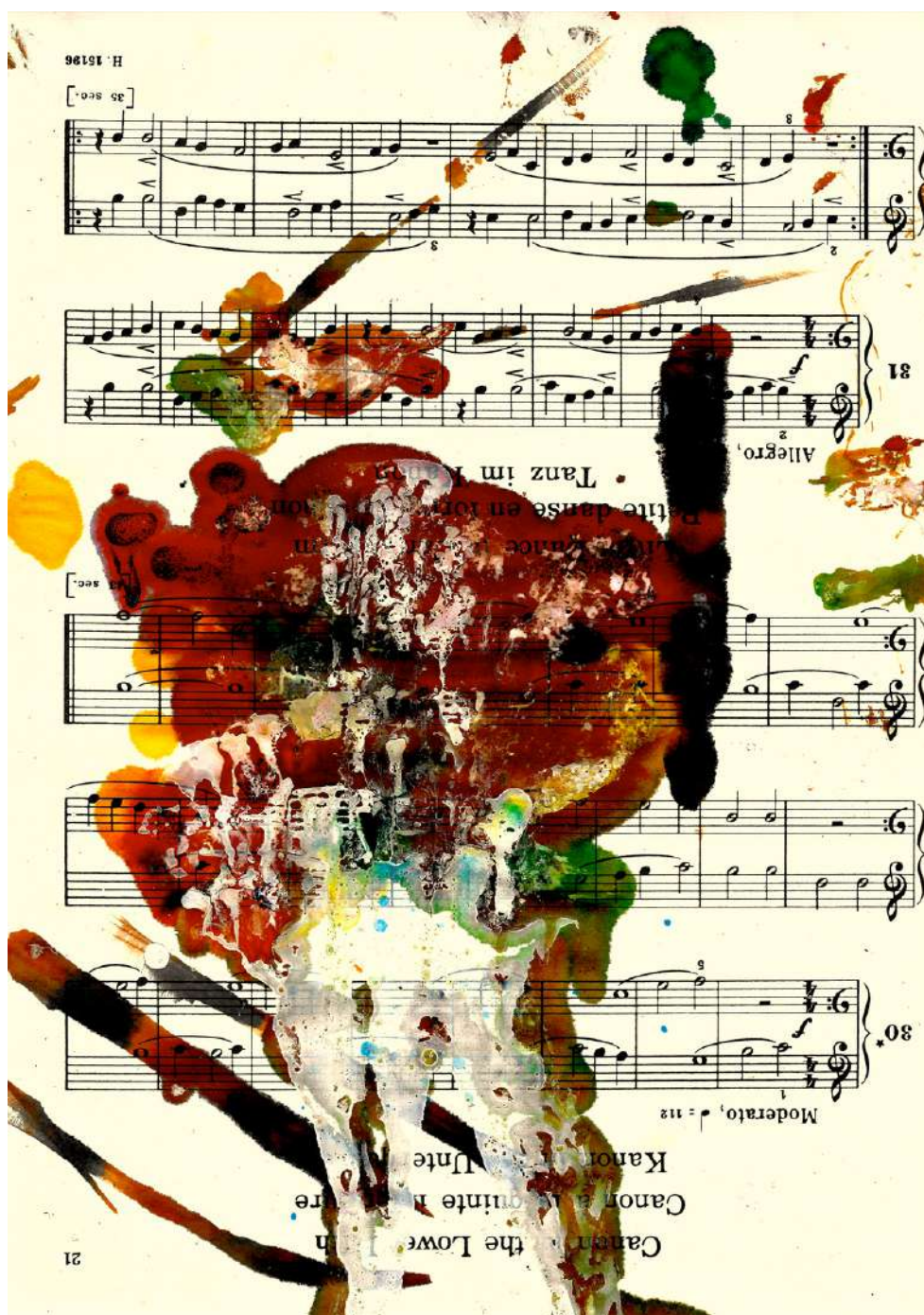




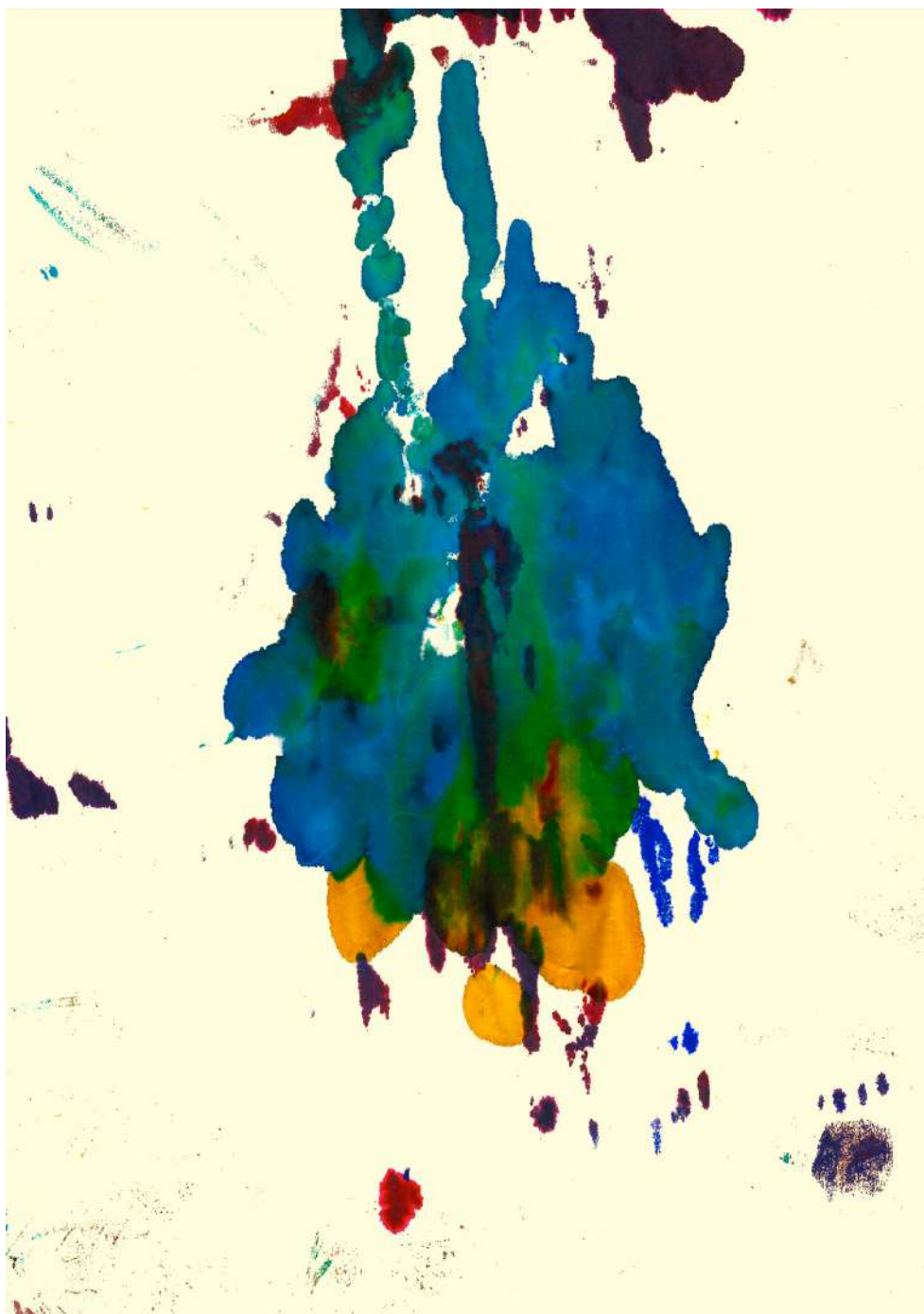


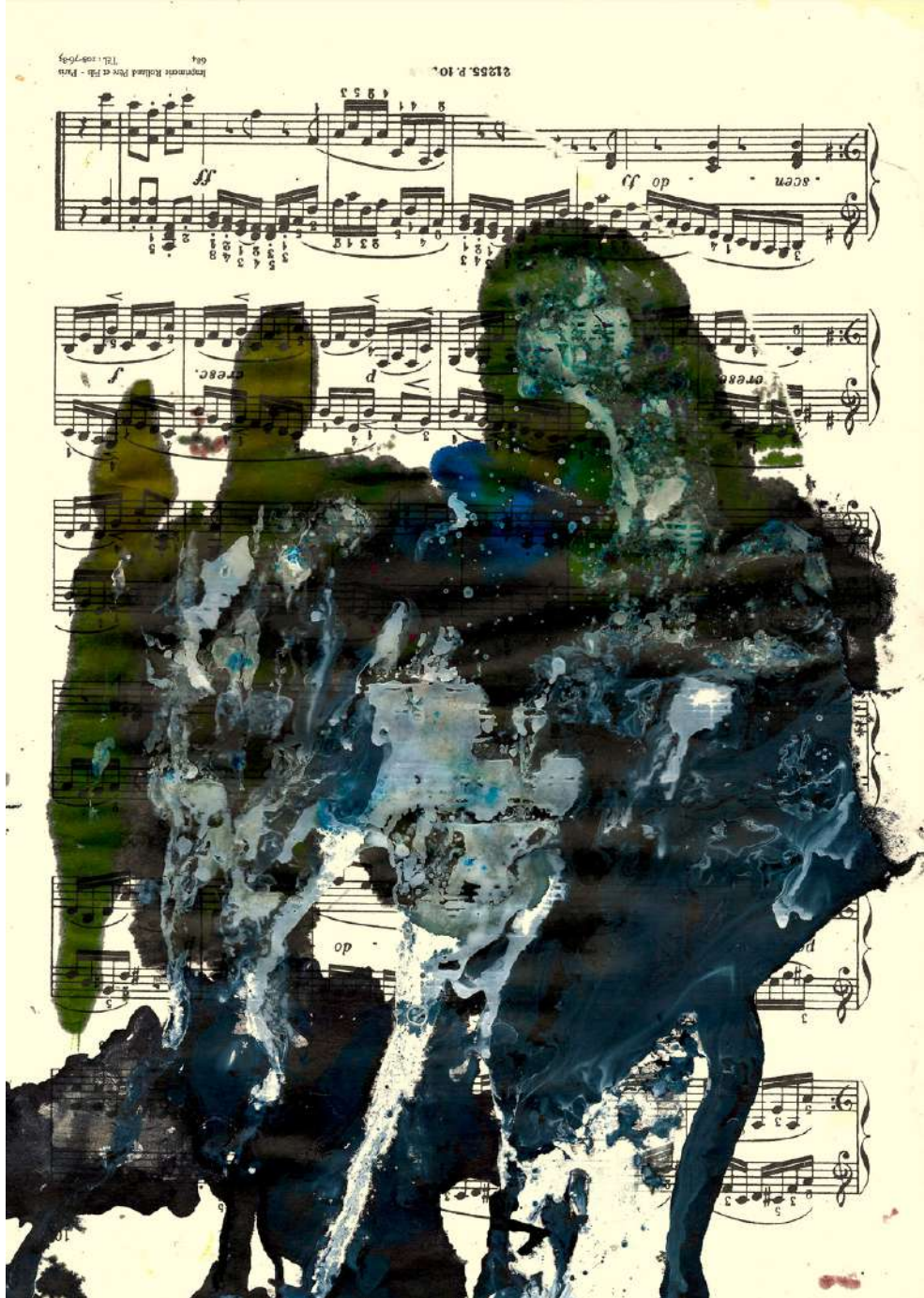


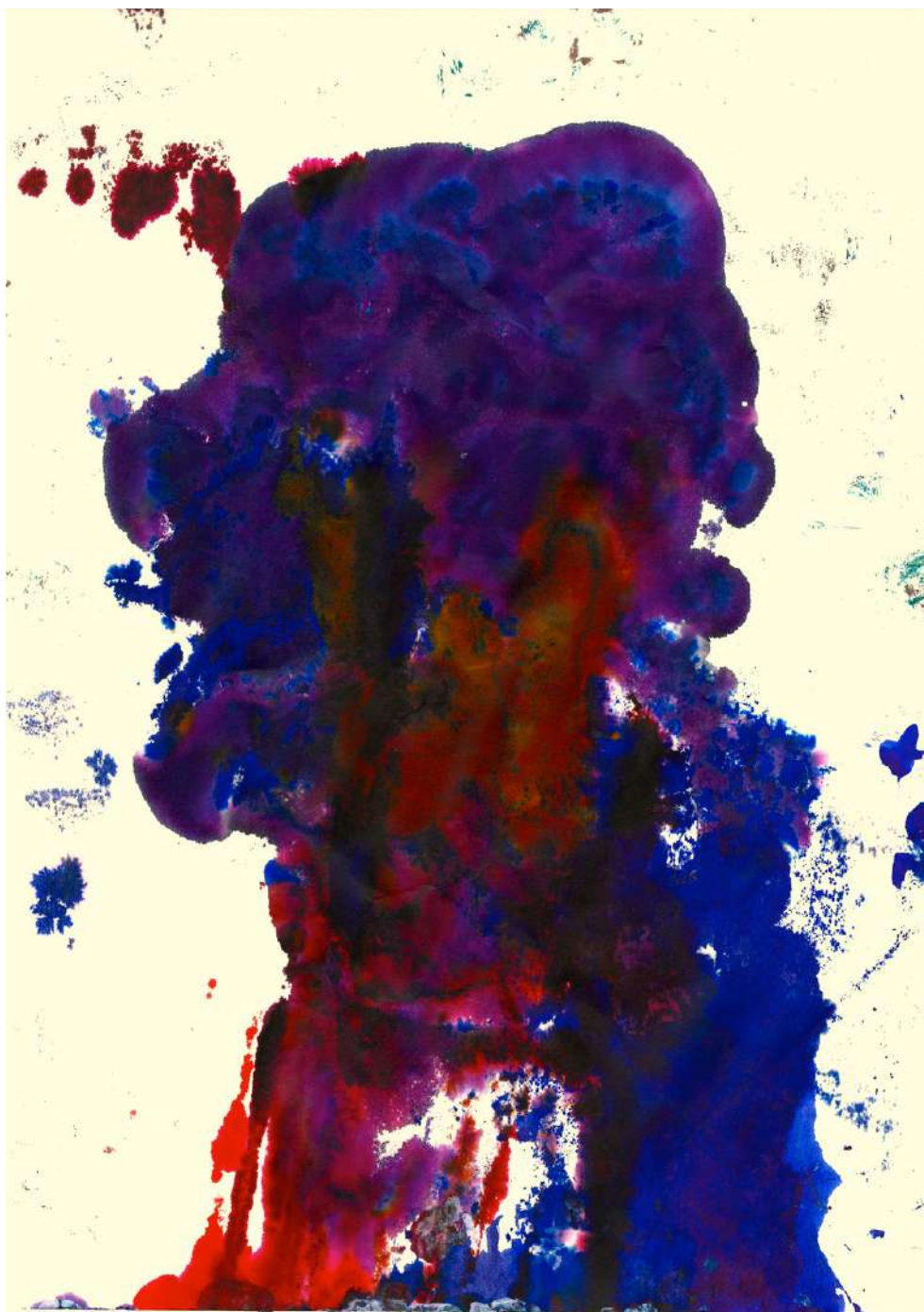


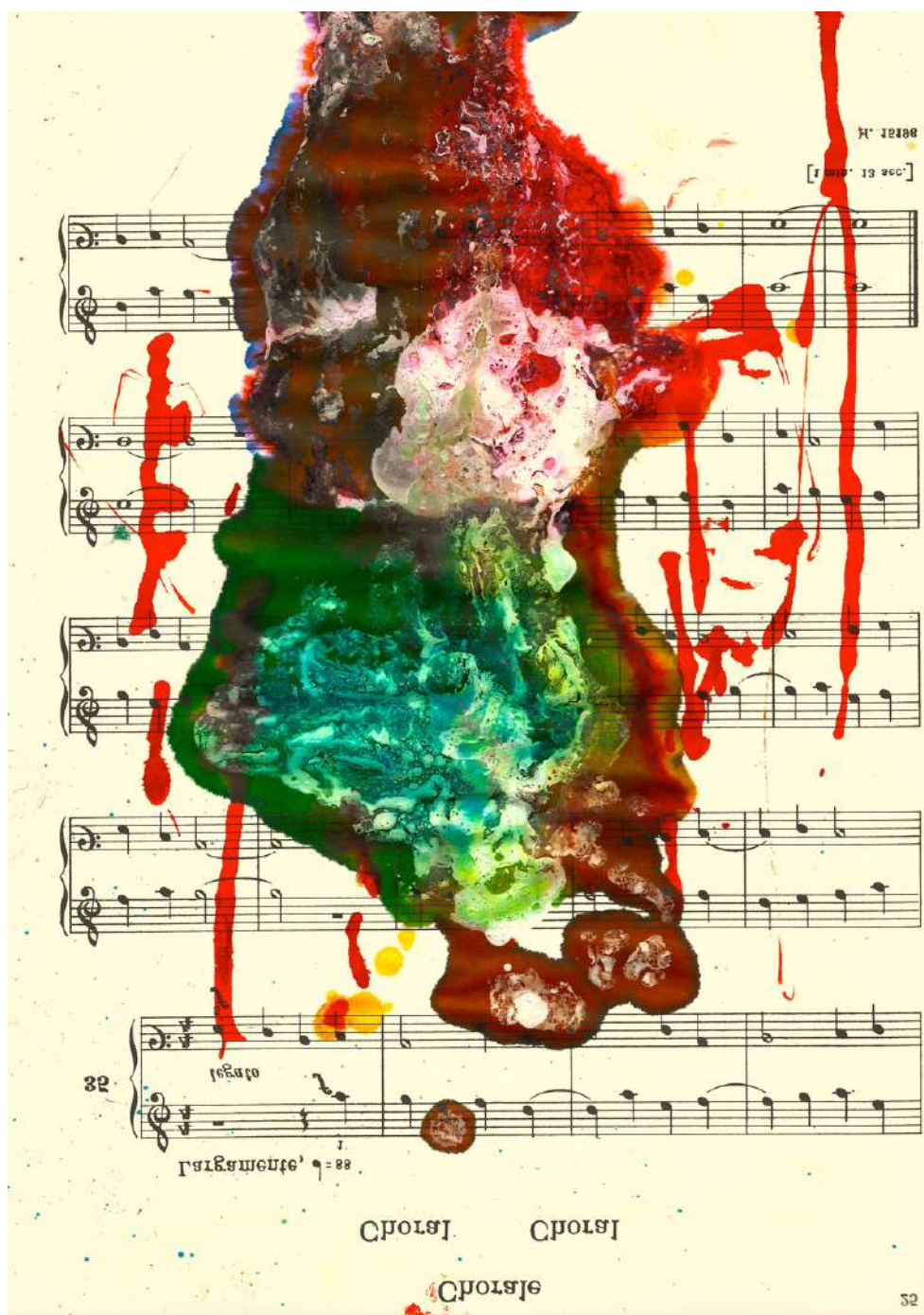














H. 15196

1) et. No. 2

[33 rec.]

24

Syncope

Syncope (Anbindung)

[30 rec.]

26

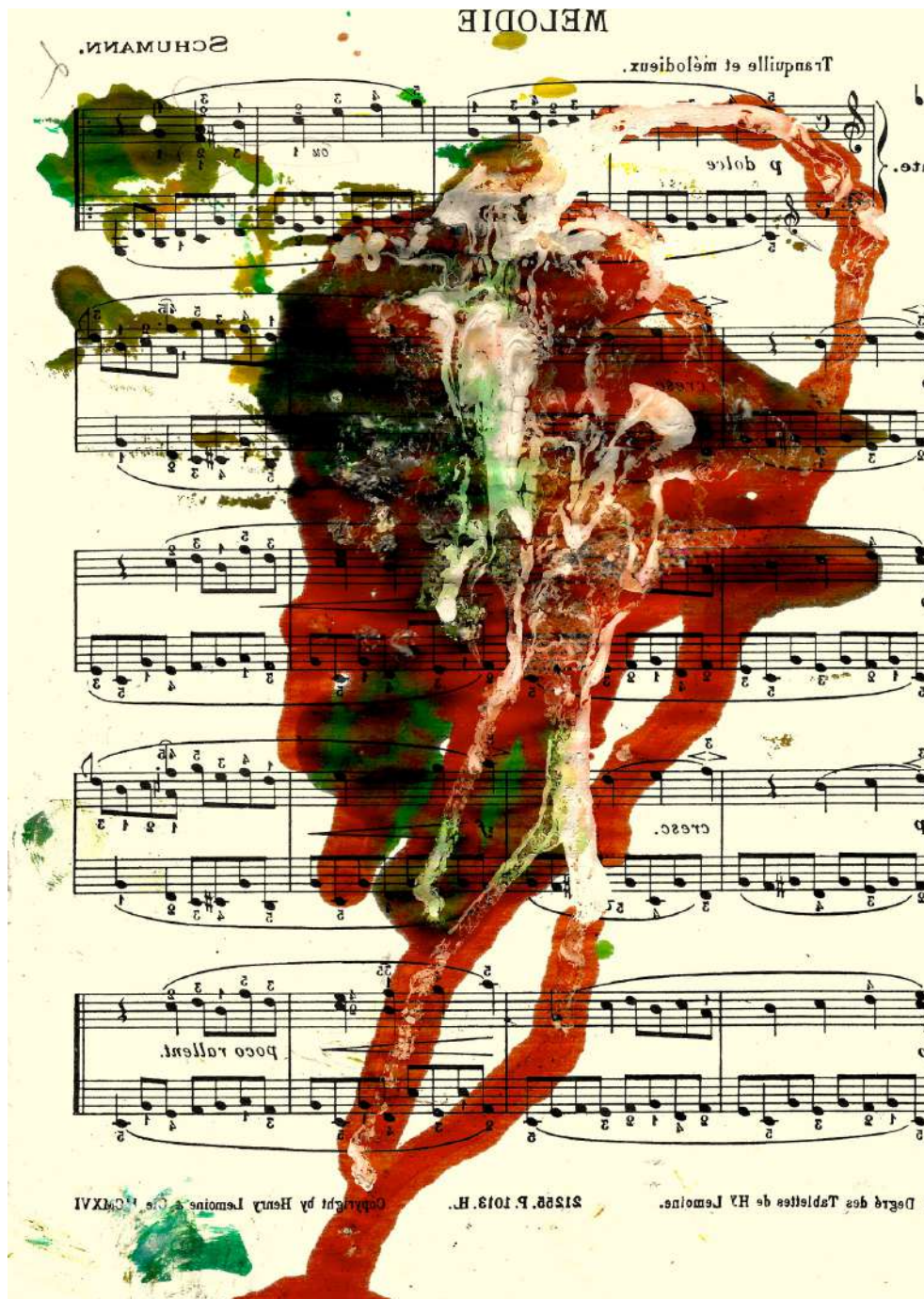
Repetition

Repetition

Tonwiederholung

19

The image shows a page from a musical manuscript, identified by the number 'H. 15196' in the top left. The page contains three systems of musical staves. The first system is at the top, followed by a second system, and then a third system at the bottom. The staves are filled with musical notation, including notes, rests, and bar lines. Large, expressive watercolor washes in shades of green and blue are applied over the staves, partially obscuring the musical notation. The washes are most prominent in the center and right side of the page. Various annotations are present: '1) et. No. 2' is written in the top right; '[33 rec.]' is written below the first system; '24' is written to the right of the second system; 'Syncope' and 'Syncope (Anbindung)' are written in the center; '[30 rec.]' is written below the third system; '26' is written to the right of the third system; 'Repetition' and 'Tonwiederholung' are written at the bottom; and the page number '19' is in the bottom left corner.





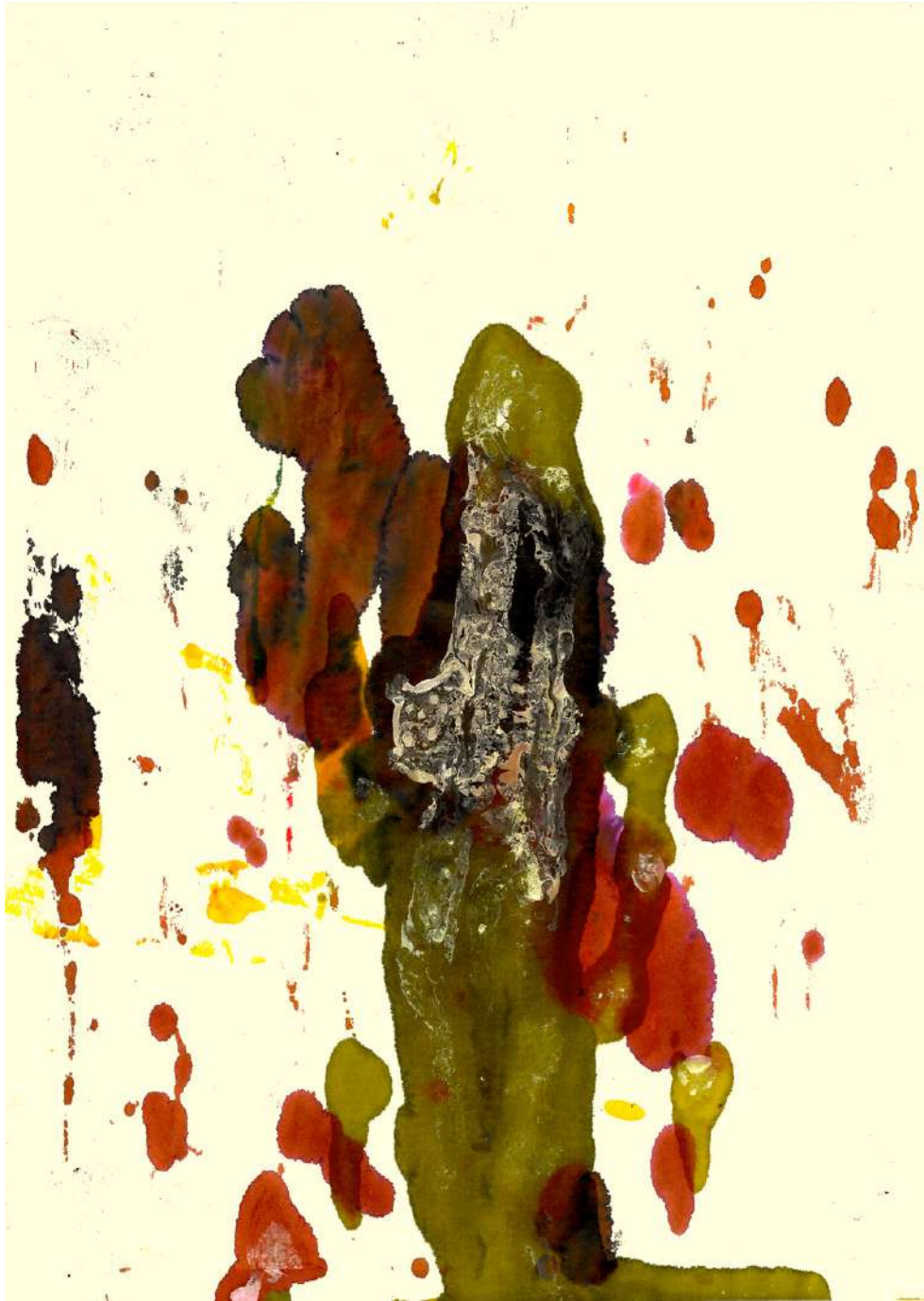
INDEX

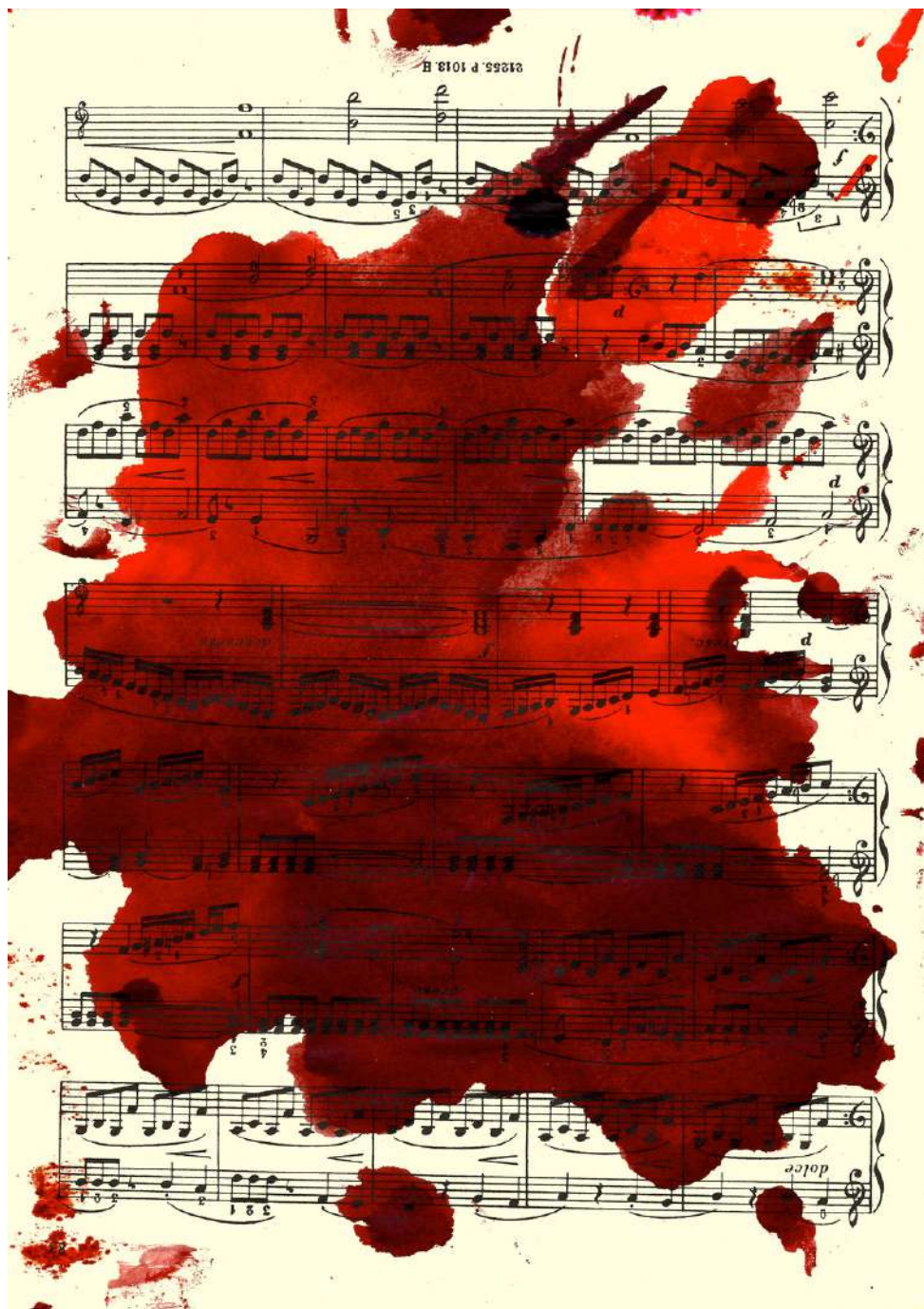
VOL. I.

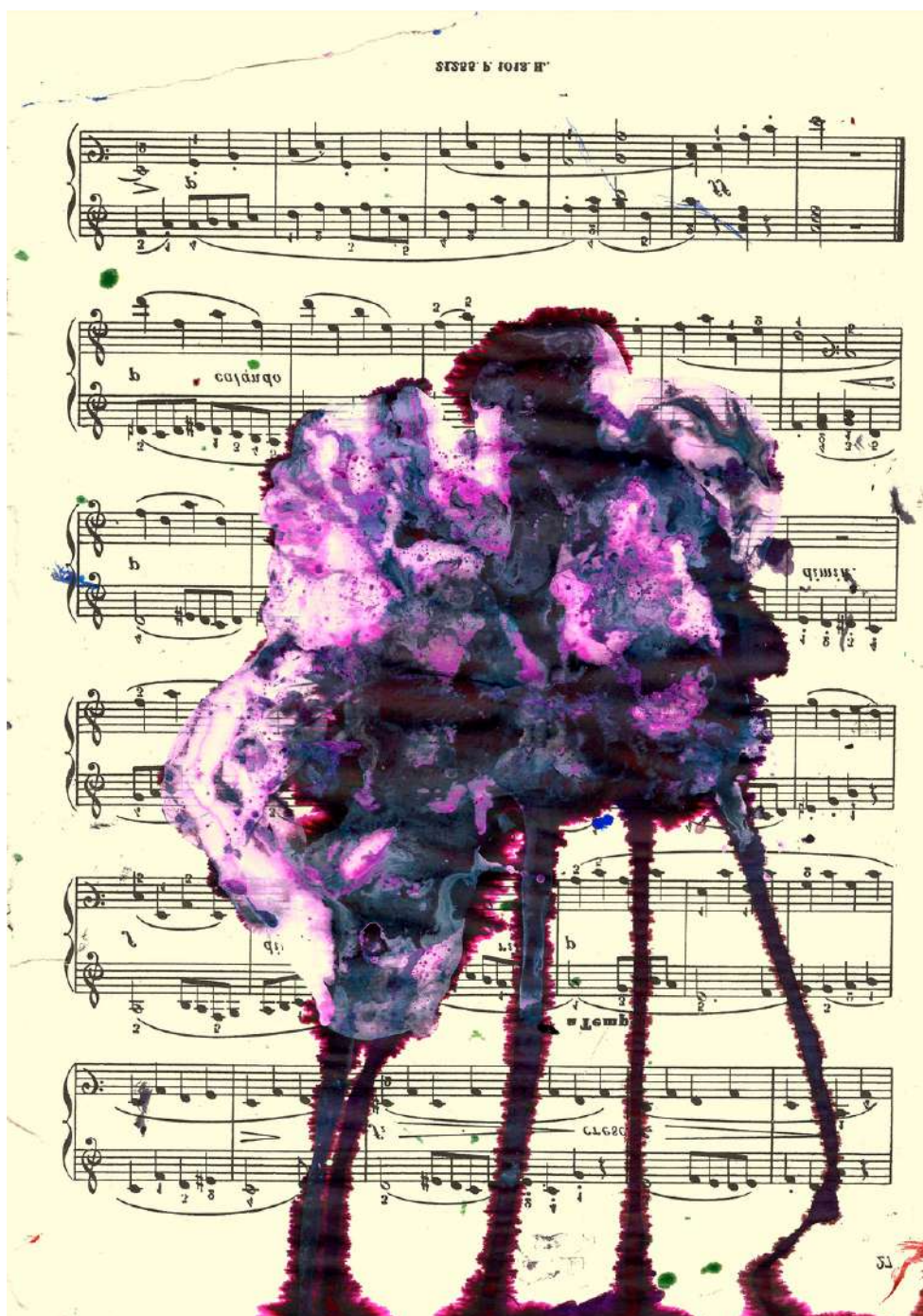
Preface	Préface	/	Vorwort	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
1. Unison Melody	Mélodie à l'unisson	/	Unisono	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
2. Unison Melody	Mélodie à l'unisson	/	Unisono	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
3. Unison Melody	Mélodie à l'unisson	/	Unisono	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
4. Unison Melody	Mélodie à l'unisson	/	Unisono	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
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